St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

VOL. XXXI. ST. LOUIS, MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 25, 1882. NO. 96.

No. 3 Tyler's Commercial Desk, Closed. 85 Compartments.

No. 3 Tyler's Commercial Desk, Open. 85 Compartments.

OFFICE FURNITURE.

TYLERS PORTABLE COMMERCIAL DESK. TELESCOPE CYLINDER. NO SLIDING TABLE.

Eighty-five compartments large and easy of access. Pigeonholes 13 inches deep, absolutely the handsomest, finest and most perfect business desk ever built. See catalogues. Also, the celebrated Boston Roll Top desks in all styles. Also, hundreds of other styles of Desks, Tables, Office Chairs, Book Cases, etc., etc. Largest assortment of Office Furniture carried by any one house in the United States. Our 36-page catalogue, representing some 400 articles of Office Furniture, sent free on receipt of address, the demand for which has been so great that we are forced to publish a second edition.

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Manufacturers of Office Furniture. Warerooms 412 and 414 Pine St., St. Louis.

MELLIER'S RETAIL DEPARTMENT.

Prescriptions Carefully Prepared by Graduates in Pharmacy. Fancy Goods, Toilet Articles, Soaps, Sponges, Etc.

FINE OLD WHISKIES AND CHOICE WINES AMD BRANDIES OF OUR OWN IMPORTATION FOR FAMILY USE.

709 AND 711 WASHINGTON AVENUE.

"OAKES" CANDIES.

The only place in St. Louis to purchase these Celebrated Confections, under the name of OAKES, 412 OLIVE ST. See portrait in show window.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

THE BEST SELECTED STOCK OF

Axminster, Moquette, Body Brussels, Tapestry Brussels and Ingrain Carpets, Curtains and Upholstery Goods,

AT

F. W. ROSENTHAL & CO.,

410 AND 412 N. FOURTH ST.

Archambeault & Cavanaugh,

511 North Fourth Street,

Are now ready for the Fall Trade with the choicest line of Fancy Dry Goods ever shown in St. Louis.

Our Dress and Cloak Trimming Department

Is overflowing with novelties in Braids, Loops, Ornaments, Fourageres, Plain, Satin Cord and Velvet Passementeries, Black Silk and Cashmere Embroideries. Lowest prices guaranteed.

In Our Lace Department

Will be found all the new things in black, white and cream Trimming Laces, Fichus, Scarfs and every description of Ladies' Neck Wear. Bargains in this line: 100 dozen Spotted Mull Fichus at 25 cts., worth 50 cts. 75 dozen 3 rows, Hand Embroidered Collars, 50 cts. each, worth from $1.00 to $2.00 each. Black and cream Spanish, Spanish Guipure and Real Guipure Lace.

Kid Glove Department.

The new Terra Cotta shades in Button, Hook and Mousquetaires, from 4 to 12 button lengths. Special: 10 button length Mousquetaires $1.50 per pair. We fit all our kid gloves to the hand; satisfaction warranted.

Buttons,

We show the greatest variety of new styles in Dress and Cloak Buttons.

Corsets.

We keep only the best makes; purchasers are therefore insured a perfect fitting and serviceable Corset.

Hoopskirts & Bustles.

The latest and most graceful shapes.

To sum up: If you wish anything in

DRESS TRIMMINGS, LACES, GLOVES, BUTTONS, CORSETS, HOOPSKIRTS AND BUSTLES,

and wish to see the

LARGEST STOCK, GREATEST VARIETY, NEWEST STYLES AND SECURE THE LOWEST PRICES,

go to

Archambeault & Cavanaugh, 511 N. 4th St.

We will have an opening of Cloaks in a few days in the new addition recently made to our store. The time will be announced through the Press

College of the Christian Brothers,

Easton Avenue and King's Highway, St. Louis.

The President and Faculty of the College of the Christian Brothers, St. Louis, beg leave to state that owing to the removal to the spacious and elegant new College, situated at Cote Brilliante, they will only be ready for the reception of students on MONDAY, THE SECOND OF OCTOBER.

The Christian Brothers have neglected nothing to make their institution complete in every particular. The building, which was erected to meet all the requirements of a boarding-school, is furnished with all the modern improvements. The grounds are extensive, affording pupils every facility for enjoyment of invigorating exercise.

Situated four miles west of the St. Louis Court-House, the location is one of the most healthy, and is noted for the salubrity of its climate, and the beauty of its suburbs.

Every facility is afforded for easy access to the College from the city. The Franklin Avenue Street Car Line passes the main entrance. The Olive Street Car Line connects with the Narrow Gauge Railroad, which has a station at the corner of Union avenue. The Wabash Railway stops at the Forest Park Station, which is only a short distance from the new building.

Persons desiring any particulars are requested to correspond with the President,

BRO. JAMES, F. S. C.,
At the Old College, Eighth and Cerre Streets, St. Louis, Mo.

J. C. KIRKBRIDE'S DRUG STORE,

3500 Olive Street, St. Louis, Mo.

Allen and Herring's English Herbs and Extracts only used; also Wilson's Select Herbs, and only Squib's Chloroform and Ergot used in Prescriptions.

A Select Stock of Hair Brushes, Combs, Soaps, Sponges, Mirrors, Perfumery, Fancy and Toilet Articles, both English and German.

Prescriptions Compounded by Graduates of Pharmacy, in English, German and French.

UNDISPUTED FACTS!

BY PURCHASING YOUR GOODS AT

LEUBRIES

You Place Your Money Where It Will Do the Most Good.

Great Bargains may be looked for this week in New Dress Goods, Silks, Velvets, Plushes and Fall Dry Goods, Blankets, Comforts, Flannels, Suits, Dresses, Cloaks, Dolmans, Circulars, etc., etc. For prices call in person or refer to locals throughout this paper. We can interest you.

Our Grand Opening of Novelties for Fall and Winter Wear, including our elegant and unrivaled assortment of French Pattern Bonnets and Round Hats and Fine Paris Millinery, will take place THURSDAY, September 28, to which YOU are MOST CORDIALLY INVITED.

LEUBRIES

Leaders and Makers of Low Prices,

705, 707, 709, 711 and 713 Franklin Ave.

Caution--To avoid mistakes, see that "LEUBRIES" is over each entrance, three in number.

MABLEY'S

FALL STOCK

ENORMOUS.

Store and Basement filled to overflowing with NEW, FRESH AND DESIRABE GOODS.
Elegant styles in MEN'S SUITS.
Elegant styles in YOUTHS' SUITS.
New and tasty designs in BOYS' SUITS.
Beautiful styles in CHILDREN'S SUITS.
We extend a cordial invitation for you to call and inspect our magnificent assortment of

FALL GOODS

Whether you are desirous of purchasing immediately or not.

Thos. Mabley,

FIFTH AND LOCUST.

HENRY McNICHOLS'

Popular Furniture and Carpet House has just received a large and elegant line of the latest and best designs of FURNITURE and CARPETS, which will be sold at the lowest cash figures on time payments. A discount of 5 per cent allowed on all cash purchases. Our stock of Carpets is unrivaled by any in the West. You can be supplied with all grades, from the cheapest Ingrains to the finest Brussels, at prices that defy competition. A full line of Mattings, Oil Cloths, Linoleums, etc. All kinds of Cook Stoves, Ranges and Heaters.

1017, 1019, 1022 and 1024 Market Street.

CHARTER OAK STOVES

AND

TINNERS' STOCK OF ALL KINDS

FOR SALE BY

EXCELSIOR MANUFACTURING CO.

LAST EDITION.

FOREIGN FLASHES.

The Khedive Goes to Cairo---Recovery of Arabi's Private Papers.

Frederick Woehler, the Eminent German Chemist, Dead.

Gladstone and the Mormons--He Can't Interfere With Them.

Egypt.

ALEXANDRIA, September 23.—The Khedive and Sir Edward Malet, British Consul-General, departed for Cairo this morning. The Bengal Lancers escorted them to the railway station. The route was lined with troops and the station was decorated. An English band played the Egyptian National anthem. The members of the Ministry went to Cairo on the same train.

DISTINGUISHED CAPTIVES.

DAMIETTA, September 23.—Abdallah Pasha, Suleiman Bey and a number of their associates have been sent to Cairo as prisoners under the military guard.

NEWS NOTES.

LONDON, September 23.—Gen. Wolseley and Admiral Seymour are to be raised to the peerage for their services in Egypt. Khedive Tewfik has conferred upon Sir Edward Malet, the British Consul-General in Egypt, the order of the Asmaili, the highest honor he can bestow. Elaborate preparations are being made for the reception of the Khedive at Cairo. The churches in England all held thanksgiving services for the success of the British troops in Egypt. The frontier trouble between Greece and Turkey is reported as settled. The Czar and Czarina have returned from Moscow to St. Petersburg. Large numbers of men are being enrolled in Switzerland to serve in the gendarmerie which is to take the place of the army in Egypt. A rumor was circulated on Sunday to the effect that Queen Victoria had been assassinated at Balmoral. Happily there was no foundation whatever for the same.

ARABI'S PAPERS.

CAIRO, September 23.—Among Arabi Pasha's papers are written offers of service of French, German and Russian officers, all of which were declined.

THE KHEDIVE IN EGYPT.

CAIRO, September 25.—The Khedive has arrived here.

Germany.

GOTTINGEN, September 23.—Frederick Woehler, the eminent chemist and director of the Chemical Institute here, is dead.

Herr Woehler was a native of Echersberg, near Frankfort, where he was born in 1880. His university career at Warburg and Heidelburg was distinguished by his proficiency in medicine, mineralogy and chemistry. After studying in Stockholm under Berzelins, he became Professor of Chemistry at the Technical Institute at Berlin, subsequently at Cassel and later at Gottingen. His contributions to chemical literature are numerous and important, the most celebrated one being his "Grundriss der Chemie," which has been translated into several languages and is used as a text book in the leading universities of the world.

Ireland.

DILLON TO RETIRE.

DUBLIN, September 25.—Dillon will retire from Parliament on account of ill health.

MORE EVICTIONS.

The military and police of county Mayo have evicted fifty families during the last few days in the barony of Ennis, and the people have been ordered not to shelter them.

LONDON, September 25.—A Dublin paper authoritatively denies that there has been any large failure there recently. It is believed the firm of George Roe & Co., distillers, reported failed, is solvent.

ARRESTS OF SUSPECTS

DUBLIN, September 25.—Six more men, mostly released suspects have been arrested in connection with the murder of Huddy's at Loughmask. The police claim to have distinct evidence against three of them, in consequence of information elicited during the examination of Kerrigan, who is held for the same crime.

England.

LONDON, September 25.—Francisco G. Gaston, merchant and mine owner, has failed. Liabilities £62,000.

GLADSTONE AND THE MORMONS.

LONDON, September 25.—Gladstone, replying to a correspondent, reiterates the declaration that he is unable to interfere with the operations of the Mormons in England, as he presumes their converts go with them willingly.

Austria.

VIENNA, September 25.—Overdank confesses he drew lots with his confederates to decide who should attempt to take the life of the Emperor, and that he intended to throw the bomb into the garden of the Miramer Castle. The High Court of Venice has given its opinion in the case of the recent arrests that the extradition of the accused shall take place if they conspire against the life of the Emperor of Austria on Italian territory.

Canada.

TORONTO, September 25. — Archbishop Lynch, in a sermon yesterday at St. Michael's Cathedral, referred to Sir Walter Scott's "Marmion," which he said was insulting to Catholics. He said he had called the attention of the Government to its use as a text-book.

POLITICAL POINTS.

Dana Discusses Blaine and the Virginia State Debt.

Jay Gould to Make a Journey Round the World.

The St. Claire County Democratic Convention at Belleville--In General.

Blaine and the Virginia State Debt.

Special to Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, September 25.—The Sun, commenting on Blaine's suggestion that the General government should aid Virginia in paying the State debt, says; "The idea has one very interesting aspect, which may not have been contemplated by Mr. Blaine. It is currently reported that within a few months past Mr. Blaine has acquired a large interest in landed and other property in the State of Virginia, and if the debt of the State is paid by the tax-payers of the State Mr. Blaine's property there will have to be assessed for the purpose. But if the United States should assume the debt Blaine's taxes, or a considerable part thereof, would be paid for him out of the National Treasury. We trust, however, that no merely personal and pecuniary consideration of this sort will deter Mr. Blaine from giving to his new plan the benefit of his eloquence."

Will Visit Home.

WASHINGTON, September 25.—Comptroller Lawrence will leave to-night for a visit to his home in Ohio.

Rumored Resignation.

LANCASTER, PA., September 25.—Private advices say that Dr. Wickersham, Minister to Denmark, has resigned.

Gone to Chicago.

WASHINGTON, September 25.—Secretary Lincoln left this morning for Chicago.

Gould to Travel.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, Sept. 25.—The Sun says that Gould is going to leave New York for a two years voyage around the world and he is making all necessary preparations for it. He has been studying John Russell Young's book "Around the World with General Grant." He is building or going to build the largest and fastest steam yacht afloat, and hopes to be ready for the trip by the Fourth of July next. Whether under such circumstances he is more likely to accumulate than to dispose of the stock he has got is for the great minds of Wall street to decide.

ADDITIONAL FOREIGN NEWS.

Mexico.

CITY OF MEXICO, September 25.—The Mexican Government has ordered the establishment of a permanent exposition of Mexican products in Berlin, similar to the expositions to be established in other European cities and the United States. French influence is actively opposing the reciprocity treaty between Mexico and the United States.

THE FLOODS IN THE EAST.

Disasters and Damages on the Atlantic Seaboard.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., September 25.—Rain is falling heavily again to-day, causing additional damage to property. Five hundred thousand dollars will not repair the damage done in Union, Somerset and Middlesex counties, to say nothing of the losses to railroad and canal companies, which are enormous.

The Disasters at Rahway.

RAHWAY, N. J., September 25.—The flood was peculiarly severe at this city and in Union county. There are thirty-two bridges crossing the Rahway River and its branches within the city limits, sixteen of which were destroyed. It will cost over $100,000 to rebuild and repair the bridges. At Monroe street stone bridge, while a crowd were on it, one of the arches gave way and John Wilson, a prominent citizen, was carried under. His remains were taken out this morning.

Severe Storm in New York.

NEW YORK, September 25.—The storm which began last Wednesday evening observed Sunday as a day of rest and resumed business this morning with renewed vigor. This afternoon, however, the rain has ceased and clearing weather seems at hand.

Heavy Rains in New Jersey.

PATERSON, N. J., September 25.—Rain is falling again, but the river is subsiding rapidly. The losses in this vicinity are as yet beyond calculation.

A Murderer Captured.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

MANITOWOC, WIS., September 25.—George Rothsack, who brained his wife with an axe, was captured this morning in the woods near the scene of the murder. He was seen skulking in a swamp, and an excited crowd turned out armed to hunt him down. Capt. Edwards and Mr. Sanford, editor of the Tribune, discovered him in the top of a tree. When he saw that resistance was useless he plunged a large case knife into his breast, inflicting an ugly wound. A mob gathered with a rope, but the captors succeeded in getting him to jail and evading the would-be lynchers. Threats of breaking into jail are made.

Indications.

WASHINGTON, D.C., September 25.—For the Ohio Valley and Tennessee, fair weather and north to east winds, stationary or higher barometer and temperature. Lower Lake Region, fair weather and north to east winds, higher barometer, stationary or lower temperature. Upper Lake Region, fair weather and easterly winds and higher barometer, stationary or higher temperature. Upper Mississippi and lower Missouri Valleys, fair weather and east to south winds, stationary or higher barometer and temperature.

Three Men Drowned.

BUFFALO, N. Y., September 25.—James Wall, James Conway and William Dugan, all of this city, were drowned by the upsetting of a sail boat ten miles off this port. James Stewart, the sole survivor, paddled the boat ashore in twelve hours against very strong head winds.

Fatal Explosion.

NEW YORK, September 25.—Two men were killed and several wounded at Governor's Island this morning by an explosion of one of the guns on Castle William, being used in saluting the French man-of-war lying off the Battery.

THE FIRE RECORD.

Destruction of the Franklin Sugar Refinery at Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., September 25.—The Franklin sugar refinery of Harrison, Havemeyer & Co., an immense brick structure, on Front and Almond streets, was partly destroyed by fire this morning. Although three alarms were sent out the fire was not under control until the block bounded by Delaware avenue, Swanson, Almond and Bainbridge streets was burned. The block contained two large buildings, that facing on Delaware avenue being a mould-house nine stories high, and that in the rear of the mould-house, and extending to Swanson street, being a building called

THE FILTER HOUSE.

These buildings were filled with sugar in the process of manufacture and ready for delivery. Both structures and their contents were destroyed. The loss will probably reach half a million dollars. The centrifugal house and boiler house in the block from Swanson to Penn streets and Almond to Bainbridge streets, were saved.

One thousand men are out of employment. It is not known if any were killed. Louis Luerzen, a Swede, and one of the foremen is, however, missing. He was last seen while attempting to extinguish the flames as his fellow workmen made their escape from the building. For a long time the refinery has been running day and night. Nothing is known as to the origin of the fire. It was remarked, however, that it was burning nearly an hour before the alarm was given. The workmen who are trained in the use of the apparatus, endeavored to subdue the flames without the aid of the Department. Different members the firm vary in their estimates the losses, but it is believed now that the loss will be $1,000,000. The insurance is $575,000

A Blaze at Pana.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

PANA, September 25.—A small fire which might have proved a disastrous conflagration occurred at 11:30 this morning in A. L. Parker's planing mill, in the heart of the city and surrounded by frame buildings. Quite a wind was blowing at the time. Buckets of water in the hands of citizens extinguished the fire with slight damage. The cause of the fire is unknown.

Large Fire at Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, O., September 25.—Late last night a fire mysteriously broke out in a small office at the Cleveland Rolling Mill Company's works, in the Eighteenth Ward, and, communicating to the galvanizing and pattern houses, caused a loss of about $10,000. Insurance, $6,250. The Copperas house, owned by W. J. Hayes, superintendent of the wire mill, was also destroyed. The estimated loss is $5,000.

Kansas City Fair.

KANSAS CITY, MO., September 25.—The Kansas City Fair and Exposition opened today for a season of six days under highly favorable auspices. The displays in the various departments of agricultural, art and manufactures are all are creditable. The entries for the races are large and include noted horses from Kentucky, Indiana, Ohio and other States outside of this circuit. Visitors are coming in rapidly and a successful week is assured.

Murdered for His Money.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

BARTON, WIS., September 25.—Jacob Kuntz, a well-to-do merchant of Fon du Lac, came here on the midnight train. He had $1,000 on his person. He was found just inside of the city with his skull fractured and a leg and jaw broken, and died in a few minutes. A friend accidentally stumbled over the body. He had been followed from home, knocked off the car platform and robbed.

Fatal Colliery Accident.

CUMBERLAND, MD., September 25.—A heavy fall of coal occurred this morning in the Kingsland mine of the Maryland Coal Company, at Conaconing. Four miners, including the mine boss, Byers, are known to be under the coal. The dead body of James Brehaney has been brought out. Louis Cook, another miner, has been brought up in a dying condition.

Fatal Mining Disaster.

WILKESBARRE, PA., September 25.—This morning a cave-in took place in the Dodson mine of the Plymouth Coal Company. The squeeze caused an explosion of fire damp, instantly killing one fire boss and seriously burning four miners. The main track of the Lackawanna Road settled three feet for several hundred yards. This was caused by the cave-in, and all the trains have stopped running.

A Pugnacious Pair.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

WILLOW BEND, ILL., September 25.—A charivari party serenading a young man named McCracken, who is just married, was fired on by the bridegroom with the pistol and the bride with a shot-gun. Three of the party were seriously wounded. One received a pistol ball through the lungs and will die.

Shot in a Store.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

SHREVEPORT, LA., September 25.—At New River Landing last night John S. Minor was shot dead by Jacque Hirsch, a Jew clerk in Heyman's store. The murderer escaped. A large reward is offered for his arrest.

A Fatal Quarrel.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

CLINTON, LA., September 25.—At Ben. Appleby's store yesterday John Law and Stephen Degant, prominent planters, quarreled. Degan was shot dead by Law with a shot-gun. Degant is a Northern man.

Accidentally Drowned.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

ALTON, ILL., September 25.—A young son of Mr. John Noonan was drowned in a sink-hole last evening. His body has been recovered. A verdict of accidental drowning was rendered.

A Desperado Stabbed.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

ATLANTA, GA., September 25.—At Tombsboro, Bibb county, yesterday, Green Clay, a desperado, attacked Bob Brooks, an old blind man. Clay was stabbed dead.

A Guard Killed.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

JASPER, GA., September 25.—Whilst some convicts were cutting trees, one fell on the guard, named Henderson, and killed him. Some of the convicts fled.

Robbery of Bonds.

BALTIMORE, September 25.—This morning two sneak thieves stole $12,000 in Columbia and Greenville, Ky., bonds from the cashier's room in the Bank of Baltimore.

Gold in Michigan.

BLISSFIELD, MICH., September 25.—Great excitement prevails here over the discovery of gold dust found in excavating. The dust is in paying quantities.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Folger's Nomination and His Probable Successor.

Engineer Melville--Wheat Crops--Corn--Madagascar Men--News Notes.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, September 25.—The sad termination of Engineer Melville's trip, on the return to find his wife suffering from insanity, is the subject of very general remark here, and earnest sympathy for Melville and for the affected wife is felt by not only his friends here but by all. For months there has been a feeling in the minds of some who knew the circumstances relative to Mrs. Melville's allowance that something was wrong in regard to her financial management. When Melville left on his voyage he directed that $90 per month of his salary be paid to his wife. This was over $1,000 per year, for an opportunity to earn which some in Government employ, many men with large families, are now waiting here and have been for months past. Mrs. Melville had her house and grounds in the suburbs of Philadelphia, and having to pay no rent, and not being required to dress her children extravagantly (none of them being old enough to enter society), it seemed that the allowance was a very comfortable one and all that Melville's position would warrant, or the former experiences of his family lead them to require. Some months since, however, Melville was promoted and his pay increased so that his annual salary was about $2,700 instead of $2,300, or $2,400, as before. This increase was soon followed by an appeal from Mrs. Melville to the Secretary of the Navy, Hunt, asking an increase in allowance, and as Melville or the Jeannette had not then been heard from and they were supposed to be probably lost, her appeal was granted, though without authority, and $40 per month was added to the sum already paid her. By and by, however, the Jeanette was heard from, Melville was found to be alive, and when Chandler became Secretary of the Navyh e directed that the payment of the extra $40 be suspended, as it was entirely without authority from Engineer Melville or from any official source. This suspension was followed by a great deal of talk. The newspapers blossomed out with sensational statements, editorial paragraphs and interviews with Mrs. Melville in which she complained bitterly of poverty and inability to more than live on the double allowance. These, however, did not avail, and she came on to Washington, put up at the Riggs House and went up and interviewed Secretary Chandler on the subject. She however, found him firm, and was obliged to return and content herself with the original $90 per month. The course was looked upon as somewhat strange by those knowing the facts, yet no suspicion of the true cause was aroused, and even when she failed to meet her husband at the vessel as he landed the only remark was that her absence was rather singular. Now, however, it is learned that not only is she considered insane, but that the family friends have believed her so for some time. Insanity, it is said, is in her family, several relations having been sent to insane asylums during the past few years.

THE WHEAT CROP.

The State Department has information from abroad indicating that the very excellent wheat crop, not only in this country, but in Europe, has reduced prices there already, and that the producers of this country may as well make up their minds to accept low rates for their wheat this year. The sudden termination of the Anglo-Egyptian war also has a depressing influence on prospective values of breadstuffs, for it not only lessens the demand but reopens the Suez Canal, through which a considerable proportion of the supply of England now comes from India. The breadstuff crop of the world is this year remarkably large, and when it is learned that the United States will alone have over 300,000,000 bushels of wheat for exportation alone, the largeness of the supply is quite evident. From present appearances it is believed that the surplus in this country this year will be nearly double that of any preceding year.

CORN.

Speaking of wheat reminds me to add that recent reports received here show that the corn crop is ripening finely, and that the recent estimates of a remarkably large yield were quite just.

WASHINGTON SCHOOLS.

The opening of the schools of Washington, public and private, and the arrival of numbers of pupils from various parts of the country, leads to the remark that Washington is becoming a great educational center. The public schools are conceded by many to be the best that the country affords, as is evidenced by the fact that children of Cabinet officers, Congressmen and milionaires eagerly enter them and push for advantageous places in their classes. The private schools are very numerous and excellent, and have among their attendance pupils from every part, not only of this country, but of the world. Many of the Southern members of Congress recognize and accept the advantages of Washington schools. The family of Senator Butler, of South Carolina, has just arrived here and taken up quarters for the entire school year on Thirteenth street, near Pennsylvania avenue. Besides the schools themselves there are adjuncts which no other city possesses, such as the Smithsonian, the National Museum, the Patent Office, the Signal Service, the Agricultural and Botanical Gardens, the Supreme Court for law students, the Corcoran Gallery of Art, the great Congressional Library and the special libraries of the various departments.

FOLGER'S NOMINATION.

The general belief in political circles here, is that the nomination of Folger for Governor of New York, is practically the first step in a fight for the renomination of Arthur. Perhaps it would be better to call it a "feeler" for Arthur in '84. At least it is pretty evident that that will be the result, and that it was so understood and accepted by the Administration. President Arthur came to the Presidential chair under circumstances more painful and delicate and trying than those in which any President ever undertook the office. That he succeeded in his first year, which ended with the day of the nomination of Folger, without any serious attacks upon his Administration, by either wing of his divided party or by the opposing party, is considered most remarkable, and it is, to say the least, a singular coincidence that the anniversary of his entrance upon the duties of his office should be signalized by the success of this first step in the chain of events that are intended to make him his own successor. Besides the belief that this is the real meaning of the nomination of Folger for Governor of New York, there is also a belief that he is the strongest man that could have been nominated. He carried the State for Chief Justice by a vote far in excess of that given Garfield at the same election, and is recognized by all factions and all partisans as a man of integrity and ability. With these facts in his favor, and the support of the Administration, whose head is thoroughly skilled in New York political affairs, it seems that he is a very strong candidate. There are some who believe that the Blaine influence will be thrown against him, and that the followers of Blaine would be glad to see the contrast between a triumphant Blaine in Maine and a defeated Arthur in New York. They may judge rightly regarding the Blaine feeling of men; but that the feud will be so bitter as to bring about the defeat of Folger through the manipulations of men in his own party is hardly probable.

FOLGER'S SUCCESSOR.

The Cabinet-makers are of course active in preparing a successor for Folger as Secretary of the Treasury in case of his election. "Dick" Crowley is the most prominently talked of. Assistant Secretary New also looms up quite prominently, and himself makes no hesitancy in indicating that he would like the place. Speaking of the matter to your correspondent recently, he said frankly that he should have no hesitancy in accepting the honor if crowded upon him by President Arthur, but indicated that he was not at all overcome by the brilliancy of the prospect that it will be so crowded. There are good reasons why the selection of Mr. New would be a very judicious one. One of these is that Indiana is an important State in the next election and another is that Mr. New has had experience in the Treasury Department. He was Treasurer for a considerable time, and has filled the office of Assistant Secretary of the Treasury for nearly a year, and is, therefore, thoroughly conversant with the details of the office and the duties of the position. But it may be set down as fully certain that Mr. New will not be Secretary Folger's successor. The West has already three Cabinet members, and New as Assistant Secretary will be nearly as valuable in Indiana as if he were Secretary. New England has two members of the Cabinet, Pennsylvania one. Probably the place now held by New York will be given again to it; if not, it is likely it will go to the South. It would be an odd thing to see Mahone in the Cabinet, yet this country has seen a number of odd incidents and continues to exist.

There will be, however, no change in the head of the Treasury Department at present. Secretary Folger himself said to your correspondent a few days ago that the published statement that he contemplated resigning if nominated was untrue. He will probably remain in his present position until the reassembling of Congress.

MADAGASCAR MEN.

A party of foreign gentlemen are expected here soon representing the Government of the Island of Madagascar. They left that island some weeks since for a tour of France, Germany, England and the United States. The head of the commission, a gentleman of the name of Ravoninahitriniarivo, is a nephew of the Prime Minister to the Queen who rules the Island of Madagascar. So far as can be made out the object of the visit is to make the present Government more "solid," so to speak, with the nations sending consuls to Madagascar, and to arrive at some more definite understanding regarding some claims to authority there set up by France. Consul Robinson, representing the United States in Madagascar, made a year or two ago a commercial treaty with Madagascar, some parts of which have yet been unfulfilled by the Government, and it is probable that this subject may also form a part of the weighty business on which the gentleman with the long name comes.

DISARMING THE INDIANS.

The announcement that the Indian Bureau will hereafter refuse to allow the Indian police in the far West breech-loading rifles is understood to be the first step in the gradual disarming of the hostile Indians, which Secretary Teller has had under contemplation for some time. He believes that this combined with practical education, such as is afforded by the Carlisle school, is the true solution of the "Indian problem."

VENICE.

Newsy Items from That Little Illinois Burg.

The Venice Church is arranging for its annual festival early next month.

Two hundred thousand feet of lumber is on cars here for St. Louis lumber traders.

There is some talk of building an addition to the branch of the St. Louis Union Stock Yards here.

A new and elegant ticket office is being built for the Wabash, St. Louis and Pacific railroad near the ferry landing.

The Nadison base-ball nine will play four more games before the close of the season, and their grounds are now enclosed.

The Madison county transfer steamer Dunleith has been thoroughly repaired, repainted and furnished with a new set of chimneys.

Oak Lodge, Knights of honor is prospering and increasing its membership very rapidly, and the degree of initiation will be conferred at the next meeting.

Doings Before Denison.

The Police of the Third, Fourth and Fifth Districts were not idle yesterday. They were kept busy from daylight until dark. The first case on Judge Denison's docket was Mattie Howard, colored, who was fined $10 for being of disreputable habits. Patrick Speliman was arrested by Officer Daily for disturbing the peace; his fine will depend on his record. Mary Kembel was assessed $10 for trespassing on private property.

Ida Dougal was fined $25 for stealing $5 in silver from the residence of Miss Ida Pleasant, No. 812 North Seventh street, yesterday morning. Andy Griffin, six years old, was arrested by Officers Costello and Lee last night. He was charged with pilfering, but, owing to the absence of his parents his case was continued until to-morrow.

An execution of $500 was ordered to issue against Daniel Adair, who was granted a stay on the 23d of January last. Daniel did not stay out of the city, and was consequently rearrested.

John Britton and Sis Clark, both colored, were jointly charged with disturbing the peace. They were fined $10 each.

At 12 o'clock the case of the colored preacher, Rev. Simon A. Lott, of the Chambers street colored church, charged with disturbing the peace, was called before a jury. Joseph G. Lodge is acting for the prosecution and Col. T. A. Murphy for the defense. As there are a number of witnesses for the prosecution and defense, the case will not be disposed of until late this afternoon. The full particulars have already appeared in the POST-DISPATCH.

Queer, But Customary.

The house to be used for the wagon of the Police Patrol system in the Central District has been completed now for about two weeks, yet the wagon which was said to have been completed some time ago has not yet been put in service, nor is there any definite knowledge to be obtained when it will be ready for duty. In the meantime the wagon-house and stable are given over to the use and accommodation of the private turn-outs of the Chief of Police and Chief of Detectives. These consist of blooded road horses and the most improved patterns of side-spar buggies. While it is probable that the heads of these departments are entitled to the use of horses with which to inspect the workings of their several districts, there is nothing in the law which allows the extra item of a buggy and harness being taken care of by the grooms in the police department.

Amicably Settled.

On last Friday Thomas McNevin applied to the Circuit Court for a writ of habeas corpus for his son Joseph McNevin, aged 13 years, whom he alleged was illegally restrained of his liberty in the House of Refuge. Judge Adams ordered the writ to issue against Mr. Schaeffer, Superintendent of the House of Refuge, returnable at 10 o'clock this morning. At that hour the counsel for the Superintendent represented to Judge Adams that the matter had been amicably settled, and the case was therefore dismissed.

ABOUT TOWN.

THE Chair-makers' Union, No. 19, will meet next Wednesday night for the election of officers.

THE Leclede Savings Bank is considering a proposition to increase its capital stock some $200,000.

A PETITION is in circulation and signed by business men asking for the removal of the dens of vice on Christy avenue.

THE Red Cross Literary Club will entertain its numerous friends this evening with an "8 o'clock" at the residence, No. 1100 Olive street.

THE delegates to the Masonic Grand Lodge of Missouri, which meets in St. Louis on the 10th prox., will have their headquarters at the Laclede hotel.

"THE Veiled Prophets Unveiled," a comic exposition of the initiation ceremonies of this extraordinary order, has been issued for the present season by John J. Jennings, and is on sale in all the bookstores.

CITY PERSONALS.

J. C. Ewald, after a couple of weeks' visit to his plantation in Arkansas, has returned to the city.

Redmond Cleary has returned home with his family from Geneva Lake, where they have been spending the summer.

Gen. Ed. Haren, Western passenger agent of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad Company, is in the city to-day.

C. C. Archer, Grand Scribe and Col. Isaac M. Veitch, Past Grand Sire of American Odd Fellowship, returned this forenoon from the Sovereign Grand Lodge session at Baltimore.

LOCAL POLITICS.

Gossip on the Situation and the Candidates--News Notes.

Republican candidates unite in declining to take solo parts when requested to supply a party strain for the public benefit. They are all in the chorus and the burden of their refrain is: "Situated as I am, I am forced to refrain from expressing an opinion. My judgment is at present in suspense. I hope that the harmonizing influences which are at work will accomplish the union of the party, and when this is done I shall be glad to speak freely.'

There is to be held towards the end of the week, a meeting of prospective candidates of the Republican party, at which all differences of opinion are to be smoothed over, standard-bearers chosen, and much other important business done, always providing that the unification of the party has been accomplished by that time.

It is thought that Daniel Dillon will stand a good show for one of the Circuit Judgeships. As against his nomination stands the fact that he is so warmly opposed by the Lancaster element in his ward, the Eighteenth, that he would not be able to carry it, Mr. Lubke, of Lubke & Hitchcock, is said to be developing considerable strength, much of which comes from the German vote. The other Democratic nomination is reported as lying between Shepard Barclay and Judge Thayer, the incumbent Mr. Barclay is a bright young lawyer and a favorite with the young Democracy, but his opponent's judicial record will be found a difficult matter to overcome. Mr. Jay Torrey's chances are also considered good.

Harrigan's nomination for Sheriff is now conceded and the Chestnut street colonels, while they will not support him, have agreed, it is said, to bury the hatchet as far as he is concerned. It is believed that, if nominated, Harrigan will be elected by 1,000 majority. If Mason is the Republican candidate, the support of the German saloon-keepers will be for Harrigan, as they fear that, looking over Hudson's course as Collector, and remembering Mason's strong temperance proclivities, their combined presence in high office would be antagonistic to the saloon interests.

A prominent brewer, while acknowledging that the political situation seemed a very delicate one as far as the Prohibition feature was concerned, said yesterday that it was clear enough that his interests lay with the Democrats. If the brewers aided the Republicans in defeating the Democrats in the city, then it would be in the power of the city Democratic delegation to the Legislature to retaliate by supporting the submission of the Prohibition amendment. On the other hand the Republicans were tied by their platform to a support of the measure, and, even if they sought to prevent its passage, they would not be strong enough to do so.

The supposition that McHose was out of the race for the Circuit Clerkship is a mistaken one, as he has been working silently but effectively and now stands in the front rank of prospective nominees. P. J. Taaffe is doing some good work, but if Harrigan secures the nomination for Sheriff his chances will be greatly reduced on account of his sharing that candidate's nationality.

Among those who called at the State Democratic headquarters to-day were W. E. Coleman, candidate for Superintendent of Schools; Col. Moore, who failed to get the nomination for Congress, but is working hard for the party, and Senator Walker, of Cooper county, who is a candidate for re-election. All the gentlemen report the Democratic outlook as most favorable in their respective districts.

Postmaster Sam Hays assured a POST-DISPATCH reporter yesterday that there was nothing new in the Republican political sphere. He felt certain, however, that the gaping wounds in the party would be healed by next Wednesday and that the adjustment of differences would be so nicely accomplished that everybody would be happy and the campaign entered upon with all the workers in line.

HE WON'T GO IT BLIND.

Ewing Refuses to Sign the Police Rolls Unless the Board Examines Them.

The honorable Board of Police Commissioners has decided to hold an extra session a month. Under the law the pay roll of the department must be signed by the presiding officer before the money can be drawn from the city treasury. The transaction of distributing the city's cash has heretofore been regarded merely as a formality by the honorable board. The duty of signing or approving of the pay roll devolved on Mayor Ewing usually, and at the last meeting that gentleman said that in future he would not sign the pay roll unless the board approved of it as they did of any other bill, and as is required by law. Mayor Ewing was seen to-day, and in answer to a question concerning the new arrangement said: "I offered a resolution at the last meeting to hold an extra meeting for the examination of those bills." His reason for this new move he refused to give. Since the present board has taken charge of things, the Mayor's views have been totally disregarded, and he has found himself in a disgusting minority. Many of the matters and costly measures which he counseled the board against have been carried over his head. It is probably in view of the extravagances which the board has been indulging in that his Honor anticipates an investigation by the Municipal Assembly, and to be able to show a clean sheet when the time comes, he now proposes to follow the letter of the law. The pay-roll amounts to nearly $40,000 a month, and with this pile of the municipal moneys at stake it is worth while to examine the accounts. New men have been placed on the pay roll by the Vice-President and without the knowledge of the Board, and are drawing hundreds of dollars monthly. In view of the way the board has disposed of business, this probable precaution is apparently a good one for his Honor and the public.

PRIVATE AGENCIES.

Movement on the Part of the Police Board to Close Them.

At the meeting of the Board of Police Commissioners to-morrow, that body will consider steps to secure the abolition of the private detective agencies now operating in this city. In relation to this Mr. Henry Huthsing of the McDonough agency said:

"Well, there is no danger that the Board of Police Commissioners will close private detective agencies. They have no right to do so, and any law looking toward it would be an infringement on the bill of rights. It is a lawful occupation, which the Board of Police Commissioners have no more right to meddle with than you have. Suppose you hung out a sign of 'private dirt shoveler,' and I went to you and asked you to go and find out something for me, do you think they have any right to interfere with you?"

Capt. Albert Stiles, of Stiles' Agency, said: "The board will be a long time in abolishing the private detective agencies." He could not suggest any reason for the attempt on the part of the board, but was confident that it was a waste of time for that body to devote its sessions to the consideration of that proposition. City Counselor Bell, to whom the matter has been referred, has prepared an opinion which will be submitted to the board to-morrow.

REGINALD MAXWELL RUSSELL,

The Detective in the Criminal Court To-Day.

To-day Reginald Maxwell Russell was arraigned in the Court of Criminal Correction on two charges of blackmail or robbery in the third degree, as it is designated by the statutes. Mr. L. D. Seward appeared and stated that he had been asked to take the defendant's case, but had not concluded to do so. He, however, put in an appearance to-day. Col. Normile, who appears for the State, asked a continuance on the ground of absence of Mr. Scarritt, one of the principal witnesses for the State. Probably in consequence of the notoriety which this case had given Mr. Scarritt, he had severed his business connections in Kansas City, and was meditating going to Kansas and openening there. He expected to telegraph him to-day. Mr. Seward said in his opinion the warrants were defective, as they did not make averments to sustain the title charges, and he would like to have a day set on which to argue this matter. Judge Cady said his docket would not permit of it, and the best disposition he could make would be to lay the matter over until to-morrow; when the State would be better informed about the attendance of witnesses for the prosecution.

EAST ST. LOUIS.

The City Council will hold an adjourned meeting to-night.

Louis Briggs and Mike Kerrigan were jailed last evening for being drunk and disorderly and when tried by 'Squire Draggon this morning paid $3 and costs.

The Republicans will hold a meeting in 'Squire Eggmann's office this evening, to make arrangements for the mass meeting next Saturday night. The Republican campaign will be opened Saturday night by a speech from Col. Kueffner.

The case against John Gains for disturbing the peace and resisting a police officer at the Amalgamated Iron Workers' picnic some time since, was disposed of in Squire Eggmann's court this morning by Gains paying costs in both cases.

DR. PIERCE'S "Golden Medical Discovery" has become so thoroughly established in public favor that were it not for the forgetfulness of people it would not be necessary to call attention to its power to cure consumption, which is scrofula of the lungs, and other blood diseases, as eruptions, blotches, pimples, ulcers, and "liver complaint."

SPECIAL BARGAINS!
AT
E. PARDRIDGE'S
THIS WEEK!
126 pieces Black and Colored Plushes
224 pieces Black Cashmere.
137 pieces Colored Cashmere, all shades and qualities.
A large line of Silk Brocades, Satins.
Rhadames, in Black and Colored.
These goods are all our own importation, and will be sold 25 per cent less than any house in the city.
The above were bought and carefully selected by Mr. John Swallow, who has returned and will be glad to see his many friends at the old stand,
607 North Fourth St.

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.

Thomas W. Keene, the tragedian, opened his second season before a crowded audience at the Grand Opera-house yesterday evening. The play was "Richard III.," in which Keene appears to perhaps better advantage than any other of his characterizations. The expectations of his audience were filled to the utmost. The actor looked, spoke and was the gruesome tyrant Shakspeare painted. His conception of the character is truer to the great dramatist's ideal than that of most tragedians who have essayed the role. The passion, fire and subtlety of the unscrupulous Richard were portrayed in a manner which elicited the warmest enthusiasm. After several of the scenes the actor was recalled before the curtain and greeted with hearty applause. The supporting company is excellent. Mr. George Learock, who took the roles of King Henry and Richmond, made for himself a warm place in the hearts of St. Louis play-goers. His further work during the week will be watched with much interest. F. C. Hagar played Buckingham and Carl Ahrent Lord Stanley, both in a most acceptable manner. Miss Katie Baker acted well as the Prince of Wales; Miss Gussie Learock was the Duke of York; Miss Constance Hamblin, Queen Elizabeth; and Miss Anna Warren Story, Lady Ann. Miss Story is a Chicago young lady who recently made her debut. She showed considerable ability and will improve with her work. "Richard III." with the same cast will be repeated this evening and on Saturday evening.

POPE'S THEATER.

Mr. Muldoon and his friend Mr. Mulcahy, impersonated by Barry and Fay, renewed acquaintance with the St. Louis play-goers at Pope's Theater on yesterday evening. The play was "Irish Aristocracy," a modification of the old-time favorite "Muldoon's Picnic," in which these delightful actors have heretofore appeared. The play went smoothly and everybody went away with aching sides. "Irish Aristocracy" every evening this week.

OLYMPIC.

Haverly's Mastodons commenced a week's engagement at the new Olympic on yesterday evening. They are as good as ever, and as exponents of the burnt cork idea were fully as amusing as of yore. Frank Cushman, Lew Spencer, James Fox, John Gorman, Pete Mack, Tom Sadler, Dan Thompson, Bob Hooley are the prominent features of the show. Herr Sehlamm, a new magician, made his appearance in the second act. E. M. Hall, the banjoist, the only Leon, and the great military clog dance, were fully as entertaining as was to have been expected. The farce, "The Day Before the Wedding," concluded the programme.

PEOPLE'S THEATER.

The great Herrmann, assisted by the graceful Miss Addie and a large European specialty company, was greeted by a good audience in his reappearance at the People's Theater yesterday evening. Herrmann is as myterious as ever and many of his tricks are new and startling. Wednesday and Saturday matinees.

THE CIRCUS.

Forepaugh's monstrous aggregation of everything that is wonderful and great in the circus and menagerie world opens a season of four days and nights at Nineteenth and Olive street this afternoon. The procession and street parade this morning was the grandest that has ever been seen in St. Louis. Several of its features, notably the great bicyclist, Prof. Albion, are new and fully as gorgeous as promised by the bills. Indeed, Forepaugh's posters have much less of exaggeration about them than is customary. The crowds along the streets were as dense and enthusiastic as any which have ever assembled for the purpose of feasting their eyes upon a street pageantr. Cleopatra, Queen of Egypt, in her gorgeous car of state, and Lalla Rookh, the lovely Princess of Delhi, excited the wildest admiration. Their progress was fully as strtely as that of the famous ladies whom they personated. Hundreds of horses, ponies, camels cages, cars, chariots, bands of music and strange beasts loose in the streets made up a tout assemble of wonderful magnificence. Those contemplating a visit to the circus should not forget that the show only remains four days—Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday. Reserved chairs and general admission tickets can be purchased at Balmer & Weber's music store and at the ticket wagon.

On Wednesday and Thursday Evenings

Of next week (October 4th and 5th) there will be presented at the Mercantile Library Hall two of the most charming entertainments given in St. Louis for a long time. A band of children, selected from among those who displayed the greatest talent and the best training in the brilliant series of juvenile entertainments given by Mrs. Benton last winter and the winter before ("Cinderella," "Bo Peep," etc.), will present "Faint Heart" in costume and with scenic accessories. The leading characters will be taken by the little Misses Jessie Hall, Libbie Macarty, who are the beneficiaries, and Julia Lacari and Etta Phillips. Songs and character recitations by the children and distinguished adult talent (who have volunteered for the occasion) will fill up the programme. During each evening Prof. Muegge's West End turner class will give exhibitions of their skill and proficiency. Further notice of the affair will appear in our columns.

New Manufacturing Scheme.

A movement is contemplated by some members of the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers to establish a factory solely for the manufacture of hoop iron in this city, in addition to the three already existing where hoop iron is turned out. The projectors of the scheme believe that consumers of this material would be benefited by the factory proposed, and the latter are to be requested to give their co-operation to the carrying out of the plan. It is believed that there is ample iron for home supply in the St. Louis market, and dependence upon Eastern factories for material is therefore unnecessary. It is probable that arrangements for the enterprise will be completed within a few days.

THE grand opening of D. Crawford & Co.'s new fall importations will take place next Wednesday, when they will show in millinery, suits, cloaks, jackets, etc., their own direct importations, being the personal selections of a member of their firm in Paris and London.

Horse and Buggy Stolen.

James Hannon, residing near Twelfth and Carr streets, hired a buggy yesterday to take a drive through the country. Hannon drank heavily and by the time he arrived at Caroline avenue and the Natural Bridge road on his return trip he was far from sober. While stopping at a saloon close by the junction referred to, two young men mounted in the buggy and drove toward town at a rapid rate. Hannon went to the nearest police station and left a description of the missing rig, but this morning the police had not recovered the property or gained any clue to the thieves.

DIED.

DAVIDSON—Mrs. LILLIAS DAVIDSON, on the 25th inst.

Remains will be taken from the residence of her sister, Mrs. Wm. Sinclair, 1914 Biddle street, to the Union Depot on the 26th inst. at 5 p. m.

A CITY OFFICIAL

Has His Horse and Buggy Stolen From Him.

Shortly after 8 o'clock last night a black horse and buggy was stolen from Mr. Isaac A. Cook, and up to this time it has not been seen since. Mr. Cook is superintendent of street repairs for the district north of Carr street. Last night at the time mentioned he had taken a lady to her residence near St. Bridget's Catholic Church, corner of Carr street and Jefferson avenue. Ween he was about to return to his buggy he saw two men jump into it and start north, but could not stop them.

List of Direct Imports

Received at the St. Louis Custom House during the twenty-four hours ending noon to-day:

Mrs. N. W. Bronson, 2 cases millinery, Canada; Hamburg.

Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney, 2 cases dry goods, Canada; Havre.

Kohn & Rohner, 2 cases dry goods, Canada; Havre.

S. C. Davis & Co., 4 cases dry goods, Westphalia; Havre.

Wm. Barr Dry Goods Co., 3 cases dry goods, Westphalia; Havre.

S. V. Parnus & Bro., 1 case dec. China, Westphalia; Havre.

United States Court.

In the United States Circuit Court to-day judgment by default was rendered in the following cases:

Robert G. Ellsgood vs. City of Hannibal; $2,900 21.

Elisha Foot vs. Clark county; $2,805 48.

A. Everett et al. vs. Lyman O. Dana; $900 70.

A. Everett et al. vs. Parsons Oil Company; $964 27.

Judgment by default was also rendered against Pike, Schuyler, Knox and Lewis counties in suits on bonds and coupons.

Bridal Bulletin.

The following marriage licenses were issued up to 1 o'clock to-day: Frank Schroll and Barbara Schmidt; Henry Kohlberg and Caroline Strottmann; John Bartcher and Mary Votow; Michael Dempsey and Hedwig Bedendaker; Wm. Roan and Eliza Wallton; Hermann W. Volkening and Otilia Mestemacher; Henry J. Bulte and Christina Klute; Paul Schellwien and Mary Wolse; Malte Behrend and Emilie Kuhl; Louis Koehr and Sarah Milward.

THE stomach furnishes natural sustenance for every organ. If disordered, the whole body languishes; however affected, its tone and vigor may always be restored by using regularly Colden's Liquid Beef Tonic, in pint bottles. *Ask for Colden's, take no other.* Of druggists generally.

Legal Notes.

The Public Administrator has taken charge of the estate of Joseph Wright.

The jury docket will be called in the United States Circuit Court to-morrow morning.

Horatio D. Wood was appointed this morning by Judge Treat Chief Supervisor of Elections, vice E. T. Allen, resigned.

Attempted Arson.

Last night an attempt was made to fire the new two story brick building just erected at the corner of Easton and Compton avenues, by Mr. Gus Koch, of North St. Louis. The fire was discovered by some parties passing along and extinguished before much damage was done. The paints in the first floor parlor were entirely ruined, and the front door destroyed.

To Consumptives.—Wilbor's Cod-Liver Oil and Lime has now been before the public twenty years, and has steadily grown in favor and appreciation. This could not be the case unless the preparation was of high intrinsic value. The combination of the Phosphate of Lime with pure Cod Liver Oil, as prepared by Dr. Wilbor, has produced a new phase in the treatment of Consumption and all diseases of the Lungs. It can be taken by the most delicate invalid without creating the disgusting nausea which is such an objection to the Cod Liver Oil when taken without Lime. It is prescribed by the regular faculty. Sold by the proprietor, A. B. WILBOR, Chemist, Boston, and all druggists.

Hotel Personals.

Charles Kellogg, of Boston, Mass., is at Hurst's.

William E. Wall, of Baltimore, is at the Lindell.

J. C. Taylor, Washington, D. C., is at the Planters'.

C. M. Varden, of Varden, Miss., is a guest at the Lindell.

F. M. Benedict, of Lawrence, Kas., is at the Planter's.

F. A. Rozier, of Ste. Genevieve, is quartered at the Southern.

Thomas B. Steel, of Boonville, Mo., is a guest at the Hotel Barnum.

John A. Drew and H. E. Drew, of Indianapolis are at the Laclede.

C. H. Chappell and H. H. Cartwright, of Chicago, are at the Lindell.

John Q. Adams, of Ogsdenburg, N. Y., is registered at the Hotel Hunt.

Joseph Arthur, agent for Willie Edoüin's Sparks Company, is at the St. James.

J. H. Wilder, of Fort Wayne, and S. C. Reynolds of Toledo, are at the Southern.

Amos C. Russell, Assistant Postmaster at Joliet Ill., is a guest at the Hotel Hunt.

P. J. Carmody, the popular hotel-keeper at Moberly, Mo., is a guest at the Laclede.

H. B. Strange, of Beebe, Ark.; W. T. R. Fennesey, Rosemond, Ill., are at Barnum's.

Miss J. Storck and Miss N. N. Cochran, of Monterey, Mexico, are registered at the Planters'.

Richard Mawson and Richard C. Perkins, tourists from England, are registered at the Southern.

J. B. Upton, C. E. Bushnell, T. J. Richard and O. D. Knox, of Bolivar, Mo., are registered at the Laclede.

STATEN ISLAND.

A Nice Resort Under the Nose of New York City.

Sailors' Snug Harbor and Its Piratical Founder.

Special Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

PAVILION HOTEL, NEW BRIGHTON, Staten Island, September 21.—After traveling for two months from Long Branch to Saratoga, Newport, Block Island, Narragansett Pier, Watch Hill and Nahant, I find the pleasantest of the seaside resorts stuck under the very nose of New York, where ferryboats every hour pass to and fro. Almost a century ago Staten Island was the Newport of New York. In those days, instead of the propensity to get far away from their winter homes, the New Yorkers rather liked to be within striking distance of them. There were no railroads or telegraphs by which business could be transacted a great distance from the center of trade, and the New York merchants did not care to move too far away from the tight little island of Manhattan. So they came over to the beautiful Staten Island and made their homes in summer. The island is about ten miles long and four or five broad. All islands round about New York are long and narrow. This place—New Brighton—was the favorite resort, and, as its name indicates, it was patterned after the English Brighton. Lovely homes were built on the island, and the main avenue, on which the hotel and the principal houses are situated, is one of the prettiest streets that can be imagined. There is quite a respectable cliff along the shore, and the street follows it so closely that the stone sidewalk almost overhangs the water. Tall elms shade both sides of the highway, and facing the water is a long line of beautiful terraced houses, many of them belonging to colonial days, but modernized enough for comfort. On this street, the old-fashioned houses are peculiarly numerous and tasteful. Each house is set, village style, in its own lawn, and every cottage where the terrace is not too high has a carriage drive. The air is not sufficiently salt and piercing to affect the vegetation as it does at Newport and Block Island and many other places, and the foliage here is singularly luxuriant. Among the quaint old houses is one built by a colonial magnate of sandstone, the entrance gate guarded by two stone lions rather the worse for wear, and the house is of real genuine simon-pure Queen Anne style, mellowed by age, and the air of rawness and newness with which the very name of Queen Anne has come to be associated delightfully absent. The island has had its ups and downs, its rising and falling times, but an era of lasting prosperity appears to have set in at last. After the days when people found it fashionable to remove farther from New York than Staten Island, it began to be rather a deserted kind of a place. But one cause of its decadence was a social war which waged between the inhabitants of the two ends of the island. One faction consisted of the islanders—the permanencies, as Susan Nipper would say—many of them belonging to the Knickerbocker families, while the other embraced the summer residents. It reached such a pitch that everybody was a belligerent on one side or the other, and peaceably-minded people preferred to stay away rather than engage in the internecine warfare. Then the yellow fever was imported, as the case used to be in the pre-quarantine days, and that frightened a good deal of capital and good many people off. But the final blow was the establishment of quarantine right under the lee of the island. The people apparently preferred yellow jack to the quarantine, and the oldest inhabitants tell with pride of troops being required here from Governor's Island to enforce the quarantine. After style and fashion had apparently collapsed on Staten Island, several spasmodic attempts were made to revive them, but they all died a natural death, and the island was left to itself. But then began its real prosperity. The place somehow became more attractive when style and fashion had withdrawn themselves. A class of New York people began to come here that had the courage of their convictions and if they chose to stay near New York were not afraid to do it. The place became mellowed by time, and within the last two or three years people have found out that the coolest, cleanest, quietest, quaintest and most picturesque old spot that can be found was so close to New York that they have overlooked it. There are several very good hotels, this being considered the best, and it is just far enough from New York without being too far. The boats run regularly every hour, and there is a theater boat which leaves New York after the performances at the theaters. From the hotel windows the panorama of New York bay is in full view, and for those that fancy sea views it is beautiful and interesting. The island itself is worthy of exploration, and the cutest thing about it is that it is so old, old-fashioned, almost in sight and sound of Broadway and Wall street. It is the queerest mixture of town and country that can be imagined. A horse-car line traverses the island, where the cars run like the old-time carriers used to, just where and when they have a mind to. The terrors of being published in the papers and the friction of competition are unknown to the corporations of this happy island, and everything moves in a gentle jog trot that is a complete anomaly in the nineteenth century.

The show specimen of Staten Island is the Sailors' Snug Harbor, the finest institution for disabled seamen in this country. It was founded by Robert Randall, a New York merchant, and accommodates a thousand inmates. The only requisite for admission is to be a disabled seaman and to have sailed five years under the American flag. The mildest discipline is observed, but the order maintained is nevertheless admirable. The history of the donation is curious. The numerous tablets, etc., commemorative of the founder, are highly eulogistic, as such things are wont to be, but there is more than a strong suspicion that it was made by privateering—"honest privateering," as the founder expressed it on his death-bed. Robert Randall had made and inherited, besides, a large fortune accumulated on the sea by occult means. In 1801 he lay on his death-bed and Alexander Hamilton was summoned to make his will. It seemed first to occur to this philanthropic pirate (peace to his ashes) that he must make some disposition of his vast property, as he had no near relatives. When Gen. Hamilton asked how he had made his money he answered, as recorded above, "By honest privateering, sir." Gen. Hamilton suggested the plan of founding a refuge for disabled seamen, and it was promptly acquiesced in. After his death, of course, a crop of devoted relatives sprung up to contest the will, and the property was in litigation no less than thirty years. But in 1831 it was finally decided that the will should be sustained and work was begun on Staten Island. Meanwhile a contingency apparently unlooked for had occurred. The endowment was principally in New York real estate, which had increased so enormously in value that the trustees were and are embarrassed by the income. Without financial difficulties of any kind the institution was opened in 1835, and has been in active operation ever since. The accommodations were enlarged with the surplus income until the absurdity of the thing became manifest. There are now ample accommodations for 1,000 inmates, while there are only 756 beneficiaries. Life goes on there very placidly for the weather-beaten human hulks. They have good food, good air, good clothes and a plenty of 'baccy. They sit on the edge of the pier and bob for eels and never get any. They make toy ships with immense bowsprits, and yards and masts that would turn a real ship bottom upwards in five minutes, and spin yarns by the month. There is not on earth such a happy, lazy, worthless set of old pensioners as the population of the Sailors' Snug Harbor. Whenever the New York papers get hard up for news they send a fellow over to write it up. I will tell you some more about it another time. DI VERNON.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

It is estimated that the corn crop of the United States for this year will be worth $720,000,000.

The Treasury Department is now in the hands of John C. New, who it is supposed will be Folger's successor.

William Richards, for the murder of Joseph Jackson at Sweetsburg, Quebec, has been sentenced to be hanged on November 24.

Edward Siddons, a prisoner in the Cincinnati jail, was burned to death in his cell on Sunday night by the bursting of an oil-lamp.

The Webster Centennial celebration, to be held at Boston, has been postponed till October 12, when President Arthur will be present.

Anthony McDougal, a colored man of Jeffersonville, Ind., killed his wife with an ax on Saturday night. Jealousy was the motive.

At Palmyra, Mo., three business houses were burglarized on Sunday night. One of the victims who pursued the robbers was fired at by them.

Richard Skaggs was killed and William Skaggs was captured by a posse at Scott's Hedge, Ky., on Saturday. Both were wanted for murder in Indiana.

A negro man named Jack Quesenberg was shot and fatally wounded by an unknown person at Richmond, Mo., on Saturday night. The murderer is undiscovered.

Parnell, Davitt and Dillon have requested the stoppage of the agitation relative to Rossa's "Skirmishing Fund" on account of its injurious effect upon the Land League receipts.

At Canton, Texas, on Sunday, N. W. Riley, editor of the Wells Point Chronicle, and W. S. McCurley, of the Canton Texan, had a fight, in which the latter was shot through the arm.

Stephen Day, of Mt. Holly, O., had saved $13,000, which he kept in a tin box in his house. During his absence on Sunday, a burglar looted the premises and found the treasure.

J. D. Osborne, surviving partner of Prentice, Henderson & Osborne, proprietors of the old Louisville Journal, died suddenly of heart disease, on Sunday. He was in his 67th year.

About 11 o'clock on Sunday night a shooting scrape occurred between some negroes in Springfield, Mo. One of them, Luke Newton, was killed on the spot. Three of the party were arrested.

Charles Wasson, a brakeman on the St. Louis and San Francisco Railway, was thrown from the top of a moving train, near Springfield, Mo., on Sunday, and was almost immediately killed.

The body of Mrs. John Grehn, a German lady of Springfield, Ill., who disappeared from her home last week, was discovered on Sunday on the edge of a dry creek near that city. The cause of her death is a mystery.

Three special trains conveying Sells Bros'. circus from Richmond, V., were wrecked near Point Lick, Ky., on Sunday morning, killing three men and fatally wounding three others. Considerable damage was done the show.

The steamer Neptune which was sent with supplies for Lieut. Greeley's arctic exploring station, has returned to New Foundland, unable to reach the station by two degrees. Solid ice was encountered at that limit. The station has supplies for two years.

Thomas Dodd, of Covington, Ky., who was married on Saturday, was shot dead on Sunday night while conversing with his bride on his own doorstep. Evidence points to one Edward Welch as the murderer. Welch is father of one of Dodd's former lovers. He was arrested.

The steamer Edam, of the Netherlands Royal Mail Line, bound from New Jersey to Amsterdam, collided in mid-ocean, on Thursday, with the steamer Levanto, of Hull, England, and immediately foundered. All of her passengers, however, were saved; but two of the crew were lost. The collision was due to a heavy fog.

Heavy floods followed by washouts and and the destruction of all kinds of property have occured on the Atlantic seaboard. French's Dam, the last one remaining at Greenbrook, near Plainfield, N. J., was swept away on Sunday night, and with it two frame buildings. In Greenbrook as well as Broad Brook, many houses are submerged as are also the railroad tracks. Immense damage has resulted at Jersey City and at Hoboken, while at Trenton $200,000 damages have resulted. Great loss by the floods has also resulted at Trenton, New Brunswick, Princeton, Philadelphia, along the Hudson and in New England. There has been more or less loss of life throughout these districts.

Mr. Bright Not Coming.

From the Liverpool Mercury.

Mr. Bright has given up all idea of ever visiting America. He has never seen the land whose institutions he has admired so much, and every effort which has been made to induce him to spend a short time in the country of Western freedom has failed. The most promising proposal was that made by Mr. T. B. Potter some years ago. Mr. Potter wanted Mr. Bright to prove to the Americans that they did themselves a wrong by their policy of Protection. He arranged a little tour which was to be diversified by the delivery of only four political speeches—at New York, Boston, Chicago and Philadelphia, if my memory does not deceive me. Mr. Bright declined the tempting offer; and, instead of going to America, offered a eulogy of the country at a meeting wherein Mr. Potter related his own adventures. The opportunity having passed, Mr. Bright became a Minister, and a voyage to the States became out of the question. His resignation has revived the American hope that he would visit them. They asked him to attend the New England Fair. He has finally declined. Though it would give him great pleasure to visit America, he has no intention of so doing. He apparently reconciles himself to never seeing the country which he admires more than any nation in the world save his own.

A Despairing Poet.

From the New York Tribune.

An inquest was held in Philadelphia on Thursday over the body of a man who killed himself in despair of ever realizing his ardent aspirations for fame. Julius Erasmus, a German by birth, was a weaver and designer of weavers' patterns by occupation. But he had an intense desire to lift himself above his surroundings, and might have succeeded if his natural balance had been better adjusted. He had instructed himself in many branches of knowledge, and he occasionally wrote poems of more than ordinary merit for the German papers of Philadelphia. It is thought that the death, several years ago, of a young son who promised to fulfill his father's dearest hopes affected his reason. He became morose, separated from his wife and lived alone in seclusion, and finally blew his brains out.

Ladies who have done mountain climbing during the past summer now have their alpine stocks tied with gay colored ribbons and set in a place where it will be seen by visitors and thus introduce a topic of conversation. The ingenuity of the female mind sometimes passeth all understanding.

"No," she said, in an awfully sorry tone of voice, "no I do not speak French; although I studied it for three years at school." "And you are unable to speak the language?" "Yes, because it would be a reflection on my professors."

PARISIAN MOUNTEBANKS.

People Who Make Their Headquarters at the Inn of the Phenomena.

Paris Cor. New York Sun.

A few days ago the police of Paris made a raid on the strange customers who frequent that extraordinary inn, the Auberge des Phenomenes, and arrested thirty men and women of Italian, Spanish, Polish, English, Russian and Austrian nationality, belonging more or less to the class of phenomena. It appears that these people belonged to a band of thieves and human vampires, who have recently been robbing the suburbs of Clichy, and, according to the common rumor, stealing children. This year, owing to the reestablishment of the suburban fairs and fetes, mountebanks, giants, monstrosities, khroumirs, bearded women, elastic men, torpedo girls and other curious creatures have flocked to Paris in greater numbers than ever with their caravans, tents, cattle and chattels. The camping quarter in the intervals between the fairs is on the great plains to the north of Paris, and particularly on the wastes of Saint-Ouen. The Auberge de Phenomenes on the Route de la Revolte serves as headquarters, as it were the exchange, of the mountebanks, where the managers transact their business and make their engagements. As for the thirty persons arrested, they have been sent, the men to Mazas, the women to Saint Lazare. As criminals they are no more interesting than other criminals. The Auberge des Phenomenes is on the long, gray, doleful Route de Revolte, between Courcelles and Neuilly. The building is the commonplace, dirty-white wineshop common to the suburbs of Paris, surrounded with a low palisade. The door, surmounted by a sign, gives access to a court-yard, planted with puling acacia trees, on each side of which run long sheds, whose roofs are supported by knotted and sinister-looking posts. The business part of the house is a long ground floor room, parallel with the road, from which it is divided by the court-yard. This room is divided into two parts, one reserved for the inn-keeper's family, and the other for first-class customers. Access to the room is given by a double glass door, facing which is another glass door leading into the garden. The garden is a big desolate waste, as verdureless in spring as in autumn. Even the hedge that surrounds it is black. At the bottom of the garden are half a dozen tumble-down huts, dignified by the name of "pavilions," which the inn-keeper lets out by the night, the week or the month—payment in advance. As for the rest the hirer is unmolested. The inn itself in utterly isolated. In the distance may be seen the gray line of the fortifications; to the right is a back view of the houses of Neuilly, and to the left the road follows its curve toward Saint Denis and Saint-Ouen.

The innkeeper's name is Thodor, a short, thick-set man, formerly a "strong man," or Hercules. His wife, Mamie, weighs some three hundred and twenty pounds, but she has never drawn any professional advantage from her hugeness, and now, she says, she is too old "to go on the stage." The couple seem to live happily. Mamie looks after the counter, and Thodor, clad in threadbare velvet trappings and dirty tights, drinks and talks with the customers who may happen to drop in on their way to this or that fete in the environs. From time to time the caravans of some grand enterprise call with a part of their company. "The Brothers Cochin," "The Toilers of the Sea," "The Mustapha Besef," an Arabian company, "The Mysteries of the Galleys," "The Inferno and its Damnations," an anatomical museum, a "diorama of the siege," a "sanctuary of strong men," a circus, a menagerie, "Miss Edith and her lions," gingerbread stalls, the man fish, and the panther woman. On such occasions Thodor, in spite of his Herculean throat, generally ends under the table, but Mamie is too busy with the till to trouble herself about her husband.

The fair business, like everything else, has not resisted the march of progress. Mechanical contrivances, tinsel and imposture have killed the artist. Even in the circuses there are few performers who work with the impetuous courage of true artists; few of them "font le peril," as their phrase runs. The spirit of *bourgeoisisme* has found its way among the mountebanks. Bohemianism is not so common among them as it used to be. The force of capital has asserted itself, and the monstrosities, Herculeses, rope-walkers, serpent men, etc., are employed by honest and methodical business men, whose perambulating establishments are worth large sums of money. Still, in spite of progress, the Auberge des Phenomenes remains the great rendezvous of the profession, and managers on the lookout for novelties often come there to fill up their programme.

The Parisian fairs, like the annual gingerbread fair and the Neuilly pleasure fair, cause large sums of money to change hands, and the value of the stock is very considerable. The municipality levies a tax of two francs a square meter for the space and lays on gas. The traveling theaters, like those of Cocherie, Delille and Marketti, which are famous all over France, are worth about $10,000. They generally play a spectacular piece, to mount which costs them half that sum. Their receipts for the fair month average in Paris $5,000, the entrance being from ten to forty cents. The crier who delivers enticing speeches at the door is paid from $10 to $12 a week; the clown $8 a week; the musicians eighty cents a day; the walking gentlemen and "supers" sixty to seventy cents. The stock of the wild beast shows represents the greatest value at the fair. Bidel's animals are valued at $60,000, and the cages and rolling stock at $40,000. The men who look after the menagerie earn $8 a week. Bidel, the lion tamer, gave me some curious statistics about menageries and the cost of beasts. An ordinary adult lion is worth $1,600, and costs $1 50 to $2 a day for his food; an ordinary tiger, price $1,000, cost of food $1 50 to $2; elephant, $1,200, cost of food $1 a day; panther, $160, cost of food $1; a serpent, $40, eats twice a year a blanket in default of a rabbit. The chief wild beast market in France is at Havre, where there are two or three specialists. The entrance to a menagerie varies from ten to forty cents, and the receipts for a fair month amount to about $3,000.

A great attraction at the present moment at Parisian fairs are the wrestlers. The stock in trade, consisting of a big tent, seats, wagons, etc., is worth about $1,200. The wrestlers are paid from $14 to 16 a week, and the "comtois," or man in the crowd who responds to the challenge from the sawdust, is paid from $18 to $20. The contracts between the wrestlers and the proprietors of the enterprise are always verbal. In the case of phenomena and monstrosities in general a written contract is always signed, with the phenomena in person if he or she be of age, or with the parents in case of minors. The terms are generally $40 a month, with food, lodging and dress. To this sum must be added the "manche," or proceeds obtained by the phenomenon in the interior of the booth when he hands round the hat. Admission to see phenomena is from 3 to 5 cents, and the receipts of a fair month amount to $600 or $800.

All the material, rolling stock, appliances and paraphernalia of the mountebanks are manufactured at Paris. The artistic adornment of the booths—pictures of five-headed calves, hairless horses, fat women, skeletons, convict gangs, khroumirs, the jaw of Sampson, etc.—is painted, irrespective of the subject, at the rate of $2 a square metre. Mountebank art forms a superior branch of the modern art of sign and advertisement painting.

It might be thought, that the more brilliant and the more civilized Paris became the less mountebanks and showmen would be tolerated within its walls. Only thirty-five years ago the Pont Neuf and the Boulevard du Temple and des Filles du Calvaire swarmed with mountebanks all the year round. This is no longer allowed, it is true, but these interesting members of society have no reason to complain. At the new year they are allowed to invade the boulevards for three weeks; at the time of the national fete they again have the run of the town; at the gingerbread fair they have two miles of the boulevard at their disposal, and at the fete of Neuilly they line the Avenue de la Grande Armee from end to end. Then, during the summer, they go the rounds of the suburban communes, and have two grand fetes to which the Parisians flock in crowds at Saint Cloud and in the forest of Saint Germain. Furthermore, extraordinary fetes are being organized in Paris, and the mountebanks are always invited to lend their aid. Only last month the gardens of the Tuileries were occupied by the mountebanks for a whole fortnight. For that matter, years and years and years ago a royal decree was issued permitting jugglers and mountebanks to enter Paris free of tax, provided they showed their own skill, or that of their apes, to the keepers of the city gates; hence the popular expression to pay in apes' money, "payer en monnaie de singe," which, by the way, is still a favorite ceremony with the mountebanks.

English Walking Dresses.

From the New York Mail and Express.

The English fashions make all walking dresses in severe tailor's finish. The basque is in simple habit shape with postilion back, single-breasted front fastened by small ball buttons, standing collar and slit pockets finished by stitched edges and embroidery of crow's-feet in heavy silk at each end. The skirt is finished in a variety of ways. Sometimes it is laid in a double kilt and sometimes finished by two narrow pleatings overlapping each other on the edge of the skirt. An apron front and a simple drapery at the back finish the costume. These dresses are made in cheviots in subdued mixtures, and plain cloths in dark myrtle green, marine green, hussar blue, olive, black or dark navy blue. The wrap to complete this dress for the street may be a long pelisse, a coat made with cape like a coachman's overcoat or a simple medium length, double-breasted coat, with the skirt joined to the waist like a gentleman's frock coat.

Some London hats are shown to wear with these costumes, which are unpleasantly suggestive of the old time Derby. They are of fine felt, and are finished on the edge with a wide ribbon binding like a man's hat, and ornamented with a ribbon and buckle, which passes around the crown and is finished at one side by a cluster of drooping cock's plumes. In less severe style, and in better taste, are charming hats of felt, with steamed velvet crowns, the velvet fitting as smoothly to the crown as if it were moulded on to it, as it really is. These are shown in large picturesque shapes, with broad brims and in dark cloth colors, trimmed with bows and ribbons of velvet caught by gold buckles finished with drooping cock's plumes or long hanging ostrich feathers.

Another Boy Traveler.

From the New York Times.

On Thursday evening Police Justice Lawrence, of Jersey City, saw a 15-year old boy, who had a basket on his arm, taken into the Third Precinct Police Station. He thought the lad had been arrested for peddling without a license, and followed him in with the humane design of giving him his freedom again as soon as possible. There he ascertained that the boy had been found wandering aimlessly about; that he was without home or friends, and unable to understand a word of English. He seemed to be a bright little fellow, clean and well dressed, and the Justice's interest in him was increased. The boy showed a slip of paper, on which were the words "Lars Larden and Andersen Petersen Andersen, Edgewater, Bergen county." The boy gave the Justice to understand that if he could find either of the persons named he would be at home. There is no Edgewater on the map of Bergen county, but Justice Lawrence, accompanied by Police Commissioner Bird, started out to find it. A little settlement on the Hudson River bank, and bearing that name, was finally discovered, and the house of Larsden was soon found. Then it transpired that Larsden was the boy's uncle, and that Andersen, the other man whose name was on the slip of paper, was his father, whom the boy had not seen in twelve years. When the lad was three years old his father came from Sweden to this country, leaving his family behind him, and promising to send for them soon. He did not send though he kept up his correspondence with his wife. A few months ago a letter from home informed him that his son needed money with which to defray the expenses attending his contemplated education for the ministry. He sent the money asked for. Instead of appropriating it to that purpose the mother spent it in fitting the boy up and paying his passage to this country in search of his father. Andersen, who is employed at the Seventh Regiment Armory, this city, was telegraphed for. He went to Justice Lawrence's office yesterday, and the meeting of the father and son was an affecting spectacle.

Handsome Pouches for Handkerchiefs.

From the New York Evening Post.

Handkerchief pouches and bags continue in fashion. They add very much to the finish of a toilet designed for any occasion, be it a picnic, party or ball. Very handsome ones are sold made of black velvet, embroidered in tiny gold buds and leaves, edged with gold lace, lined inside with gold-colored silk, and depending from the belt clasp with a fine French gold chatelaine. These pouches are too expensive for ordinary purses, but there are innumerable varieties made in every shape and style, and sold at reasonable prices. Stylish modistes now send home their most expensive costumes with a pouch accompanying the dress, made en suite with the toilet.

DR. WOOD—Thirty years' practical experience Cures all CHRONIC DISEASES of male or female no matter how SERIOUS or long standing, in less time and for LESS MONEY than any other physician. Every case guaranteed; business confidential. Office private. No. 619 Locust st. Call or write. Hours 8 to 8 daily. P. S.—Female pills and rubber goods best in market.

DOCTOR WHITTIER,

617 St. Charles Street, St. Louis, Mo.,

A regular graduate of two medical colleges, has been longer engaged in the treatment of Chronic, Nervous, Skin and Blood Diseases than any other physician in St. Louis, as city papers show and all old residents know. Consultation at office or by mail, free and invited. A friendly talk or opinion costs nothing. When it is inconvenient to visit the city for treatment, medicine can be sent by mail or express everywhere. Curable cases guaranteed; where doubt exists it is frankly stated.

Nervous Prostration, Debility, Mental and Physical Weakness, Mercurial and other affections of Throat, Skin and Bones, Blood Impurities and Blood Poisoning, Skin Affections, Old Sores and Ulcers, Impediments to Marriage, Rheumatism, Piles. Especial attention to cases from over-worked brain. SURGICAL Cases receive Special Attention.

What is the voice of past ages regarding special practice? Herodotus, the father of history, says in Egypt 3,000 years ago, "certain individuals treated certain diseases only." He adds, "no doubt they in this copied the Assyrians of earlier ages."—[HERODOTUS Euterpe, Section 84. HIPPOCRATES, the earliest medical scholar, plainly says the human intellect could not compass all medical knowledge, and only by treating by classes was there hope of proficiency.

TO-DAY IN AMERICA.

Austin Flint, M. D., Professor in Bellevue Medical College, New York, says in his Principles and Practice of Medicine, 1873, page 28, "the more important specialties are now recognized. Specialties result from an increase of knowledge, rendering it difficult for one mind to compass all." We say all honor to this master mind and teacher, who stands highest in pathological knowledge in this country. His works are text books in all medical colleges.

It is self-evident that a physician paying particular attention to a class of cases attains great skill, and physicians in regular practice all over the country, knowing this, frequently recommend cases to this oldest office in America, where every known appliance is resorted to, and the proved good remedies of all ages and countries are used. A whole house is used for office purposes, and all are treated with skill in a respectful manner; and, knowing what to do, no experiments are made. On account of the great number of cases applying, the charges are kept low, often lower than is demanded by others. If you secure the skill and get a speedy and perfect cure, that is the important matter.

A MEDICAL BOOK

Of 250 pages, illustrated, cloth and gilt binding, 50 cents; paper cover 25 cents. Sent, sealed, by mail. Anybody can read it, and every young, middle-aged and old man ought to read it. German, 64 pages, two stamps. Pamphlets, 36 pages, free. Calls or letters of consultation free and invited. Consultation other hours and private entrance by appointment by mail.

Hours, 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays, 12 m. to 1 p. m. only.

LEGAL.

No. 14,399 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of John Connors, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

John Connors,

deceased, and that I did so on the 7th day of August, 1882, for the purpose of administrating on the same, with the will annexed.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said esrate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis. Office, 615 Chestnut street, second floor.
St. Louis, Mo., August 28, 1882. 22T

No. 14,424 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of Henrietta Matthaei, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

Henrietta Matthaei,

deceased, and that I did so on the 24th day of August, 1882, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis. Office, 615 Chestnut st.
St. Louis, Mo., August 28, 1882. 31T

No. 14,393 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of Milton Carper, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

Milton Carper,

deceased, and that I did so on the 1st day of August, 1882, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis. Office, 615 Chestnut street, second floor.
St. Louis, Mo., August 28, 1882. 20T

No. 14,411 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of John H. McAlpine, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

John H. McAlpine,

deceased, and that I did so on the 14th day of August, 1882, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis. Office, 615 Chestnut street, second floor.
St. Louis, Mo., August 28, 1882. 16T

No. 14,406 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of James McDowell, deceased. Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

James McDowell,

deceased, and that I did so on the 9th day of August, 1882, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred. MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis. Office 615 Chestnut st., second floor.
St. Louis, Mo., August 28, 1882. 25T

ESTATE of Lorenz Beumer, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of

Lorenz Beumer,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the 2d day of September, A.D. 1882.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 6th day of September, 1882.

AMALIE BEUMER,
15V Executrix of Lorenz Beumer, deceased.

No. 14,400 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of Robert Dickey, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

Robert Dickey,

deceased, and that I did so on the 7th day of August, 1882, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis, 615 Chestnut street, second floor.
St. Louis, Mo., August 28, 1882. 23T

No. 14,423 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re-estate of L. A. Welch, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

L. A. Welch,

deceased, and that I did so on the 23d day of August, 1882, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred. MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis. Office 615 Chestnut street, second floor. 30T

ESTATE of James L. Sloss, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of

James L. Sloss,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 26th day of August, 1882.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year from the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 28th day of August, 1882.

BELLE SLOSS,
33T Executrix.

NOTICE TO THE HEIRS OF HENRY BOERS, DECEASED.—Henry Boers committed suicide in St. Louis county, Mo., on or about the 25th day of April, 1880. He was about sixty years old, five feet nine or ten inches high, heavy set and large-boned, weighed about 175 pounds, with florid complexion, but not clear; brown hair, full, round face and large head, teeth well preserved. The color of his eyes was different, one being dark, the other light.

He came to St. Louis from Germany about 1852, and then worked as a day laborer, but for twenty-five years before his death he was a plasterer. He left an estate valued at $1,546 51, consisting of personal property appraised at $64 20, notes and interest $1,431 70, cash $50 61.

For further particulars apply at my office, or to the attorneys for the estate.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator City of St. Louis. Office, 615 Chestnut street.
Klein & Fisse, attorneys for estate, 509 Olive street, St. Louis.
St. Louis, August 28, 1882. 40T

No. 14,394 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of Thomas Poe, deceased,—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

Thomas Poe,

deceased, and that I did so on the first day of August, 1882, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis. Office 615 Chestnut street, second floor.
St. Louis, Mo., August 28, 1882. 21T

No. 14,491 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of John McMahan, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

John McMahan,

deceased, and that I did so on the 7th day of August, 1882, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they may be forever barred. MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis, Office, 615 Chestnut street, second floor.
St. Louis, Mo., August 28, 1882. 24T

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of

Charlotte Benjamin,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 31st day of August, 1882. All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

MORRIS GLASER,
Executor of Charlotte Benjamin, deceased.
St. Louis, Mo., September 15, 1882.

ESTATE of Herman H. Schemmer, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of

Hermann H. Schemmer,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 8th day of September, A. D. 1882.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within one year from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 11th day of September, A. D. 1882.

HENRY W. MEYER,
Administrator of the estate of Hermann H. Schemmer, deceased.
Klein & Fisse, Attorneys. 16V

LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—Whereas George M. Fichtenkam and Elizabeth A. Fichtenkam, his wife, and Bernard Goldschmitt, as trustee of said Elizabeth A. Fichtenkam, acting therein at her special instance and request, which is signified by her signature thereto attached, by their certain deed of trust, with power of sale, dated the 30th day of May, 1871, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for Jefferson county, Missouri, in book 3, at pages 589, 590 and 591, did convey to the undersigned, Louis Ottenad, as trustee, the following described real estate, lying and situate in Jefferson county, Missouri, to-wit: The east half of lot number four (4) of the northwest quarter and the west half of lot number five (5) of the northeast quarter of section number four (4), in township number thirty-nine (39) of range number five (5) east, containing eighty acres. Also, all that tract or parcel of land in the county of Jefferson and State of Missouri, to-wit: Lot number four (4) of the northeast quarter of section number four (4) in township number thirty-nine (39), of range number five (5) east, containing eighty acres, it being the same one hundred and sixty (160) acres of land which the said Bernard Goldschmitt, as trustee of said Elizabeth A. Fichtenkam, acquired of Edward C. McNulty and wife, by deed dated the 6th day of July, A. D. 1864, and recorded in the Recorder's office of said Jefferson county, in book T, pages 574, 575 and 576; which said conveyance to the undersigned was made in trust to secure the payment of seven certain promissory negotiable notes, bearing even date with said deed of trust, and therein fully described, and executed by the said George M. Fichtenkam and Elizabeth A. Fichtenkam, his wife. And whereas default has been made in the payment of the principal note described in and secured by said deed, for the sum of $2,000, payable three years after date, and the same remains wholly unpaid, together with interest accrued thereon from the 30th day of May, 1877; now, therefore, public notice is hereby given that, at the request of the legal holder and owner of said unpaid principal note, by virtue of the authority of said deed of trust and in pursuance of the provisions thereof, I, the undersigned, trustee in said deed, will, on

TUESDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, A. D. 1882,

between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the east Court-house door, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, proceed to sell, and will sell the property hereinbefore described, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purpose of satisfying said unpaid note, with the interest accrued thereon, and the costs and expenses of executing said trust.

LOUIS OTTENAD, Trustee.
St. Louis, August 31, 1882. 51T

WHEREAS the South St. Louis Railway Company, a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Missouri, in conformity with a resolution of the Board of Directors and under authority granted by a meeting of stockholders, as it does appear in two deeds, one dated October 8, 1878, and recorded in book 599, page 310, and the other one dated October 24, 1878, and recorded in book 601, page 206, of the St. Louis City Records, by its president and secretary, and with the corporate seal attached, did convey to the undersigned, William C. Lange, by the foregoing deeds, the following described property, etc., to-wit:

All and singular the right and privileges and franchises belonging to or hereafter to be acquired by the South St. Louis Railway Company, under the laws of the State of Missouri and the ordinances of the city of St. Louis, also its tracks of railway now laid down or hereafter to be laid down in the city of Louis, Missouri, and all iron or steel rails, material, passenger cars, rolling stock, live stock, horses, mules, harness, equipments, and all personal property and appurtenances of said railway of whatsoever description, now owned or hereafter to be acquired by said South St. Louis Railway Company; also all real estate, whether held in fee or less tenure, within the city of St. Louis as now established by low, at present held or hereafter to be acquired by said Railway Company, and particularly one certain leasehold property now owned and described as follows:

The west half of block number fifty-nine (59), survey number three (3), of former city of Carondelet, now city block No. 3180 of the city of St. Louis, containing a front of 295 feet on east line of Second street, running east of equal width 137 feet and 6 inches in depth to an alley 20 feet wide, bounded north by Poepping street, south by Davis street, east by said alley and west by Second street, together with all and singular the buildings, shops, stables, car-sheds, mills and offices now erected or which may hereafter be erected on any of said tracts of land or any land hereafter acquired.

Which conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of one hundred and sixty (160) bonds of five hundred dollars each, with interest, represented by coupons attached to said bonds, at the rate of eight per cent per annum, bonds being dated October 1st, 1878, and coupons being payable semi-annually. And whereas coupons of said bonds have become due and remain due and unpaid. Now, at the request of the holder of all these bonds, and in pursuance of the terms of said deed of trust, I, the undersigned, trustee, will, on

SATURDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1882,

between the hours of 10 a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of said day, proceed to sell the above described property, together with all the privileges and franchises thereto belonging, at the eastern front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, to the highest bidder, for cash, to satisfy said trust and the expenses of executing the same. WILLIAM C. LANGE, Trustee.

The attention of bidders is called to a certain agreement between the South Saint Louis Railway Company, William C. Lange, representing the bondholders, and Theodore Plate, dated December 5, 1881, and recorded in book 672, page 172, of the St. Louis Records; five thousand dollars to be paid cash down at the Court-house door for bidding off said property and balance to be paid three days after the sale, when the deed will be delivered.

70T WM. C. LANGE.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Henry Buchholz and Johanna Buchholz, his wife, by their certain deed of trust, dated the nineteenth day of April, A. D. 1872, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, Missouri, in book 448, page 489, conveyed in trust to the undersigned the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, described as follows: Lot No. eighteen (18) of block No. three (3) of George Bailey's first addition to the city of St. Louis, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a point on the eastern line of Pleasant street one hundred and eighty feet five inches southwardly from the southern line of Kossuth avenue, thence eastwardly with the southern line of lot nineteen of said block one hundred and twenty feet to alley, thence southwardly with the western line of said alley twenty-five feet to the northern line of lot seventeen of said block, thence westwardly with the northern line of said lot seventeen one hundred and twenty feet to Pleasant street, thence northwardly with the eastern line of Pleasant street twenty-five feet to the place of beginning; also a certain piece or parcel of ground situated, lying and being in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, described as follows: Being ten feet and five inches of ground off of the southern line of lot No. fifteen in block No. three in George Bailey's first addition to the city of St. Louis, bounded as follows, to-wit: On the north by a part of lot No. nineteen, on the east by an alley, south by lot No. eighteen of said addition, and west by Pleasant street; also lots No. twenty-five and twenty-six of block No. 4 of George Bailey's first addition to the city of St. Louis, described as follows: Beginning at a point in the west line of Bentzen street, distant southwardly one hundred and six feet one inch from the southwest corner of Bentzen street and Kossuth avenue, thence running southwardly forty-five feet five inches, thence westwardly eightyty-four feet four inches parallel with Bailey avenue to a point, thence northwardly parallel with Bentzen street forty-five feet five inches to an alley, thence eastwardly parallel with Bailey avenue eighty-four feet four inches to place of beginning; which said conveyance to the undersigned was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed of trust described. And whereas one of said notes has become due and remains unpaid. Now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said note, and in pursuance of the conditions in said deed of trust, the undersigned will, on

FRIDAY, THE 29TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, A. D., 1882,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m., of said day, at the east front door of the Court-house in said city of St. Louis, Missouri, sell the above described real estate, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purpose of satisfying said note and the cost of executing this trust.

JOHN M. KRUM, Trustee.
R. J. DELANO, Attorney. 99T

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas J. Parker Norris and Mary G., his wife, acting by and through Alex. J. P. Garesche, their attorney in fact, by their certain deed of trust dated the eighteenth day of May, eighteen hundred and sixty-four, and recorded at page 251 in book 288 of records in the office of the Recorder of Deeds in the City of St. Louis in the State of Missouri, conveyed to the undersigned trustee the property in said deed described, as follows, to-wit: The one undivided sixth part of a certain lot of ground in the city of St. Louis, with the improvements thereon erected, in block number two hundred and twenty-three of the city of St. Louis, having a front of sixty feet on the east side of Lewis street, and running back eastwardly between parallel lines to the levee or river one hundred and fifty-seven feet, be the same more or less, bounded on the west by Lewis street, on the south by Smith street, on the east by the levee or river, and on the north by lot of John and William Finney, being the same property owned by Vital M. Garesche, late of St. Louis county, deceased, and the interest of the said Mary G. Norris therein, being an undivided one-sixth as one of the children of the said Vital M. Garesche, in trust to secure the payment of a certain promissory note described in said deed; and whereas said note is due and (with the interest thereon accrued since November, 1881) remains unpaid; now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said note and in pursuance of the provisions of said deed of trust, I will offer said property for sale, for cash, at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the east front door of the Court-house, in said city of St. Louis, between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 4 o'clock in the afternoon, on

SATURDAY, THE 14TH DAY OF OCTOBER, A. D. 1882,

for the purposes of said trust.

FREDERICK SAUGRAIN,
Trustee.
St. Louis, Mo., September 21, 1882. 66V

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Default having been made in the payment of one of the notes specified in and secured by a deed of trust to me executed by John P. Capelle, dated second day of February, A. D. 1877, and recorded in book 566 at page 193 of the records of deeds in and for the city of St. Louis, Missouri, I will, in pursuance thereof and at the request of the legal holder of said notes, on

SATURDAY, THE 30TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1882,

at the eastern front of the Court-house in said city of St. Louis, between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m., and 5 o'clock p. m., sell, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, the property in said deed described, to wit: A lot of ground in block No. 1012 of the city of Saint Louis, Mo., beginning at a point in the south line of Lucas avenue 135 feet east of the east line of Garrison avenue, thence east along the south line of Lucas avenue 24 feet 9 inches, thence south at right angles with Lucas avenue 134 feet 8 inches to an alley 15 feet wide, thence running west along the north line of said alley 24 feet 9 inches, thence north at right angles with said alley 134 ft 8 inches to the south line of Lucas avenue, and place of beginning, and being the eastern 24 feet 9 inches of lot No. 25 of block No. 47 of Stoddard addition to St. Louis; for the purposes of said trust. S. D. PORTER,
3V Trustee.

Assignees' Notices.

BUDDENBURG FURNITURE CO.—A dividend of twenty-five per cent. will be paid on presentation of all allowed unsecured claims at the office, 720 N. 4th st., 2d story. HENRY MEIER, Assignee.

LEGAL.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Default having been made in the payment of certain notes described in a deed of trust made to me by Jesse Douglass, dated August 18, 1875, recorded in the Recorder's office in the city of St. Louis, Mo., in book 528, page 261, public notice is hereby given that, at the request of the legal holder of said notes and for the purposes of said trust, I will, on

SATURDAY, THE 30TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1882,

between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, Mo., sell at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, the property described in said deed of trust, to-wit: Lot No. five (5) of Napoleon B. Franklin's subdivision of a portion of U. S. survey No. 107, a plat of which subdivision is on file in the Recorder's office of St. Louis county, in plat book No. 3, page 238. Said lot has a front on the northern side of Pennsylvania avenue of (407 10½-12) four hundred and seven feet and ten and a-half inches, and runs back northwardly of that width (272 7-12) two hundred and seventy-two feet and seven inches, and is bounded southwardly by Pennsylvania avenue, westwardly by lot No. four of said subdivision, northwardly by a line parallel to and 272 7-12 feet northwardly of Pennsylvania avenue and eastwardly by lot No. six of said subdivision, and contains three (3) arpents of ground. JOHN N. STRAAT,
Trustee.
St. Louis, August 30, 1882. 36T

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Catherine Morrisey, widow, and Kate Morrisey, unmarried, by their deed of trust, dated the twenty-eighth day of October, 1881, and recorded in book 664, page 146, of the office of Recorder of Deeds for city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, did convey to the undersigned, trustee, all their right and interest in and to the following described real estate, situate in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit: A lot of ground in block number 2251 of said city of St. Louis, being lot number sixteen (16) of block number seven (7) of the continuation of Larned's addition to said city, and having a front of twenty-five (25) feet on the east line of Summit or Ewing avenue by a depth east of 117 feet, bounded west by Summit or Ewing avenue, north by Pacific Railroad, south by land now or late of Krepper, and east by land now or late of Kenney; which conveyance was in trust to secure the payment of a certain promissory note in said deed of trust fully described; and whereas default has been made in the payment of the said note by said deed secured, and the same remains due and unpaid; now therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said note and in pursuance of the provisions of said deed of trust, I, the undersigned trustee, will, on

TUESDAY, THE THIRD DAY OF OCTOBER, A. D. 1882,

between the hours of nine o'clock a.m. and five o'clock p. m. of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the said city of St. Louis, proceed to sell the property hereinbefore described at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, to satisfy said note and the expenses of executing this trust.

JOHN H. OVERALL, Trustee.
Valle Reyburn, attorney.
St. Louis, August 15, 1882. 64S

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—Whereas Elizabeth Neumann and Joseph Ferguson, her trustee, did convey to the undersigned trustee, by their deed of trust, dated February 21, 1882, and recorded in book 672, page 147, of the St. Louis City Records, the following described real estate lying in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, more particulary described as follows: A lot of ground on the north line of West Brooklyn street, commencing at a point seventy-one and a half (71½) feet west of North Tenth street, thence west along the north line of West Brooklyn street twenty (20) feet more or less to a lot formerly belonging to Joseph H. Lorke, thence north along the east line of said last mentioned lot to an alley, thence east on said alley twenty (20) feet, and thence in a straight line to the place of beginning, together with the improvements; which conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of two notes in said deed of trust described; and whereas default was made in the payment of two notes, and the same are yet due and unpaid, now, at the request of the legal holders of said notes, and in pursuance of the terms of said deed of trust, I, the undersigned trustee, will, on

SATURDAY, THE 30TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1882,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of said day, proceed to sell the above-described property at the eastern front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, Mo., for cash, to the highest bidder, to satisfy said trust and the expenses of executing the same. 5V
C. TH. UHLMANN, Trustee.
September 8, 1882.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Joseph Gleitz (now more than nine months deceased) and Cecelia, his wife, by their certain deed of trust, dated July 15, 1873, and of record in book 478, page 82, of the late St. Louis county, now city, Recorder's office, conveyed to the undersigned lots numbered seventeen and eighteen in block number sixteen, of Labadie & Lynch's addition, in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, fronting together fifty (50) feet on the south line of Rappahanock street, and with that width running southwardly one hundred and fifty-six feet four and a half inches to the northern line of the Durand claim, as laid down on a map made by Charles De Ward in 1836, bounded north by Rappahannock street, west by lot numbered 19, south by said Durand claim and east by said lot numbered 16 of said block 16, in trust to secure the payment of a certain promissory note more fully described in said deed. And whereas the interest on said note has become due and remains unpaid. Now, therefore, at the request of the holder of said note, I, the undersigned, will sell said property, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, at the eastern front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, for cash, between the hours of ten a. m. and four o'clock p. m., of

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1882,

for the purposes of said trust.

JOHN BERTRAM,
Trustee.
St. Louis, September 9, 1882. 11V

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Caspar Diekhaus and Franciska, his wife, by their certain deed of trust, dated the 28th of July, 1875, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the county (now city) of St. Louis, in book 530, page 194, conveyed to the undersigned, trustee, the following described tract or parcel of land, situated in the county (now city) of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: Being lots numbered three (3), four (4) and five (5) in block number eleven (11) of the "Garden Suburb," a subdivision made by John How and Henry Ames of a partition survey No. 926 in the name of Antoine Roy, a plat of which, made by Wm. C. Cozzens, County Surveyor, is duly recorded in the Recorder's office of St. Louis county (now city); said lots No. 3, 4 and 5 having an aggregate front of one hundred and fifty (150) feet on the east side of Lincoln street, and running eastwardly of equal width parallel with Schiller and Humboldt streets one hundred and fifty (150) feet in depth; which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of a certain promissory note in said deed described; and whereas said note has become due and remains unpaid; now therefore, in accordance with the provisions of said deed of trust, and at the request of the legal holder of said note, I, the undersigned trustee, will, on

16TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1882,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., proceed to sell the said described property at public vendue to the highest bidder, for cash, at the east front door of the Court-house in St. Louis, Mo.

ARIE DE JONG,
60V Trustee.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—Default having been made in the payment of the principal note described in and secured by a deed of trust executed by Hugh H. Skinner and wife, dated the 22d day of May, 1877, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, in book 574, page 204, public notice is therefore hereby given that at the request of the legal holder of said note, and in pursuance of the provisions in said deed of trust to me, I will on

SATURDAY, THE 30TH OF SEPTEMBER, 1882

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m., at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, proceed to sell at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, the property in said deed of trust described, as follows, to-wit: Real estate situate, lying and being in block No. 1029 of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, being lot No. forty-five (45) of block sixty-four (64) of Stoddard addition to the city of St. Louis, a plat of which addition is on file in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the then county of St. Louis, said lots having a front of twenty-five feet on the south line of Thomas street and extending southwardly of that width one hundred and eighteen feet and three inches, more or less, to an alley fifteen feet wide, bounded north by said Thomas street, east by lot No. 46 of said block, south by said alley and west by lot No. 44 in said block, on which lot is situated a two-story brick dwelling-house.

BERNHARD LOEBLEIN,
September 1, 1882. Trustee.
79T

NOTICE is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of W. S. Parker, deceased, that I, the undersigned, administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December next.

CHAS. P. JOHNSON,
Administrator of W. S. Parker, deceased.
St. Louis, September 18, 1882.

No. 14,422 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of Elizabeth Deakers, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

Elizabeth Deakers,

deceased, and that I did on the 23d day of August, 1882, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred. MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis. Office, 615 Chestnut street, second floor.
St. Louis, Mo., August 28, 1882. 29T

No. 14,420 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of Barbara Kaeppler, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

Barbara Kaeppler,

deceased, and that I did so on the 21st day of August, 1882, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis. Office, 615 Chestnut street, second floor.
St. Louis, Mo., August 28, 1882. 28T

No. 12,416 of estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of Jacob Conrad, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

Jacob Conrad,

deceased, and that I did so on the 15th day of August, 1882, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year from the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis. Office, 615 Chestnut street, second floor.
St. Louis, Mo. August 28, 1882. 27T

St. Louis Post-Dispatch,

BY JOSEPH PULITZER.

[Entered at the Post-Office at St. Louis, Mo., as second-class mail matter.]

TERMS OF THE DAILY.

One year, postage paid	$9 00
Six months	4 50
Three months	2 25
One month (delivered by carrier)	65
By the week (delivered by carrier)	15

THE WEEKLY.

One year, postage paid	$1 00
Six months, postage paid	60

All business or news letters or telegrams should be addressed: POST-DISPATCH, 515 and 517 Market street.

This paper has on each day of publication twice as large a circulation in this city as any other paper published. Our books are open and advertisers are specially invited to examine them.

JOHN C. NEW threatens to resign his Treasury portfolio if he can't be promoted to the head of the Department when FOLGER retires. Can it be possible that NEW desires to shock the country and depress the markets for speculative purposes?

JUDGE THAYER, of the Circuit Court, has been conscientious and efficient in the discharge of his duties, and he deserves re-election. He has experience, good intentions and good digestion. These are things to be considered in the selection of Judges.

IT is understood that the *Republican* is about to bring out a dark horse candidate for Sheriff for the purpose of beating LARRY HARRIGAN. When this is done there will be a loud yell in the Milesian camp and the followers of HARRIGAN will go forth to scalp Col. JAMES O'BROADHEAD.

FOR suppressing the recent riots and strikes of the the tax-payers in Egypt, WOLSELEY and SEYMOUR are to be raised to the Peerage. This is done for the benefit of the Peerage, which which would "rot like some fat weed on Lethe's wharf" but for these frequent transfusions of fresh blood from below.

IT is reported that the Emperor of Russia and his estimable wife have returned to Peterhoff from Moscow in an unsanctified state. They wanted to experiment on Moscow a little. Having made the journey in safety they will slip down one of these days and have themselves crowned before the Nihilists suspect them.

MR. KINKEAD, Police Commissioner, is riding around in a handsome park wagon presented to him by the gentleman who has the contract for furnishing the city with the expensive and useless Police Patrol wagons. This is significant. The costly ambulances for drunkards should be abolished and KINKEAD along with them.

THERE never was a man who so thoroughly demonstrated his unfitness for a judicial position opportunities all considered—as HENRY D. LAUGHLIN. We are pleased to learn that he has determined not to be a candidate for re-election to the Criminal Court Judgeship. His mind was made up, we believe, last Saturday evening.

THE rustic hoodlum in Illinois will cling to his charivari party in spite of many warnings that it is dangerous fun. A newly married farmer in McLean county, the other night opened on a crowd of horn-blowers, bell-ringers and tin-pan beaters with his revolver, while his fair bride handled a breech-loading shot-gun with such effect that not one of the musical visitors got away unhurt.

A MEETING of the friends of BROADHEAD was held at Long's Hall Saturday evening pursuant to a circular sent out by DON MORRISON last week and signed by forty-two influential citizens. We do not find among the signers the name of a single German citizen. Several Irishmen appear on the list, but not a solitary Teuton looms up. It looks as though BROADHEAD'S managers had concluded to hang out a sign: "No Dutch Need Apply."

A DISCOVERY has been made by a citizen of St. Louis that the people of this country owe their liberties to rum. A certain Mr. TIERNAN stated before the Liberal League yesterday that Gen. WASHINGTON, while at Valley Forge in the winter of 1778, wrote to Congress to say that unless rum was furnished the soldiers they would all desert. The rum was forwarded, the boys were kept together during that long and terrible winter, and in the gentle spring they were able to "do up" the British and Hessians in fine style. Out of the hope inspired by that glorious rum grew the great American Republic. Let us all take a rum punch.

TURKEY has finally settled the Greek boundary question by surrendering all that Greece claims under the treaty of Berlin. Thus the once vast and mighty Ottoman Empire has been pared down to a mere remnant of its former self and the crushing debts incurred in resisting the process are now all piled upon promises so few and poor that it is a relief for any of them to be detached. With each increase of Turkey's debt comes loss of territory, loss of resources and loss of credit, and soon her bondholders will be left with no security for their money, and England as the principal creditor will step in as the receiver of the Sultan's bankrupt estate.

THE shameless organ of the Star Route thieves, the Washington *Critic*, is trying to justify the crimes of its owners by charging that Attorney-General BREWSTER recently appeared in a Washington club-house seriously under the influence of liquor. We could excuse Mr. BREWSTER for undermining the Republic by riding in a carriage with armorial designs on its panels—we could even overlook the demoralization which his ruffled shirts and finger rings are causing—but if he has actually committed the rare crime of getting drunk we shall insist on closing the gates of mercy upon him. The American people are, as a rule, lenient and forgiving, but they will never condone the offense against God and man of drinking too much burgundy at a club dinner. Down with the flagitious Attorney-General!

NOT content with knocking Mr. FILLEY off his horse, the leaders of the Tea Party in St. Louis are determined to stamp him into the earth. They declare now that none of his local committees will be recognized. Mr. POHLMAN is informed this morning that if he issues calls for Congressional or city conventions his authority will be questioned and no attention will be paid to nominations made under his delightful auspices. This means, of course, a big fight and a complete split of the Republican party in St. Louis. Inspired by this apparent lack of harmony in the opposition ranks the Democratic hoodlums will get together on the 17th of next month and nominate an old-time bummer ticket. Then the independent men of both parties will pick out the best candidates on both tickets and vote for them irrespective of party. The effect of this on local politics will be wholesome.

WORSE THAN FARO.

Announcing that the faro, keno and lottery shops were all in full operation again would create great excitement and indignation in St. Louis. But all the mischief they ever did is really going on still in another form of gambling, the same old thing under a new name, with new devices and under the respectable disguise of business speculation. How much better are the pool-rooms than the policy shops? Were "brace games" of faro and unlicensed keno-rooms any more pernicious than the bucket-shops and even some higher walks of the option trading business are becoming?

It is a respectable thing to go on 'Change, discuss the rise and fall of prices with merchants and "back one's judgment" by investing in margins, and therefore many are drawn into this moral maelstrom who never would have set foot in a gambling den run with closed doors under the ban of the law. That the gambling fever is thus acquired in its most insidious and fatal form, has recently been shown in the OWEN case at home, and in many startling cases throughout the country, where bank officers and other custodians of other people's money have been led by it into courses that have bankrupted their friends and patrons and landed them in penitentiaries or suicidal graves. Whatever tempts men with the pleasure of acquisition without labor, of getting something for nothing, exercises over them a fascination which grows as it enervates and depraves their moral natures. Option trading not only does this, but does it with the sanction of law and under the seal of respectability. The same poor classes of wage earners that were wont to be fleeced by the gamblers whom the law has driven out of the State, are now just as shamefully fleeced and drawn into habits of idleness and vice by a game which fools them with the notion that they are buying and selling large quantities of wheat with a few dollars, and thereby running only the same risks as the merchants who have the capital to actually buy and sell grain, when in fact they are only betting on a game which is as much against them and as sure to rob the majority of them as any game of faro that was ever run. The combinations which raise and depress prices on these margin deals are mainly conspiracies as secret and as fraudulent in purpose and effect as the most rascally gamblers ever engaged in. The great mass of investors, the "lambs" as they are called, are as helpless as sheep before shearers, and their fleeces go to swell the gains of a few operators, and possibly to bait enough "lucky ones" among the outsiders to keep up the supply of victims.

The sums which the bucket-shop brokers earn by a small commission on these transactions indicate that ten times as much money is gambled off in this way as changed hands in the now obsolete gambling institutions of this city. These commissions are a more tempting prize than the profits of faro or keno, and it is not to be supposed that the men who get them are more scrupulous than faro dealers about laying snares for the unwary and holding out inducements of secrecy and safe investment to clerks, cashiers and other custodians of trust funds. In fact this particular form of gambling has become more widespread than any other and more fruitful of evil, and something should be done to check its growth and to protect the community from its injurious effects. The pretended sale of any commodity when actual delivery is not contemplated is merely betting, and, as now conducted, is having a bad effect upon the provision markets, subjecting legitimate business to degrading associations and poisoning the public morals and the methods of trade.

GOULD IN POLITICS.

MR. JAY GOULD controls a monopoly of the telegraph business of the United States, and, according to the New York *Herald*, has just purchased the controlling stock of the *Tribune*, the *World*, the *Mail and Express* and the *Sun*, a majority of the seven papers constituting, for telegraph news purposes, the close corporation known as the New York Associated Press, his object being to make himself absolute master of the press telegraph service, and thus the manager or dictator of the newspapers of the country without owning them. That the *Sun* continues to fight him vigorously is explained by the fact that a written contract gives Mr. DANA editorial control of the paper, no matter who owns its stock. Under the circumstances, if the *Herald's* story is true, the public cannot derive much comfort from the confidence with which Mr. GOULD'S defeat in politics is predicted in paragraphs like the following from the *Sun* of Friday last:

> A stock speculator may get very rich. He may own railroads, buy some newspapers and run some political conventions, but he cannot own the whole body of voters, and he cannot govern the country. Mr. Jay Gould and his candidate, Judge Folger, will have to step down and out.

How Mr. GOULD will fare in the New York election we cannot say, but we can assure the *Sun* that he now holds the Democratic State of Missouri in as humiliating a position as Pennsylvania ever occupied in the palmiest days of TOM SCOTT'S reign. The boss of the Democratic machine in this State, the man to whom the Democratic leaders are most submissive, is JAY GOULD'S right hand man in Missouri, a Democratic nominee for Congress, who, like Mr. GOULD himself, sides with whichever party can best serve his turn, and who was never known to meddle with politics except when he had "business" of a strictly acquisitive character in view. Some of the results of their association in business and politics are becoming quite conspicuous.

Our Constitution and laws not only forbid the consolidation of the stock and management of two parallel and competing roads, but they provide that no two companies owning such roads shall make a company officer of the same man. Yet after these provisions had been incorporated into the Constitution of the State, a syndicate composed of JAY GOULD, A. L. HOPKINS, RUSSELL SAGE, SIDNEY DILLON, SAMUEL SLOAN and F. L. AMES acquired control of two of the longest roads in Missouri, the Missouri Pacific and the Wabash, originally built by different companies as competing roads between St. Louis and the cities on the Kansas border, Kansas City and St. Joseph, and all six of these men are now directors of both companies, MR. JAY GOULD being President of both, and Mr. A. L. HOPKINS the First Vice-President of one and Second Vice-President of the other. This is as openly and outrageously in violation of the law as the consolidation of the stock would have been, and no consolidation could have placed the two roads more completely under the control of one interest and one management. Yet Democratic nominations have been so handled that our Attorney-General takes it upon himself to assume that these are not 'parallel and competing roads." The Constitution provides that the question whether they are "parallel and competing roads" or not shall be left to a jury, but the Attorney-General has taken good care that no court or jury should be called upon to decide that question. He has shown more regard for Mr. GOULD'S interests than for the Constitution and laws of the State. By the part he took in securing the nomination of SHERWOOD for Chief Justice by the recent Democratic State Convention, he deeply offended a majority of the delegates who thought his work grossly unbecoming the chief law officer of the State. Whether this zeal for SHERWOOD was also in the interest of Mr. GOULD, is an open question. All we know is that the Attorney-General, who went so far and gave so much offense to members of his own party in order to secure SHERWOOD'S nomination, has seen Mr. JAY GOULD trample down the Constitution and the laws of Missouri without even pretending to question his right to do so.

If there are indications that the election of Judge FOLGER will enable Mr. GOULD to get as strong a grip upon the Government of New York as he now seems to have upon the Government and politics of Missouri, it is to be hoped that the *Sun's* editor will be more successful than its reputed owner in the coming election.

MASSACHUSETTS Republicans having nominated OLIVER AMES for Lieutenant-Governor, there are signs of an indignant bolt. The Springfield *Republican* is showing up some trade-mark frauds by which the Ames Manufacturing Company amassed large sums. The people do not need to be reminded of the Credit Mobilier and Land Grab legislation by which OAKES AMES helped to lay the foundations of JAY GOULD'S present power, and the connection between the latter and the surviving AMESES still continues. When they turn up with their great wealth in active politics it is a sure sign that JAY GOULD or the devil is in the background with business on his hands. The New York *Sun* says:

> We are informed, on what seems good authority, that one of them is jointly interested with Mr. Jay Gould's best known broker as the owner of a New England newspaper, and that they lately induced a member of Congress to decline renomination by offering him a comfortable position in their service at a high salary, in order that another politician in whom they are more deeply interested should be sent to the House of Representatives in his place. Mr. Jay Gould is already a great and growing political power in New York; he is striving to become equally influential in Missouri. Let us hope that the calamity may not extend to Massachusetts also.

Mr. F. L. AMES is one of the six members of Mr. GOULD'S syndicate who are directors contrary to law in both the Missouri Pacific and the Wabash, two parallel and competing roads, and while they are trampling the Constitution and laws of the State under their feet, no Democratic official or Democratic organ dares to question their right to do so, or even to hint a recognition of the fact that there is any law to protect the people from such monopolists.

IN the opinion of the Boston *Transcript* the nomination of OLIVER AMES for Lieutenant-Governor by the Massachusetts Republicans "deservedly recognizes a family whose own successes in business have carried prosperity and comfort to hundreds of other households." Precisely the same argument is used by the Democratic organs of Missouri when anybody censures the pliancy of our Democratic State machine to the purposes of the GOULD-AMES syndicate. When they run the Republican machine in Massachusetts, they are twitted by the organ of the KNAPPS with references to counterfeit trade-marks and Credit Mobilier revelations. But when the very same men, with the permission and assistance of the Democratic officials, convert two parallel and competing roads of Missouri into one joint monopoly in violation of the Constitution and statutes, the same organ treats them as Public Benefactors and cringes before them as men "whose success in business carries prosperity and comfort to hundreds of other households."

THERE is no longer a doubt about the determination of the KNAPPS to force the nomination of BROADHEAD on the voters of the Ninth District. They have secured the bummers and the corrupt manipulators who run the Democratic machine. In times past the KNAPPS used to groan and complain because HUTCHINS was wont to sit in committees and boss the Democratic ward statesmen. Since he left the State the KNAPPS have taken his place. They stick their noses into every convention. They have a seat in every committee. They have a ticket at every primary and a candidate for every office. They have all of HUTCHINS' aggressive and dictatorial spirit with none of his brains, humor or decency.

THE friends of Prohibition in Missouri have issued a call for the 29th of September to be set apart as a day of prayer, and they request that all Christians shall meet together during the day and offer special prayers for the success of Prohibition. They also request that all ministers shall on the preceding Sunday, preach on Prohibition and raise a collection for the distribution of temperance tracts.

PERSONAL.

—Women who ride on tricycles in England are beginning to wear trousers. They have to have some place to put their plug tobacco.

—Mme. Pobedonostzeff is said to be the leading spirit of the Russian Government. It is easy to understand why the Nihilists are keeping so quiet.

—Arabi Bey used up a million dollars in his war. With a little prudence Arabi might have spent the summer at Niagara Falls with the money and had a good time.

—A number of trotting horses have been purchased in Kentucky for shipment to New Zealand. The heathen in his blindness will now have a fine chance to get broke.

—The Prince of Wales takes two baths a day at Hamburg. Those persons who have been saying that the Prince has a horror of water will do well to buy a ticket for Hamburg.

—Secretary Folger, a dispatch states, will not resign until after election. Mr. Folger evidently considers a Secretaryship in the hand is worth several Governorships in the bush.

—Herbert Spencer is troubled with sleeplessness. Here is a chance for the publishers of the New York Post to do a graceful and kindly act. One more name on their free list would not amount to much.

—Gen. Ulysses Grant tried hard to get hold of San Domingo. He failed, but Ulysses Heureaux (pronounced hurrah) has succeeded, becoming president of the dark republic September 1.—[Boston Post. Hurrah for Heureaux!

—A son of the Rev. George O. Barnes, the evangelist, is about to begin a career as an evangelist. He is twenty-two years of age, is a college graduate, and has been carefully instructed by his father in the methods of evangelistic work.

—N. Krupp, the celebrated gun manufacturer, is in Paris. His presence there recalls the fact that at the Exposition of 1867 he exhibited his great cannon. Marshall Neil, who was then Minister of War in France, rejected it; but Von Moltke with a truer insight adopted it, and the result at Sedan demonstrated his wisdom.

—Major Phipps, the distinguished Philadelphian who stole the alms-house roof, would not have been arrested if he had exercised ordinary care. It appears that he ventured upon one of the principal streets of Montreal with a large grindstone under one arm and a white-hot stove under the other, and a suspicious and meddlesome Canadian, supposing that he had stolen them, hunted up a detective and the gallant major was seized.

MISSOURI POLITICS.

The Callaway Republicans adopted a resolution favoring Prohibition.

The Republicans of the Seventh District will hold a convention at Warrenton on the 26th.

Washington Irving Wallace is the name of the Republican candidate for Congress in the Eleventh District.

The County Court of Knox county has refused to issue dramshop license in Edina. Knox county is Democratic and has a Democratic court.

The New Cambria Herald, Independent Democrat, favors Glover for Congress and opposes the Democratic county ticket of Macon county.

The Fulton Telegraph, Dem., declares itself as opposed to the "machine" in local politics, and advises the voters to take no part in the county convention.

Gen. Jo. Shelby's letter announcing that he will vote for Graves even if Crisp shall be a candidate in the Fifth District, means that Crisp will not be a candidate this time.

The Grundy county Republicans having nominated a county ticket which is mainly opposed to Prohibition, there has been a temperance bolt headed by the Trenton Republican.

Tho Boonville Topic has "the best authority for saying that Gen. John B. Clark, Jr., will not be a candidate for Governor in 1884, and will support Gen. John S. Marmaduke for that position.

Col. R. I. Van Horn's paper seems to be elated over his succeeding Filley as foreman of the Republican machine. It speaks of the late lamented boss as "a bad case of suspended animation," and sees "some indications that he may desert to the enemy."

The Democratic candidates in Jackson county have been heavily assessed for the fall campaign. The total amount of the fund is $6,000. Graves, the Congressional nominee, is required to fork over $1,500.

The Cape Girardeau Democrat says: Hon. John D. Foster has never intimated that he would be a candidate for Congress, but should he conclude to make the race he will make it red-hot for Davis. He ran against and defeated two better men for Circuit Judge.

The Kansas City Evening Star: "The people of Missouri have a right to know, and should know, whether the railways upon which they are so dependent are owned and controlled according to law or not, and the Democratic State Government is the proper party to answer the inquiry. Speak up, gentlemen."

Dr. James W. Bain, of Holt, has announced himself as an Independent Democrat for Congress against Burnes. The Nodaway Democrat says: "It is not surprising to note that the better elements of the Democratic party are loudly calling for an independent candidate for Congress. They will not vote for Burnes."

As between the two Republican bosses, Filley and Van Horn, the Saline county Democrat says that "Filley has more political sense than any four leaders of the Birch movement," and that "the Democrats of Missouri would prefer any other Radical in the State to Chauncey I. Filley as chairman of the Republican Central Committee."

The Platte City Landmark, though it supports Burnes, denounces the act of the Platte County Democratic Committee in disfranchising, at Burnes' dictation, all the anti-Burnes Democrats by permitting only those to vote at the Democratic primary who pledge themselves "to support the nominees of the Democratic party throughout."

The leading Republican papers of the State have about all expressed a strong preference for Hatch, the Democratic nominee, over Col. J. M. Glover, the Independent candidate for Congress in the First District. The St. Joseph Herald says: "Hatch is a partisan Democrat, but a gentleman of ability and sagacity. Glover possesses neither qualification."

Plattsburg Lever: "The St. Louis Republican informs us that Gov. Crittenden was in the city the other day and assured it that he was an out-and-out anti-Prohibitionist. The impression prevails that the Governor will be "out" to a greater extent about two years hence. He is "out" now on a good many things that he ought to have. If the Governor wants to add to his many discontents let him oppose Prohibition, for it can stand it if he can."

Hon. Nat Sisson, the Greenback nominee for Congress in the Fourth District, is working hard to elect Col. James N. Burnes. In an address announcing his intention to "stick," he says: "Voters, you will be appealed to to vote for this or that candidate, else some unfit man may be elected. To such say: 'We are not responsible for the nomination of unfit men. Let the responsibility of the election of such, if such there be, rest where it belongs, with the men who made the nominations.' "

Answers to Correspondents.

SUBSCRIBER—The St. Louis, "Browns" will remain in the Association next year. The nine has not been completed yet.

A SUBSCRIBER.—The lower part of the new Olympic Theater seats 842 people. The same part of the Grand Opera-house seats 627.

Dr. Eliot vs. Courage.

MONTESANO SPRINGS, September 25.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

The expressions of Dr. Eliot respecting the action of the late Republican Convention upon the subject of prohibition will surprise many of his best friends. He says: "The convention refuses to submit the question of prohibition to the people of the State for fear they might vote wrong." I do not like to set up a flat denial to an opinion which I am bound as a gentleman to respect, but the facts compel me to say that Dr. Eliot is entirely mistaken. His asertion is in no sense true. The Republican Convention acted upon the liquor question "for fear" of nothing. I challenge the Doctor to point out a single deliberative act in the whole Republican party of this State that sprung from the motive of fear. The action referred to was adopted because the gentlemen composing the convention did not fear. In their opinion the "vigorous enforcement of existing license laws," the increase of the license tax and the legal responsibility on the part of the vender for resulting injuries, constitute a more effective remedy for the evils of intemperance than prohibition. And because the convention believed this, it said so, and not because it feared to say anything else.

The convention declared its belief positively, affirmatively and unequivocally. It affirms in favor of a certain way of restraining the evils of intemperance, and it affirms that this way is better than a sweeping act of prohibition. In asserting that the convention refused to submit the prohibition question to the people for constitutional amendment from fear that they "would vote wrong" Dr. Eliot virtually asserts that the Republican party was afraid to do what it knew it ought to do. In the opinion of its political opponents the late Republican convention was the best political assemblage that has convened in this State for thirty years. Does the Doctor mean to say that these men were tricky politicians and poltroons?

In regard to cutting off debate on the substitute of Hon. Ira B. Hyde, the ruling of the chairman was evidently wrong. But if this was intolerance, will Dr. Eliot designate some appropriate name for that spirit in the advocates of prohibition, which, following the example of fanatics of forty years ago, calls names and impeaches the motives of all who dare to differ from them as to the particular method of securing a worthy end.

JOHN MONTEITH.

Can Dispense with the Revenue.

ST. LOUIS, September 24.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Your correspondent "Fair Play" wants to know where the revenue is to come from, in case of Prohibition, to replace that now received from "the traffic." Answer: Look to the statistics in your paper of yesterday. We do not need the revenue. If one-half the reports are true from counties where the traffic has been abolished, that question of finance ouhgt to be settled. No one in the jails and poor-houses, no one to prosecute save in civil cases, hence, lawyers are in the main anti-Prohibitionists. Reliable statistics show that in this city the revenue from "the traffic" source fails to pay "traffic bills" by about $100,000. Hence, the deficiency must be made up from the revenue accruing from merchants, license, etc. In abolishing this drain on the treasury the city will soon be out of debt.

LAWSON.

A Dreary Street.

ST. LOUIS, MO., September 15, 1882.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

While much is being done and thousands of dollars are being spent for the coming Fair week by way of illuminations, Veiled Prophet parade, etc., why do not the city authorities repair and clean up that Washington avenue pathway into the city, from the Main Street Depot to Third street? The street is in a miserable condition, but the sidewalks are even worse, being badly broken and generally obstructed, and must make a dismal impression upon those who chance to come to the city by way of that route at night, as it is a dreadful lonely walk while the lights are not lit and the moon shining only upon the upper portion of the U. S. buildings.

FOOT-SORE.

A Law-Defying Saloon-Keeper.

ST. LOUIS, September 25, 1882.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Last week Mr. Hudson stated through your columns, in answer to a communication signed "Law," that license had been refused Hartman, corner California and Geyer avenues, who had been running his saloon for weeks without licenso. Now said Hartman continues to violate the law. His saloon was in full blast all day Sunday. The police have done their duty. The case was reported to Mr. Hudson, and Mr. Hudson has failed to prosecute, and the "good work" goes bravely on. This saloon-keeper may control a great many votes, but the people of Compton Hill will make it hot for Mr. Hudson the next time he aspires to "something higher."

DISGUST.

The Right and the Power.

ST. LOUIS, September 24, 1882.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Has mankind, society, the world, or whatever you may call it, the right to demand something of each and every one of its members? Please give your opinion and oblige.

J. HOWARD HANSON.

[It has. Society, as now established, is a reversal of nearly every natural condition of mankind, and each individual must sacrifice some of his tastes, inclinations and desires for the general welfare, even to the putting on of a clean shirt occasionally.—ED. P.-D.]

The Fair and the Prophets.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

A friend of mine and myself have a bet which we agree to leave to you to decide: Which is the most attractive, and in which does the general public take the greater interest, the Fair or the Veiled Prophets? An early decision will oblige

Yours truly,

J. SUMMERFIELD.

[The Fair was a great institution before the Veiled Prophets' parade was thought of. It would continue to be a drawing show if the V. P. should retire to Khorassan and remain there. The parade is attractive because it always presents something new.—ED. P.-D.]

The Girls and Prohibition.

From the Kansas City Times.

The POST-DISPATCH has been interviewing St. Louis society girls on the subject of Prohibition. The impression received by most women is that Prohibition is a factor tending largely to the abolition of clubs and nightkeys, and that a concourse of men sitting around the town pump will be an unusual and unpopular spectacle. While some of the dear girls pronounce Prohibition "perfectly lovely" in a general way and on general principles, the POST-DISPATCH has not succeeded in evolving any very profound feminine ideas on the subject. It has begun wrong. To secure a thoroughly well digested and practical feminine view it should have consulted the married women, with an experience of ten or fifteen years, who have been through the mill at all rates of license.

The Good Work of the P.-D.

From the Madison County Plaindealer.

The POST-DISPATCH has been engaged in the laudable effort to induce those in official position to do their duty under the law, in closing out the disreputable places in St. Louis where of Sunday nights young working girls and hoodlums collect for revelry and bacchanalian orgies. These places that infest and curse the city of St. Louis are a lasting reproach to the fair name it to-day enjoys, and now that attention has been called to them and the evils they encourage and foster, unless the authorities wipe them out by enforcing the law, it will be apparent that St. Louis officers are in league with the law-breakers.

A Journal for Everybody.

From the Fayette (Mo.) Independent.

The POST-DISPATCH is the ablest conducted paper in St. Louis, and every Bourbon Democrat and Republican in the land should read it. It handles men and parties without gloves, and does not mince matters in the least. If our friends want to read a good political paper they should by all means read the POST-DISPATCH. Last Monday's paper was a "sooner."

Knocked Down by His Boss.

From the Cincinnati Commercial (Rep.)

Garfield denied his boss and was murdered. Cornell committed the same offense, and he has been set upon and pulled down. If an American citizen holding a high office would be happy he mustn't deny his boss.

Only Two Parties.

From the New York Sun.

There seem to be new political parties after all. One party consists of Jay Gould and the men he owns. The other party consists of the men who prefer to own themselves.

Bernhardt's Fool Sister.

From the New York Tribune.

Mlle. Jeanne Bernhardt is apparently no less capricious than her illustrious sister. Not long ago she was announced to play the title role in Sardou's "Dora," at Bordeaux. She got through the first act well enough, but had some misgivings as to the rest. So, as soon as the curtain dropped, she stole, unnoticed, down to the doorkeeper's room, borrowed there a bonnet and shawl, and then, without a word of notice or explanation to the manager, made off and spent the remainder of the evening wandering about the quays and by-streets of the city, "studying human nature." Of course the luckless manager had to dismiss the audience and refund the money at the box-office. Next day the actress took a dose of laudanum, and her life was narrowly saved by the use of emetics.

Conkling and Blaine Meet.

From the Utica Herald.

Senator Conkling left for New York at 12:30 a. m. yesterday. At the Central Depot he was met by Collector Armstrong, Postmaster Stevens and others. When the train arrived Senator Blaine and his son, who were on their way from Kansas to Maine, were seen in the drawing-room car Sharon. The train was crowded, and the ex-Senator was assigned a seat near Mr. Blaine in the same car. When he saw his old antagonist he requested the conductor to put him in another car, and a seat was found for him in the Germanic.

Cotton Compress Consolidation.

At an election of the Factors and Brokers Cotton Press to-day the following were elected Directors: Christian Peper, R. B. Whittemore, R. H. Allen, George Taylor, Jerome Hill. In the organization of the new board, Jerome Hill was elected president, R. H. Allen vice-president and R. B. Whittemore secretary and treasurer. This election means that the Peper Cotton Compress Company has secured a controlling interest in the Factors and Brokers Cotton Press, and the two companies are now virtually consolidated, Mr. Jerome Hill presiding as president over each. This consolidation will undoubtedly add to the strength of the cotton trade of St. Louis. Mr. Hill, of Hill, Fontaine & Co., of St. Louis and Memphis, has nearly all his interests centering this market, and this will assuredly aid the increase in cotton receipts at this point.

A Raving Maniac.

James Martin, the man who threw himself from the third-story window of a boarding-house, on the corner of Fifth and Morgan streets, Friday night last, evidently with a view to commit suicide, has gone raving crazy. He is confined in the hold-over at the Four Courts and keeps up a continual din around the building with his cries. During yesterday he literally tore every stitch of clothing from his person during a violent fit, and is now stark naked, shivering in his cell. Dr. Carson examined him this morning and issued a certificate of insanity, so that Martin might be removed to the asylum to-day. The man is supposed to have been employed on the Government dykes which are being built along the river, and is unmarried and about 35 years of age. The cause of his insanity was first supposed to have been whisky, but such is not the case.

Cotton Notes.

John Pinder, the great English telegraph controller, visited the Cotton Exchange this morning where he had an informal invitation. By special invitation he visited the Fair Grounds this afternoon accompanied by J. O. Carson, A. W. Witchell and Henry Drucker.

The calling of future options for the local cotton market was inaugurated at the Cotton Exchange to-day and received a good send off. The attendance was large and great interest appeared to be taken in the new departure, a notable fact being the presence of a great many factors who seemed ready to transact business in the, for this market, new style. Louis F. Fallon presided, as caller, and performed his duties excellently. Several sales wore made, and tho call board started in with every assurance of be an established feature of the Exchange.

Smashed Up.

About 6 o'clock last evening a young man named Charles Morrissy and a lady were driving on Page avenue behind a fast horse. Another young couple were also coming along the avenue at a lively rate. The two buggies approached each other near Goode avenue, and Mr. Morrissy being on the wrong side of the street failed to turn out of the way till too late. The wheels of the two vehicles came together, sending the occupants flying in different directions. Mr. Morrissy's left arm was broken above the wrist by the wheels of one of the vehicles passing over it. The horses became disentangled, took fright and continued along the avenue at a lively gait till captured. One of the young ladies received an ugly cut over the left eye, but the other one and her companion escaped with a few bruises. The buggies and harness were completely wrecked.

Charge Against an Employe.

At the instance of Baird and Dillon, publishers, having an office in the McLean building, A. H. Burgess was arrested this afternoon and locked up in the holdover at the Four Courts on a charge of obtaining money under false pretenses. The young man has been employed by the firm for the past two months as a collector and solicitor, and in this capacity is alleged to have made away with about $100 belonging to the firm. A warrant will be sworn out against the young man and the matter investigated.

Division Consolidation.

The St. Louis division of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company is to be consolidated with the Evansville on the 1st proximo, under the management of Mr. Lee Howell. The offices of the division will be at Evansville, Ind. Mr. John S. Knox, at present division freight agent of the St. Louis division, will be appointed general agent, with authority to make freight contracts, as heretofore. Mr. John S. Mass, division freight agent, remains at his post in this city.

Further Time.

The Board of Health at its meeting this afternoon will, it is understood, grant Liggett & Myers, the tobacco manufacturers further time to abate the nuisance which has been maintained by them. The firm is now putting up improved apparatus which not only consumes the smoke generated by the factory, but also removes all other objectionable features about which this complaint has been made by neighboring residents.

SOUTHERN WOMEN.

Mrs. E. L. Saxon on the Suffrage Question and Prohibition.

Mrs. Elizabeth L. Saxon, of New Orleans, has been the guest of Mrs. Virginia L. Minor for several days and will accompany her to Omaha to-night, where they both expect to take an active part in the National Woman Suffrage Convention which opens there to-morrow evening. Mrs. Saxon is the only one of the four leading suffragists in that State who lectures. She made her first public address in June, 1879, when the woman suffragists of the South selected her to represent their cause before the Louisiana Constitutional Convention. The oratorical ability then developed has caused her to be in demand wherever effective speakers were needed on either suffrage or temperance questions throughout most of the States of the Union. Mrs. Saxon has been prominent the past sixteen years as a gifted writer of both prose and poetry, and among her distinguished correspondents was the late Dr. John L. Draper, known best as the author of "The Intellectual Developments of Europe." She was president of the Woman's Association which did so much to alleviate the distress of the yellow fever scourge which visited New Orleans some years ago, at which time her only unmarried daughter fell a victim to the pestilence. Mrs. Saxon is just from New Jersey, where her sons are at school. She is a woman of full, fine physique, medium height, with dark eyes and black hair just tinged with gray. Her manner is almost electrical, and it is easy to understand her success as a speaker. To the question put by a POST-DISPATCH reporter regarding the progress of Woman Suffrage in New Orleans she replied: "We have never been able to get enough support or countenance to form a suffrage organization, though I mean to make another trial when I return. The Southern women are slow to accept reforms of any sort, and the only thing to do is to wait patiently until they have become impressed sufficiently with the importance of the movement to act without being driven to it. The Prohibition wave is making itself felt there and will force force attention to the woman question sooner than if suffrage were to be considered alone. I have advocated Prohibition ever since the subject was first presented, though some of tha women belonging to the temperance organizations for which I have lectured have grossly insulted me when it became known that I was also a suffragist. I don't let this trouble me, however, or I regard the success of our cause paramount to all personal considerations. I refuse to speak for no party, society or people who are willing to hear me on either Suffrage or Prohibition. In regard to the great interest aroused in these questions, I have felt no surprise. As long ago as the convention at Chicago, in 1880, I said from the platform: Mark this prediction: the woman power will be an important element in the campaign of 1884. And I believe it will be."

"Shall you assist in stumping Nebraska in the interest of the pending suffrage amendment."

"Yes; up to the very day of election, speaking five nights a week. Then I shall go on to Utah to study the woman question, especially as it relates to polygamy. I have letters of introduction to various prominent gentlemen of Salt Lake, including Mrs. Bishop, a daughter of the Mormon apostle Onson Pratt."

"Will you publish your experiences in book form?"

"I think not. The New Orleans Times-Democrat has engaged me to correspond for it, and I will probably write on the same topic to a Philadelphia newspaper. There is a great work to be done in Utah, and as soon as women outside of that territory begin to understand that their individual efforts may hasten the death-blow to polygamy they will not be afraid to venture there in the interests of reform. I do not yet know whether I shall lecture there or not."

A WIFE'S SAD STORY.

She Alleges Her Husband Turns Her Out of Her Home.

There was a case this morning at the Four Courts which had in it more than the ordinary elements of cruelty and brutality. Mrs. Mary Barth, accompanied by her 16-year-old daughter, whose name is also Mary, called upon Bernard Dierkes the Assistant Prosecuting Attorney of the Court of Criminal Correction, and, with tears in her eyes, told a pitiful tale, the circumstances of which, according to her story, evidenced that she had been for years the sueject of systematic cruelty. She said that her husband, Herman H. Barth, and herself had been married for the past eighteen years, and during that time she had always been a loving and faithful wife. In the past three or four years adversity had overtaken them, and this fact seemed to have led to an estrangement between her husband and herself. She declared that it was no fault of her own that this state of affairs existed. Her husband had been drinking, his temper had become soured, and for this reason life had become almost unbearable with him. During the past summer he had been unable to find work, and according to her statement she has maintained the family by her own labor. Last Friday night Barth came to their home, No. 2367 Papin street, and after a fit of violent conversation, in which she says he used the most opprobrious language toward her, made her leave their private apartment in her night clothing and leave the house. The children, of whom there are five were also turned out of doors by the drink-crazed father. Mrs. Barth stated that her husband slapped and otherwise ill-treated her before kicking her out of the house. The mother's story was fully corroborated by the daughter, who is a bright and intelligent looking girl of 16. The two said that the husband and father has been working for a tobacco house in the city for the past three weeks selling goods on commission. In his sales, they say, he has sometimes been unable to account to the house for all the money he had received from his customers. In one instance he had come to her, said that he dared not go to his employers without being able to account to them for money he had received. She had given him the amount he asked for, $13, and he made a satisfactory arrangement. She said she had been washing for some time past in order to support her children. Upon the statements made by the lady Mr. Dierkes issued a warrant against Barth for assault and battery, which will be served upon him to-day. In appearance Barth is a fine looking man, always dresses well and keeps the company of some of the most prominent men in the city. He is a brother to George Barth, who is a present member of the School Board. No incentive other than the influence of drink is given for his unmanly conduct towards his wife.

ELOPED.

The Wife of a Fruit Farmer Makes off With the Hired Man.

Jacob Heimenz now lives alone in a small frame house on the Natural Bridge Road, a short distance from St. Ann's Catholic Church. Mr. Heimenz did not always live alone, however. A wife shared his joys and sorrows until last Thursday, when she, together with a hired man, $300 in currency and all of Mr. Heimenz's wearing apparel worth taking disappeared. The hired man besides possessing considerable ability in the art of cultivating the land was also an adept in the art of cultivating love, and made rapid inroads on the affections of Mrs. Heimenz. This her husband was not slow to suspect. A close watch was accordingly kept on the actions of the suspected couple, but finally the old man came to the conclusion that his suspicions were groundless. As a precautionary measure, however, he resolved to dispense with the services of the man, and last Tuesday the old gentleman accordingly discharged his assistant and forbade him ever to come near the place again.

On Thursday Mr. Heimenz drove to town with a load of produce, and when within a mile of his home on the return journey he espied his wife and his discharged assistant driving by in a wagon which bore a suspicious resemblance to one which ought to have been in his yard.

Closer inspection revealed the fact that his mules was hitched to the wagon. Chase was given, but the horses of the old gentleman were tired and jaded, and were consequently not so fleet of foot as the mules, so before the race had lasted many minutes, the old man, to his chagrin, noticed the distance between himself and the fugitives increasing. His revolver was then produced and an unconditional surrender was demanded. This however, only had the effect of making the fugitive increase the mules' speed. The wronged husband blazed away with his seven-shooter but the bullets flew wide of the intended marks although they caused the elopers to drop into the bed of the wagon for safety. The old man's horses tired out with the long journey to town and back, were unable to continue at the rate to which they had been impelled, and finally gave out.

The fugitives were thus soon lost sight of, but when the old man gained the railway station he found his mule and wagon hitched near the platform and a man and woman standing on the back platform of a rapidly receding passenger train. Upon returning to his deserted home he discovered the house had been ransacked of the best of his clothing and $300 in greenbacks. Mr. Heimenz is almost disconsolate with grief, not, perhaps, so much at the desertion of his wife—which is certainly bad enough—but at the loss of his money and clothing, which places him in a most invidious position.

PARIS SENSATION

Portrayed in the Suicide of the Duc de Morny.

The Story of a Profligate Prince and His Actress Lover.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, September 25.—The latest French papers just received contain the following additional details of the suicide of the actress-lover of the Duc de Morny: The announcement that Mlle. Feyghine, the Russian actress, had shot herself in the apartments of the Duc de Morney excited unusual attention. The story of her theatrical life is well known. She possessed unusual beauty, but no great artistic merit. Her debut proved a dismal failure and it is said she then attempted suicide. Flatterers, however, were not wanting, who whispered in her ear that beauty was greater than genius. One of these, the Duc de Morny, son of Louis Napoleon's favorite, whispered it more seductively than the rest and became Mlle. Feyghine's "protector." The Duc paraded the splendidly beautiful girl at the Hippodrome, at the Cirque d'Ete, in the Bois de Boulogne, at the races, and at the "fast" cafes. He made her a present of a beautiful Villa in the Avenue d'Eylau, and all went on happily for a time. But the Duc had a soul above anything so plebeian as love. He was proud of the strange young Russian; had no objection to her being in love with him; spent hundreds, thousands, and even millions upon her; but in a very short time grew tired of her. Society is very gentle to wealthy noblemen who grow tired of actresses they have "protected." Evidently poor Mlle. Feyghine ought to have submitted with due resignation and good grace when the Duc de Morny politely hinted to her that he thought of settling down and getting married, but

THIS UNREASONABLE BEAUTY

was something of a savage, even after six months' aristocratic tuning and "protection." When the Duc went off alone on a sudden journey to St. Petersburg one morning, what must she needs do but leave her snug little villa and follow him? They did not part for good. There came a second departure, however, followed by talk of another journey to St. Petersburg. Mlle. Feyghine grew sombre and dejected. Her beauty took a new and melancholy cast. She became morbid and odd, frightened her servants by practicing shooting in her house and in various other ways showed signs of a disordered brain. On Sunday afternoon on returning from the country to his house De Morny found Mlle. Feyghine waiting for him. It was then past midnight. "She told me," said De Morny later on to the Commissaire de Police, "that she had been waiting since 10 o'clock.

WE CHATTED TOGETHER

for a long time calmly of her plans and mine. 'I think of going to Russia for a time on a visit to Prince Demidoff,' said I. To this she made no answer. She merely asked me whether she could come with me, and did not seem in the least offended at my reply when I objected that her duty to the Comedie Francaise would prevent her. Time crept on, and we still sat there chatting. Our talk was, as usual, chiefly about the stage. She told me again (I had heard the same thing from her already) that she would stab herself on the boards at the end of the performance if she did not succeed better in 'L'Etrangere' than in 'Barberone.' But knowing that this was a frequent threat of hers I paid no particular attention to the remark. At about 2 o'clock I suggested that it would be advisable for her to go home. She was indisposed and needed rest. She rang for the servant to prepare my bed-room, and bade me '*au revoir.*' Then she went up to the mantel-piece. I thought she was merely going to put her bonnet on in front of the looking-glass. Being in my bath, I had my back turned to her. At this moment Mlle. Feyghine pulled a revolver out, and pressing the muzzle close to her head she exclaimed, 'Bon soir,' and pulled the trigger." The Duc then leaped from the bath with a cry of horror. The actress lay at his feet with blood streaming from her breast. She died the next morning.

Martindale & Paule,
DRAPERS AND TAILORS.
Immense display of suiting. Southeast corner Eighth and Pine.

ST. CLAIR COUNTY CONVENTION.

This Morning's Work Obstructed by the East St. Louis Delegation.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

BELLEVILLE, September 25.—The Democrats of St. Clair county assembled in convention at the Court-house at 11 o'clock this forenoon, full delegations being in attendance from East St. Louis, Belleville, Cahokia, Lebanon, French Village, Mascouta, Shiloh, Richland, O'Fallon, Centerville, Fayetteville, Athens, Caseyville and Summerfield. Prairie DuPort was not represented. Herman Weber, Chairman of the Central Committee, called the meeting to order and suggested Jeff Rainey as temporary chairman, George Heinrich, of Mascoutah, temporary secretary. A Committee on Credentials, consisting of the chairman of each delegation, was appointed. East St. Louis sent two delegations. It was found necessary to appoint a committee of three from each faction to argue their claims of recognition in the convention. The convention is the most boisterous ever held in this section of the country, the East St. Louis delegations causing all the trouble. The convention adjourned at 11:30 to re-assemble at 1:30 p. m., when the committee on credentials will report. The business of the evening session will be to nominate a candidate for the Senate, three members of the House of Representatives, a County School Superintendent, County Judge, County Clerk, Sheriff, Assessor, Treasurer, and one County Commisioner. A vigorous opposition will be made in all the nominations except that of County Judge, the Hon. Joseph Underwood having no recognized opposition. The Committee on Credentials adjourned at 12:30 without deciding the East St. Louis contest, but reassembled at 1:30 p. m. to hear more testimony. The convention cannot transact any business till the contest is decided.

Mysteriously Missing.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

CHICAGO, September 25.—Marks Thompson, a well known and prominent citizen, and a member of the Washington Ice Company, has been missing for several days. He left a family and creditors behind. He lost a fortune on the Board of Trade, over a drop in corn. It is feared he has suicided.

A Mysterious Matter.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

CHICAGO, September 25.—L. K. Ely, a well-known Chicago leather merchant, worth $100,000, who mysteriously disappeared two weeks ago, returned to the city to-day. It appears that he was taken with a singular pain in the head and his will power deserted him. His mind became blank. When he came to himself he was in Denver, from where he telegraphed to his brother Samuel, of Philadelphia, who left immediately for Denver and brought him back. He is very weak and ill, and can give no explanation of how he got to Denver.

NORTH ST. LOUIS.

A Budget of Newsy Items From the North End.

A $10 pair of Scotch pants is waiting an owner at Capt. McDonald's station.

The Riverside Gun Club is arranging for a match shoot with one of the local teams.

To-morrow evening Bellefontaine Lodge, No. 73, Odd Fellows, will elect officers for the ensuing year.

Mr. Gus Tubesing, a well-known cigar manufacturer, left this morning for a brief trip to Dubuque, Iowa.

The North St. Louis Literary and Debating Club meets to-morrow night at Turner Hall for the election of officers.

Eddie Winters fell from a wagon on which he was playing, at Sixteenth and Garibaldi streets, and was severely bruised.

Capt. Nath. W. Hunt, musical director of the Fourth Baptist Church, returned to-day from a trip of recreation in the East.

The annual festival for the benefit of St. Michael's Catholic School, Eleventh and Benton streets, will be held October 25, 26 and 27.

Capt. Pete Kirns' raft steamer J. G. Chapman, laid up at the foot of Salisbury street, will probably go into the Government service as a towing steamer.

The three subordinate unions of the International Molders' Union will meet the first week in October at Union Hall, 1306 Broadway, for the election of officers.

The Buck Stove nine defeated the Western Stove Foundry nine yesterday by a score of 7 to 11. Buck's base-ball batters will challenge any foundry nine in the city.

The feast of St. Michael will be duly observed next Sunday at St. Michael's Catholic Church, Eleventh and Exchange streets. Special high mass will be celebrated.

This morning Dan. Murphy, with a large force of men, began filling up the Eau Claire Lumber Company's extensive yards at the foot of Salisbury street, to prevent future overflows.

The North St. Louis Bundeschor gave its annual musical and literary entertainment and supper last night at the Social Turner Hall, Thirteenth and Monroe streets. The attendance was large, and the evening pleasantly spent.

The children's harvest festival at Grace Church, Eleventh and Warren streets, was a success and largely attended. The interior of the church was handsomely decorated with autumn flowers and presented a gorgeous scene under the flashes of the many gas jets.

Col. Richard Schulenburg, president of the Eau Claire Lumber Company, left this morning for points on the Upper Mississippi River to purchase rafted lumber for his firm. The company have lumber in raft, on the Chippowa River, but cannot get it out owing to the low stage of water.

Yesterday evening the crews of the Gem City and Sadie rowing clubs, composed of four men each, pulled a race for $50 a side. The course was from the foot of Anglerodt street to the Illinois shore and return, which was won by the Sadie crew in eight minutes, the Gem City following one and one-half minutes behind. The attendance was about 200.

As low water is seriously interfering with the movement of rafts, and but little more is expected to arrive, it is probable that the lumber companies will discharge a large number of their men until next spring. This morning a float—800,000 feet—of Chippewa River lumber arrived in port for Hoecker and Henglesberg. The raft has been over eight weeks coming from Reed's Landing, a distance of 700 miles.

Martindale & Paule,
DRAPERS AND TAILORS.
Just received, the latest novelties of woolens from foreign looms. Southeast corner Eighth and Pine.

Probated.

The will of J. Otis West, bearing date July 6, 1877, was admitted to probate this morning. He gives to his wife, Ann F. West, $10,000 in cash and the interest on $10,000 additional. Upon the death of his wife the principal sum of $10,000 is to be divided between the five oldest of his heirs. He gives to his nephew, Lorenzo West, of Peterham, Mass., $5,000; to Otis C. West, $3,000; to William West, $2,000; to his niece, Mrs. Hannah Stone, $1,000; to Mrs. Martha Webster, $1,000; to Mrs. Eliza Sage, $5,000; to Mrs. Hannah Stone's daughter, $50; to Henry B. West, $500; to Mrs. Chester West, $1,000; to Otis West, son of Henry B. West, $1,000; to the widow, Turner West, deceased, $500; to Sarah H. and Betsey Swasey, $250 each; to Moses Swasey, Haverhill, Mass., $250; to Otis W. Swasey, Haverhill, Nass., $250. His nephew, Chester West, is appointed executor without bond.

An Excited Official.

Henry Bischoff, Clerk of the First District Police Court, approached a POST-DISPATCH reporter this morning holding a slip of printed paper in his hand and in an excited manner asking the reporter whether he was connected with the POST-DISPATCH. Upon receiving an affirmative reply the official said that the item was a d——d lie and that he wanted to find the author of it so that he could shoot —— out of him. The item in question appeared in Saturday's edition, and was to the effect that in certain cases brought in the Police Court for violation of city ordinances no summons had been served, and that the parties or officers had not been properly notified by the clerk. The gentleman denied that he had been derelict in his duty in any particular and proposed to have the matter investigated by the Chief of Police.

Jecko's Judgments.

In the First District Police Court to-day there were between sixty and seventy cases disposed of, thirteen of these being against women on charges of drunkenness and disorderly conduct. Charles Schneider, charged with disturbance of the peace, was fined $50. James Logan, for carrying a revolver, was fined $20. Peter Carroll, for rather an aggravated case of disturbance of the peace, was assessed $20 and costs.

A case against J. F. Rausser, a business man of considerable prominence, for drunkenness, was nolle prossed. It is said that the gentleman was so drunk that he had to be taken to the station in a patrol wagon.

Assault and Battery.

This morning Salvatora Tranchini swore out a warrant against Joseph Pecone for assault and battery. J. R. Sabini some two weeks ago started a saloon on Pine street, between Third and Fourth streets, and gave an opening. Salvatora stated that himself and several friends were sitting at a table when Pecone threw a beer glass which struck him in the forehead. It appears that Tranchini came here to start in the fruit business and had sent several men on before him to open up. When he arrived he found that all his money had been squandered. It appears that the assault and battery case grew out of this.

Evangelical Alliance.

The members of the Evangelical Alliance met this morning at the rooms of the Y. M. C. A. The event of the meeting was an essay from Dr. Brooks on the passage in the scripture which reads: "All Scripture is given by inspiration of God and is profitable for instruction." Quite an interesting discussion ensued among the brethren on this subject. Among those present were the Rev. Drs. Niccolls, Gause, Leighton, Rhoads, Marquis, Shields, Henderson, Porteus, Gordon and Boyd.

AN unpleasant catalogue constantly being printed, in which human infirmity is specified as headache, nervousness, dyspepsia, neuralgia, paralysis and ague can be entirely expunged from the records, by the use of Dr. Benson's Celery and Chamomile Pills.

BELLEVILLE.

The Turnegemeinde Association assembled at the Fair Grounds yesterday. Several societies from St. Louis attended. The day passed very pleasantly.

The Prohibitionists met Saturday night and appointed the following delegates and alternates to meet in convention Tuesday morning at Belleville: Delegates—Wm. Harding, Theo. Harrison, Dr. D. Safford, E. W. West, W. H. Powell, W. C. Buchanan, Felix Scott and Henry Brenner. Alternates—G. W. Stoddard, J. M. Collins, Richard Stanley, Thos. Ward, Wm. Busick, Wm. McClintock, B. H. West and Chas. Gooding.

Illumination Will Be Grand,
But nothing to compare to the new novelties at
MARTINDALE & PAULE'S,
Drapers and Tailors,
722 Pine Street.

THE Chief of Police to-day appointed thirty men to act as special policemen during Fair week. Most of the appointees will be put on duty at the Fair Grounds.

FILLEY'S POSITION.

The "Volunteer Association" Cannot Unseat Him.

He Defends the City Committee as Regular and Threatens Condign Punishment on Bolters.

This morning's Globe-Democrat hoists the black flag and steers its craft plump into the Pohlmann City Committee. Upon an assault of this kind Mr. Chauncey I. Filley may be supposed to secrete opinion at will, and a reporter called at 2700 Chestnut street at an early hour to hear what he might say.

"Mr. Filley," said the reporter, "the attitude taken by the Globe-Democrat and its declaration of this morning indicate that the Pohlman City Committee is to be ignored by the silk-stocking Republicans, and that we are to have a double City as well as a double State Committee. What do you think of it?"

"Think of it? I don't think of it. When this volunteer association of bolting Republicans met at Jefferson City and named a State Committee, you would naturally suppose that its first duty would be to go to work and elect a State ticket, would you not? And what do these people do but to appoint a delegation to go to Washington to establish their regularity? They go on the defensive really before they are attacked."

"I wish you would state your position clearly on this matter."

"My position, my dear sir, is this: Our State Committee derives its authority from the National Conventien held at Baltimore in 1864, which confirmed its regularity by a vote 440 to 4. There is but one State Committee, of which I am the chairman, and it will continue in existence and I will continue at its head until we have called the State Convention to select delegates for the National Convention of 1884 and until a new State Committee is regularly appointed by that convention in 1884 to take our places. That is my position as clearly as I can put it, and that position will not be affected by any volunteer band of disaffected people whatever. This so-called State Committee has come into existence for the purpose of electing a State ticket. Nobody wants to interfere with them, but they will find out if they interfere with our duties that the time for trifling has gone by. What do these people represent? John B. Henderson stands up in the convention and tells them that after fifteen years the party has come to him; that he has not come to the party. And it looks like it too. The Globe-Democrat, the accredited organ of the bolt, says that the success of the Republican party in Missouri is a secondary matter. It always has been a secondary matter with them when that success came between them and their interests. They charge me with having dragged down the party. I suppose we dragged it down in 1875 when we elected four Congressmen. In 1878 the policy of the Globe-Democrat and Mr. Heneorson lost every district in the State, except the one I controlled, where they predicted 5,000 majority against Cole, and yet he was really elected and counted out. The 'methods' which they criticise have been the methods of success, and they have been successful. The very dangers we feared from this convention are already upon us. It is admitted that the State will go Democratic by 50,000. And who is satisfied with the platform? Are the friends of Prohibition? Are the anti-Prohibitionists? They have got into the very position we were trying to keep out of. The opposition in the Third District claim that they could have elected a Congressman on a straight Prohibition issue; we could have carried the city districts on the other tack. It would have been a Congressional go-as-you-please for the opposition. We were committed to no platform and could, in each case, have taken the issue upon which the district could have been carried."

"What is your own personal attitude towards Prohibition?"

"I always have been and am opposed to Prohibition."

"What will the City Committee do?"

"The City Committee will go along doing its duty and turning neither to the right nor to the left. These men have hunted through every ward to find something irregular in the election of committee members. Nothing was found. This is the most regular committee ever known in St. Louis."

"But they are going to ignore it."

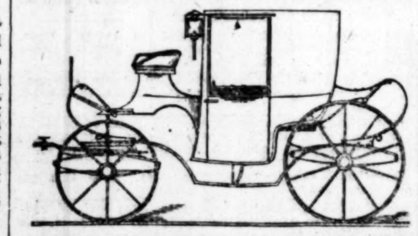
"They will have just as much success in ignoring it as they have in ignoring the State Committee. They do not seem to know that the State Committee is amenable only to the National Committee, and to no other body. The City Committee is the result of regular action of the party, and this alleged State Committee has no more to do with it than you have. They may set up a bolting City Committee if they choose, but if they do the responsibility must rest on them. It may as well be understood that the men in charge of the State and City committees know their duty and propose to do it in spite of all opposition from within or without. We have the advantage of regularity and a record of success on our side, and if these gentlemen want to bolt let them, and let them take the consequences.

Martindale & Paule,
DRAPERS AND TAILORS.
Latest novelties of the season. Southeast corner Eighth and Pine.

TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT.

MARK THIS! UPON THE CONDITION OF THE STOMACH AND ITS NEAR ALLIES, THE LIVER AND BOWELS, DEPEND PHYSICAL HEALTH AND CLEARNESS OF INTELLECT. IF THESE ORGANS ARE INACTIVE OR IN A STATE OF IRRITATION, THE TONING, REGULATING, SOOTHING INFLUENCE OF TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT IS URGENTLY REQUIRED.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.



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Landaus, Demi-Landaus, Coupes,
Broughams, Rockaways,
Warranted fully equal to the best New York City built and at Low Prices.
THE JAMES CUNNINGHAM, SON & COMPANY,
1104 and 1106 Washington Avenue.

LEGAL.

Administrators' Notices.

No. 8593.

GUARDIAN'S SALE OF REALTY ON CALIFORNIA avenue.—Three streets west of Jefferson avenue and one block from Lafayette Park.—By renewed order of St. Louis Probate Court made September 13, 1882, I will, on Saturday, November 4, 1882, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m., and 5 o'clock p. m., at the eastern front door of the Court-house of the city of St. Louis, expose at public sale, for cash: Lots 15, 16, 17 and 18, in block 2567 of city of St. Louis, being together one hundred feet front on east side of California avenue by 125 feet deep, being between Keokuk and Osage streets and being between a stone building on north owned by Post and the residence of Mrs. Roever on the south. The title will be made perfect or no sale. The property is on grade, and is a splendid chance for an investment.

CLEMENT HOEFEL,
Guardian of Fred. W. Roehrig.
Broadhead, Slayback & Haeussler, Att'ys. 1A

No. 13,703.

EXECUTOR'S SALE of realty known as No. 1722 Biddle street—By order of St. Louis Probate Court made September 13, 1882, I will, on
SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1882,
between the hours of 10 a.m. and 5 p.m. at eastern front door of Court-house, in city of St. Louis, sell for cash, to the highest bidder at public auction, lot nineteen (19) block 552 of city of St. Louis, fronting twenty-five feet on the south side of Biddle street, and of that width running back one hundred and fifty-five feet to a 20-foot alley, upon which lot there is a two-story and a three-story brick building, known as 1722 Biddle street. Terms of sale: One-third cash, balance in one and two years, secured by deed of trust bearing 6 per cent interest, with right to pay all cash. The title will be perfect.

FREDERICK H. KICKER,
Executor of Fred. G. Kicker.
Broadhead, Slayback & Haeussler, Attorneys. 7A

NEW FALL SILKS, DRESS GOODS,
PLUSHES, VELVETS AND
H-O-S-I-E-R-Y-!
W. H. GUMERSELL & CO.

Will Place on Sale Monday Morning, September 25, Some Genuine

Bargains in

Black Dress Silks & Rhadames.

1,000 Yards Black Eress Silks, extra quality, 24 in. wide, $1 50; regular price $2.
1,000 Yards Black Satin Rhadames, extra quality, $1 35; regular price, $1 85.
1,000 Yards Black Satin Rhadames, extra quality, $1 50; regular price, $2.
Colored Satin Rhadames, extra quality, $1 50; regular price, $2 25.

ALSO GENUINE BARGAINS IN

HOSIERY!

1 Lot Children's Mixed Hose, sizes 5 to 7 1-2, 15c; worth 25c.
1 Lot Children's Fancy Striped Hose, sizes 5 to 7 1-2, 25c; worth 40c.
1 Lot Children's Extra Heavy Hose, sizes 6 to 8 1-2, 25c; worth 45c.
1 Lot Children's Newest Styles Hose, sizes 5 to 7, 35c; worth 65c.
1 Lot Children's Solid Colors, sizes 6 to 8, 35c; worth 50c.
1,000 Dozen Misses' and Children's Merino, Cashmere and Wool Hose at one-third less than regular prices.
1 Lot Ladies' Balbriggan Hose, 15c; worth 25c.
1 Lot Ladies' Balbriggan Hose, 25c; worth 35c.
1 Lot Ladies' Brown Mixed Hose, 25c; worth 40c.
1 Lot Ladies' Fancy Striped Hose, 37c; worth 65c.
1 Lot Ladies' Fancy Striped Hose, 50c; worth 75c.
1,000 Dozen Ladies' Hose, in Fancy Stripes and Solid Colors, at 37c, 45c, 50c, 60c, 75c, $1 and up to $3.
1 Lot Ladies' Silk Hose, in Black, Cardinal, Navy, Seal, Sky, Pink and Old Gold, $1 50; worth $2 25.
375 Dozen Ladies' Black Silk, Black Lisle and Black Cotton Hose, far below all competition.
1,200 Dozen Men's Half Hose, 15c, 25c, 35c, 37c and 50c, a little over half price.
All the above Hose are Full Regular Double Heels and Toes.
We will put on sale Monday the most complete line of

UNDERWEAR

And by far the Cheapest that have ever been shown in the city.
1 Lot Gents' Scarlet Vests and Drawers, $1; worth $1 50.
1 Lot Gents' Scarlet Vests and Drawers, $1 25; worth $1 75.
1 Lot Gents' Scarlet Vests and Drawers, $1 50; worth $2.
1 Lot Gents' Scarlet Vests and Drawers, $2; worth $2 75.
Gents' White Vests and Drawers, 50c, 75c, $1, $1 25, $1 50, $1 85, one-third less than regular price.
1 Lot Ladies' Merino Vests and Pants, 50c; worth 75c.
1 Lot Ladies' Merino Vests and Pants, 75c; worth $1.
1 Lot Ladies' Merino Vests and Pants, $1; worth $1 40.
1 Lot Ladies' Scarlet Vests and Pants, $1 25; worth $1 75.
1 Lot Ladies' Scarlet Vests and Pants, $1 50; worth $2.
375 Dozen Ladies' Vests and Pants, ranging in price from 50c, 75c, $1, $1 25, $1 75 and up to $3 75.
Misses' and Children's Vests, Pants and Union Suits at very low prices.
Complete line of Cartwright & Warner's celebrated Underwear for Ladies, Gents, Misses and Children.

W. H. GUMERSELL & CO.

413 and 415 North Fourth Street.

Dealers in Fancy Dry Goods, Laces, Embroideries, Hosiery, Kid Gloves, Etc., Etc., Etc.

JOHN C. HALL & CO.
Established 1875
FIRE INSURANCE MARINE
SAINT LOUIS

M. M. BUCK & CO.,
Manufacturers and Dealers in Every Article used in Constructing and Operating Railroads.
209 N. Third St., St. Louis.
DRILLS TAPS & DIES CHUCKS WRENCHES **TOOLS** MACHINERY WIRE ROPE EMERY WHEELS VISES SUPPLIES TOOLS & MINERS

SPECIAL NOTICES.

TO Whom It May Concern.—Notice is hereby given that a certain car (No. 334) load of axle timber (650 pieces more or less) stored by the Union Depot Co. in Planters' Warehouse, corner 9th and Spruce sts., will be sold for charges at said warehouse on Tuesday, October 3, at 10 o'clock a. m., if same are not sooner paid. E. V. Ringo, proprietor.

SPECIAL NOTICE—To the Stockholders of the Texas and St. Louis Railway Co. in Missouri and Arkansas: Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Texas & St. Louis Railway Co. in Missouri and Arkansas will be held at office of the company, in the city of Pine Bluff, Arkansas, on Tuesday, the seventeenth day of October, 1882, at 9 o'clock a. m. of said day. The object of said meeting are to elect a board of nine directors to serve said company for the ensuing year, and to transact such other business as may lawfully come before it, and particularly to vote upon a proposition to increase the authorized capital stock of said company from four millions eight hundred and fifty thousand dollars, its present authorized capital, to fifteen millions of dollars.

By order of the Board of Directors.
J. W. PARAMORE,
President.
Attest: W. C. DOUGLAS, Ass't Sec'y.
August 12, 1882.

ST. LOUIS, August 6, 1882.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.—To the stockholders of the Texas and St. Louis Railway Company in Missouri and Arkansas:

A meeting of the stockholders of the Texas and St. Louis Railway Company in Missouri and Arkansas is hereby called, and will be held at the office of said company, at the southeast corner of Fourth and Pine streets, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, on Wednesday, the 11th day of October, 1882, from 9 o'clock a. m. to 3 o'clock p. m. of said day. The object of said meeting is to vote upon a proposition to increase the capital stock of said Texas and St. Louis Railway Company in Missouri and Arkansas from four million eight hundred and fifty thousand to fifteen millions of dollars.

By order of the Board of Directors.
J. W. PARAMORE, President.
Attest: W. DOUGLAS, Assistant Secretary.

EUROPEAN STEAMERS.

HAMBURG LINE.

For England, France and Germany.
WIELAND........Sept. 14 | WESTPHALIA....Sept. 21
*BOHEMIA.......Sept. 15 | *VANDALIA.....Sept. 22
FRISIA........Sept. 28.

Steamers marked * sail direct to Hamburg without stopping at either Plymouth or Cherbourg.
C. B. RICHARD & CO., Gen. Pass. Agts.
61 Broadway, New York.
Agents in St. Louis: Fourth National Bank, International Bank, J. P. Whyte & Co., M. Jacoby.

LEGAL.

Special Commissioner's Sale.

SPECIAL COMMISSIONER'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—By virtue of an order of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, made at the June term, A. D. 1882, in the matter of Sallie A. Gordon vs. Minerva E. Goll et al., I, the undersigned, special commissioner, will, in pursuance of said order, on
MONDAY, THE 2D DAY OF OCTOBER, 1882,
at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, Mo., between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of that day, expose at public outcry, to the highest bidder, upon terms of one-third cash, the balance in one and two years, the deferred payments to bear 6 per cent per annum interest, and to be secured by deed of trust upon the property sold, or, at the option of the purchaser, for cash, all the right, title and interest of all the parties named in said matter of Sallie A. Gordon vs. Minerva E. Goll et al., being case No. 58,703 of said court, in and to the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit:

1. Lot 24 of block 218 of said city, having a front of fifty feet on the west line of Fourteenth street by a depth of 150 feet, and more particularly described as follows: Commencing at a point on the west line of Fourteenth street one hundred (100) feet north of the intersection of the west line of Fourteenth street with the north line of Poplar street, thence westwardly parallel with Poplar street 150 feet to an alley, thence northwardly along the east line of said alley fifty feet, thence eastwardly parallel with Poplar street 150 feet to the west line of Fourteenth street, thence southwardly along the west line of Fourteenth street 50 feet to the point of beginning.

2. A certain lot of ground situated in block 320 of said city, having a front of 26 feet 8 inches on the west line of Second street by a depth of 150 feet and described as follows: Commencing at a point in the west line of Second street 53 feet 4 inches south of the point of intersection of the west line of Second street with the south line of Madison street, thence westwardly parallel with Madison street 150 feet, thence southwardly parallel with Second street 26 feet 8 inches, thence eastwardly parallel with Madison street 150 feet to Second street, thence northwardly along the west line of Second street 26 feet 8 inches to the point of beginning, and being bounded on the north by land now or formerly of Jas. S. Signaigo, on the east by Second street, on the south by land now or formerly of Harrison & Filley, and on the west by land now or formerly of Moore.

Sale will be subject to the approval of the court.
JAMES M. CARPENTER,
Special Commissioner.
Collins & Jamison, Attorneys for Plaintiffs. 89T

Assignees' Notices.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ASSIGNMENT OF Michael Spiro.—The undersigned, assignee of said estate, has this day declared a dividend of twelve and a-half per cent, payable on demand at his office, Room 25, 414 Olive street.
MOSES L. WIEDER,
Assignee.
St. Louis, September 20, 1882.

AMUSEMENTS.

19th and Olive

NOW OPEN.

THE GREAT
Forepaugh Show
AFTERNOON AND EVENINGS
FOUR DAYS AND NO LONGER,
Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday,
SEPTEMBER 25, 26, 27, 28,
Indisputably the Largest
Menagerie, Museum and Circus
In the World.
2 GREAT CIRCUS TROUPES.
SEPARATE RINGS.

Hundreds of Rare Animals, Gorgeous Birds, Gigantic Reptiles, Promenade Concerts by the Bands. 10,000 Chair Seats.
Reserved Chairs and General Admission Tickets can be purchased at Balmer & Weber's Music Store, 211 N. Fifth Street. Admission 50 cents; Children under 9 years 25 cents. Opens at 1 and 7 P. M. Commences 1 hour later. Last performance Thursday night, Sept. 28. ADAM FOREPAUGH, Prop.

OLYMPIC THEATER.
Enthusiastic reception! A crowded house greet, on their first appearance in St. Louis,
J. H. HAVERLY'S
Consolidated Mastodon Minstrels.
Absolutely all new! The Sun of Minstrelsy! A sumptuous banquet of refined mirth! Remember! Every evening this week and Wednesday and Saturday Matinees.
Prices—Dress Circle and Parquette, $1; Balcony, 75c; Family Circle, 50c; Gallery, 25c.
Sunday, October 1—DENMAN THOMPSON.

PEOPLE'S THEATER.
Every evening at 8. Matinees Wednesday and Saturday at 2.
THE GREAT HERRMANN
The World Renowned
PRESTIDIGITATEUR!
Assisted by
MDLLE. ADDIE
And His European Specialty Company.
Sunday night, Oct. 1—The Unrivaled Niles', Ravens' Bryant & Howey's Meteor Combination.

POPE'S | FUN! FUN!! FUN!!! WELL, I SHOULD ——
THE MONARCHS OF FUN!
Every Night. Matinees Wednesday and Saturday.
BARRY & FAY,
In Their New Comedy by William Carleton, Esq., Entitled,
IRISH ARISTOCRACY!!
AT MULDOON'S PICNIC.
Sunday, Oct. 1—(Hon. Wm. F. Cody) Buffalo Bill.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.
Engagement of the Popular Tragedian,
THOS. W. KEENE,
Supported by a specially selected company, under the management of Wm. R. Hayden.
Monday, and Saturday evenings, September 25 and 30,
RICHARD III.
Tuesday evening—RICHELIEU. Wednesday Matinee—MERCHANT OF VENICE. Wednesday evening—HAMLET. Thursday — OTHELLO. Friday — MACBETH. Saturday Matinee—FOOL'S REVENGE. Sunday, October 1—Willie Edouin's "SPARKS."

PICKWICK THEATER.
Grace Courtland,
"The Witch of Wall Street."
WILL LECTURE ON
"The Kings of Wall Street,"
OR, WAYS THAT ARE DARK.
WEDNESDAY EVENING, September 27.
After the lecture Mrs. Courtland will give her opinion on the future of the stock, wheat, grain and cotton market.

MERCANTILE LIBRARY HALL
Evenings of October 4 and 5.
Complimentary benefit tendered to
Misses Libby Macarty and Jessie Hall,
Assisted by the best of local talent, including Prof. Muegge's West End Turner class.
Admission 50c. Tickets for sale at Balmer & Weber's, 211 N. Fifth street.

SUMMER delicacies, canned ox tongue, corned beef. St. Louis Beef Canning Company, packers.

DIED.

KAUT—Sunday morning, September 24, at 3 p. m., HENRY L. KAUT, at the age of 28 years.

Funeral will take place from the residence of his brother, Wm. Kaut, 3178 Easton avenue, on Tuesday, at 2 p. m., to Bellefontaine Cemetery. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

Burlington papers please copy.

BROWN—Monday morning at 1 o'clock a. m., FANNIE, daughter of John G. and Catherine Brown, aged 19 years and 10 days.

Funeral will take place Tuesday, September 26, at 2 o'clock p. m., from family residence, Obear avenue, between Fourteenth and Fifteenth, near Water Tower. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

Louisville, Ky., papers please copy.

AN ENGINEER'S DISEASE.

The Sufferings of Roebling, the Great Bridge Builder.

From the New York Sun.

"What is Chief Engineer Roebling's disease?" was asked of an engineer of the East River Bridge.

"A very rare one," he replied. "It is the caisson disease, the result of enduring a high atmospheric pressure. You know that these two great granite piers rest to-day on wooden boxes, turned bottom upward, called caissons. These were constructed with the same horizontal dimensions as the towers. For instance, that on the New York side was 102 by 172 feet, and was nine feet high. The roof of the caisson or the bottom of the box, was made twenty-two feet thick, of solid timber, bolted together. The caisson was built on ways, launched like a ship, and when towed to the point where the pier was to be located, courses of granite blocks were laid upon the top, and by this means it was sunk until it rested on the bed of the river. Then air was forced into the chamber of the caisson by engines on the shore until the water was displaced and the river bed left bare. This pressure was maintained day and night, and workmen were employed digging out the earth from beneath the caisson, so that it should gradually and evenly descend. As the caisson settled, the masonry on it was built up, so that the top of the stone work was always above water.

A good foundation was not reached on the New York side until we reached a depth of seventy-eight feet. Of course workmen had to work in this compressed air, and the chief engineer was with them, as he was anxious that no mistake should be made at the foundation of the piers. The pressure of air required to keep the water out of the caisson increased in exact proportion to the depth. When the digging was begun, the caisson being covered by forty feet of water, the pressure was about eighteen pounds to the square inch, but it reached thirty-six pounds before the close."

"Did this pressure affect the health of others?"

"Very seriously. Some are to-day hopeless invalids like the chief engineer. A number died, and only the most robust fully recovered. In four months there were 110 cases. Here is a medical definition of the disease: It is an ailment depending upon increased atmospheric pressure, but always developed after the pressure is removed. It is characterized by extreme pain in one or more of the extremities, and sometimes in the trunks, which may or may not be associated with epigastric pain and vomiting. In some cases the pain is accompanied by paralysis more or less complete, which may be general or local, but is most frequently confined to the lower half of the body. Cerebral symptoms, such as headache and vertigo, are sometimes present. In fatal cases the symptoms are connected with congestion of the brain and spinal cord, often resulting in serious sanguineous effusion and congestion of most of the abdominal viscera. The chief engineer has the disease in an acute form, accompanied by intense neuralgic pains, which seem as though the flesh were being torn from the bones. The pain is remittent and paroxysmal, especially if he attempts to move. In the last year or two he has been able to move at times with less pain, but he has suffered from a mild paralysis which has kept him a prisoner at home. You know he never saw the towers and cables until he caught sight of them from a soft bed on the deck of the canal boat upon which he was towed on the way from his home in New Jersey when he changed his residence to Brooklyn. With him the cerebral symptoms have not been so acute, and fortunately his brain has been clear, although he has had headache and dizziness. He knows everything that goes on about the bridge, and he takes a deep interest in it. The disease has wrecked his physical life, and many a man would have prayed for death, but his keen intellect has found a stimulant in the expectation of having his name linked with the greatest suspension bridge in the world, and but for this I believe he would care very little for this world."

A Splendid Seaman.

New York Correspondence Chicago Times.

A good deal has been written recently about Ninderman, of the Jeannette's crew, whom Melville calls a remarkable man, and undoubtedly was the most useful and trusted seaman under De Long's command. Nothing has been said, however, about his previous exploits in Arctic seas, although the fact has been mentioned that he was with the Polaris expedition, and was one of the nineteen men who made the famous drift, nearly a thousand miles, down Smith sound on an ice-floe with Capt. Tyson. Those, however, who are familiar with the literature of Arctic exploits know that Ninderman was mentioned oftener and more favorably than any other member of the Polaris crew, both in the official history of the expedition and in Capt. Tyson's story of the drift. Soon after Capt. Hall's death, in November, 1871, the Polaris, while in the ice at about 80 deg. north latitude, was caught in a fearful storm. The ice cracked in every direction; the ship floated off, dragging her anchor, and was driven against the ice with severe shocks, and there was great danger that she would be dashed to pieces against the bergs. Fortunately, however, she drifted up against an immense ice mass, which was afterward named "Providence berg." Buddington got out his ice-anchors to secure the vessel to the berg. In his narrative he says: "I hesitated about ordering the men to this duty, which was made very perilous by the darkness of the night, the extreme violence of the wind, and the steep and slippery surface of the berg. William Ninderman was the first to offer himself for this dangerous duty." He climbed out of the forward port-hole and was just able to pull himself on to a projecting piece of the berg. He began to ascend, but the side of the ice-mountain was so steep that he had to cut steps in the ice with his hatchet. After an hour's toil he firmly planted an ice-anchor in the berg, and then "Esquimaux Joe" helped him to plant two more anchors, and thus they remained, securely tied up to the berg, all winter. Ninderman was severely frost-bitten during this exploit, which is the subject of an illustration in the official report. Dr. Bessels, who headed the scientific department of the expedition, mentions that Ninderman was continually bringing him specimens of the animal kingdom and valuable fossils for preservation. During the drift down Smith sound, at a time when the men were hard put to it for food, Ninderman shot two dovekies, which fell into the water. He jumped in after them and secured his prizes. Ninderman is soon to be married, but it will not be surprising if, after the honeymoon, he embraces the first opportunity to sail on another polar expedition. The mania for Arctic travel seems to cling to everybody it once attacks.

Lieut. Danenhower is going to lecture next winter on Arctic exploration. It is understood that he will advance some theories of his own as to the best methods of attacking the polar problem. It is said that he has so much faith in his ideas on that subject that he would like to go north to put them into execution. He will deliver his first lecture in the Brooklyn Academy of Music on the evening of October 3.

PROPERTY OUT OF CITY FOR SALE.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

FOR SALE—A farm of 236 acres in Moniteau county, Mo.; brick house 8 rooms, bank barn, cattle barn, 2 orchards living, water, hedge fences, to be sold on liberal terms; on Missouri Pacific Railroad, six hours from St. Louis. Address M. A. R., 2827 Morgan st. 6

FOR SALE—A farm of 236 acres in Moniteau county, Mo.; brick house 8 rooms, bank barn, cattle barn, 2 orchards, living water, hedge fences; to be sold on liberal terms; on Missouri Pacific Railroad. Address M. A. R., 2827 Morgan st. 6

FOR SALE—Eighty-five acres choice land on the Narrow Gauge Railroad, in Florissant Valley. Apply to M. Kern, 1113 Washington av. 6

FOR SALE—Houses, lots, farms and wild lands in this and other States. J. R. Timberman & Co., 719 Chestnut. m6

TELEPHONE OFFICES ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH.

All classes of "Want Advertisements" will be received for the POST-DISPATCH at the following places and charged for at the same rate as if left at the main office. Each branch office is provided with telephone connection with the main office. All wants handed in before 12 o'clock (mid day) will be telephoned at once to this office and appear in the issue of the same afternoon. Orders for the delivery of the paper, by carrier, at 15 cents a week, also received.

E. Geisler, Pharmacist, St. Ange and Park aves.
C. K. Jones & Co., Druggists, 1400 Garrison ave.
Otto D'Amour, Druggist, Broadway and Chambers street.
John W. O'Brien, Druggist, 1727 Cass avenue.
J. W. Tomfohrde, Pharmacist, 18th and Benton sts.
Wm. R. Grant, Druggist, 3342 Olive street.
H. F. A. Spilker, Druggist, 1500 Chouteau ave.
J. M. Good, Druggist, 2348 Olive street.
Geo. Weinsberg, Apothecary, Marion and Menard streets.
Thos. S. Glenn, Druggist, 2338 Washington ave.
Chas. Gulath, Druggist, 2613 Carondelet ave.
A. Syerenya, 2740 Morgan street.
Adolph Pfeiffer, Druggist, Broadway and Salisbury streets.

Telephone Numbers—
Business Department . . . . 558.
Editorial Rooms . . . . 501.

PERSONAL.

A YOUNG widow, refined and educated, would like to become acquainted with a gentleman of means; one who would not compromise or be compromised desired. Address T. 78, this office. m1

BACHELOR of 38 wishes to make the acquaintance of a respectable lady with $200 to invest in paying business; matrimony if agreeable. Ad. T. 69, this office. m1

FRANK RUSSELL, from Russells Station, Ohio, an old friend would like you to call at his room, 1009 Pine street. m1

IF Edward and Mary Humphrey will send their address to Alex. Turnbull at Du Quoin, Ill., they will hear of something of importance. m1

MISS KITTIE LEE—Please will you send your address to one of your relations. Ad. T. 81. m1

MISS LINA BOWMAN—Will you give information where I can see you? Ad. T. 82, this office. m1

MISS LOU: Note received too late for reply Saturday. There is but one object, if understood and agreeable. Ad. H. 72, this office. m1

MRS. CLARK: Your answer to D. 72 received too late. Will it be convenient to be at your place on Wednesday evening between 7 and 8 o'clock. m1

PERSONAL—A young widow wants the friendship of a gentleman who will assist her. Ad. E. 67, this office. m1

PERSONAL—A gentleman, 35 years, having a first-class paying business, wishes to meet a lady with ample means; first-class ref. given. Address L. 33, this office. t1

PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

ALL cast off clothing bought by N. Jacobs, 308 Locust st. Address postal card. f74

CALIFORNIA ports, sherries, Angelica and brandies retailed at wholesale prices at Bleyer's, 5th and Market. 74

FINE laundrying; collars and cuffs equal to Eastern work, 20c per dozen. 609 Pine st., 312 Locust st., 815 Washington av. Missouri Steam Laundry. 74

JUST RECEIVED—Fall catalogue of 5c sheet music. Send for same to E. T. Jett, book-seller, 804 Olive st. 74

MRS. LAURA DE KNEVETT, spiritual medium, natural clairvoyant and test guide for business. 1413 Morgan st. 74

OUR family supply depot for fine wines, whiskies and brandies is the most complete west of New York; prices strictly wholesale. The Bleyer Distilling Co., 5th and Market. 74

SILVER PLATED WARE YOU pay no retail profits if you purchase direct from E. M. Wadworth & Co., manufacturers of fine silverware, 612 Olive st. Old ware replated and repaired. 74

BUSINESS CHANCES.

INSURE with HOLLAND & PRATT, 223 Olive st.

LATEST STYLES. F. HACKEY, FASHIONABLE BOOT AND SHOE MAKER, 724 Olive st.

SHEET music 5c; regular price 35c to 75c; 1,000 pieces; send for catalogue. Book and News Depot s. w. cor. 12th and Olive sts., St. Louis. 2

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

$1 Down and 50c a Week

Gets you a nice Clock, Album, Bible or Mirror. Be sure you buy of my agents or direct from my store. Ingalls, 813 Market street.

FOR SALE—The Bridge Saloon on the dyke. Apply to Louis Gress, East St. Louis. 4

FOR SALE—Cigar Store; $1,000; in good location; party leaving the city. Address F. 66, this office.

FOR SALE—$400 will buy notions and millinery store; new fixtures, in fine new store on Franklin avenue; cheap rent. Apply at 314 Olive st., room 4. Also grocery store for sale for $1,000; also heavy spring wagon for $60. m4

FOR SALE—Choice central saloon, doing fine business, with long lease; a bargain if applied for at once. J. R. Timberman & Co., 719 Chestnut. m4

FOR SALE CHEAP—A machine shop with buildings and grounds in good running order, ready for operation. a4

FOR SALE—Horse shoeing shop with two fires in the southern part of the city. Address F. J. B., 210 Olive st. w4

FOR SALE—Fruit and candy store with fixtures; cheap; good stand. Reason for selling, parties leaving city. Apply at 1820 Franklin av. m4

FOR SALE—Grocery and saloon, in good location; doing a good business; party going in country. Address L. 28, this office. m4

FOR SALE—Grocery stores with and without sample rooms, notion stores, saloons and many other kinds of business; call and see us before buying. J. R. Timberman & Co., 719 Chestnut. m4

MILLINERY and photograph business for sale; all in the same building, in good order and in a good town—1,500 inhabitants; good country, thickly settled with prosperous farmers; will sell either or both businesses separate or combined, cheap for cash. Address for particulars Box 166, Atorisa, Fulton county, Ill. t4

RESTAURANT and cigar stand at a sacrifice if taken at once; first-class fixtures; big bargain; sickness cause. Ad. R. 72, this office. m4

STORAGE for furniture; money advanced if desired; packing and shipping done; lowest rates. C. F. Betts, 208 N. 8th st. 84

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

$1 Down and 50c a Week

Gets you a nice Clock, Album, Bible or Mirror. Be sure you buy of my agents or direct from my store. Ingalls, 813 Market street.

$5,000 SCHOOL SHOES at 50c on the dollar. 1028 Broadway and 1131 N. 5th st. Wm. Ogle. 5

A SIDE CASE 14 feet long, with shelving and bins, suitable for bakery or confectionery, for sale cheap if called for soon at 712 Morgan st. t5

BLACK and tan and terrier dogs, also Maltese cats at E. Kaub & Co.'s bird store, 417 Walnut st. 5

FOR SALE—Veiled Prophet and U. S. Flags of bunting, White Mountain hammock chairs, tents, wagon covers, etc., at low prices. Ch. Reppe, No. 18 N. 2d st. 5

FOR SALE—A good second-hand safe, double door and combination lock, cheap. Northwest corner 5th and Market sts. 5

FOR SALE OR RENT—Four hundred cots, quilts, pillows, cases and sheets in lots to suit. McDowell, 110 S. 7th st. 5

FOR SALE—A large, fierce, young watch dog; fine breed. Apply after 5 p. m. in basement of 2315 Wash st. m5

FOR SALE—Cheap—Baltimore Heater. Ad. H. 71, this office. m5

FOR SALE—Cheap.—Large sign for Restaurant, gilt letters, good as new, at 804 Olive st. m5

FOR SALE—Forty feet of black walnut counter tops with stained glass and in good order; get at your own price, at No. 1508 O'Fallon st. t5

FOR SALE—I have a brand-new genuine Singer sewing machine, which I took for debt, which I will sell for $25 cash. It is the same machine every way that the Singer Company sell for $50. Fred. H. Ingalls, 813 Market st. m5

FOR SALE—I have an elegant nickle-plated hard coal base-burner (Westminster) used part of last winter, which I will sell cheap for want of use; it is as good as new every way, and cost $33; sell for $23. Fred. H. Ingalls, 813 Market st. m5

FOR SALE—20,000 rolls wall paper at your own price, hanging 10c a roll. Ad. Horn, 1303 Wash st. Samples shown at your house. m5

MITCHELL'S Bon-Bons, Chocolates, French fruit candies. 418 Olive st.

MISS B. HIRSCH & CO., 1823 Franklin av., will remove to 711 N. 4th st., about October 1, and are offering their entire stock of millinery at less than cost before removal. w5

SPECIAL bargains in shoes. Misses' button school shoes, a splendid wearing article..............$1 50
Ladies' button shoes, warranted..............$2 00
Ladies' low price kid and grain button shoes......$1 50
ENTERPRISE SHOE STORE, a5 608 Franklin av.

WILL sell eleven hundred of clover for 17 cts per hundred, at 3217 Caroline st. m5

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

Wanted.

PASTURAGE for forty horses. Apply to J. L. Chambers, near Ferguson Station, St. Louis county. t11

For Sale.

Bonsack & Vogel, Manufacturers of Carriages, Buggies, Spring Wagons, City Trucks. Painting and repairing. MAIN AND SPRUCE STS.

FOR SALE—Second-hand top buggy and harness, for $30. Livery 2625 Olive. Write postal; will show buggy at your door. f12

FOR SALE—Two hundred second-hand and new carriages, victorias, coupes, surreys, canopy and buggy-top phaetons, side bar buggies, barouche $100, harness, track sulky, light and heavy spring wagons; exchanges made. Gilbird's, 105 S. 3d st. 12

IMPORTED English saddles and riding equipments for both ladies and gents. Also a complete line of hand-made road harness, ranging from $13 upwards. Custom work a specialty, and in style and quality equal to any in this or any other market. Henry A. Hammel, 704 Pine st. 12

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

SILVER-PLATED WARE.

You pay no retail profits if you purchase direct from E. M. Wadsworth & Co., manufacturers of fine silverware, 612 Olive st. Old ware replaced and repaired. 74

28 S. FIFTEENTH ST.—Nicely furnished rooms, southern exposure; all modern conveniences.

201½ CENTER ST.—For rent, 2 rooms, kitchen and cellar. Ap. from 9 a. m. to 3 p. m., at 205 Center st. f13

211 N. EIGHTH ST.—Furnished room, with gas and bath. w13

315 N. ELEVENTH ST.—Nicely furnished rooms with or without board; day boarders accommodated: terms reasonable. m13

608 MARKET ST. (near business center)—Elegant furnished rooms, by day, week or month. 13

717 S. FIFTH ST.—Furnished rooms. m13

822 MARKET ST.—Clark House—Rooms and board; terms low. t13

926 WEBSTER ST.—A nicely furnished room with fire and gas; private family; rent low. m13

1019 S. THIRTEENTH ST.—Two rooms on second floor; furnished or partially furnished; water in room. m13

1022 NORTH NINETEENTH ST.—Two nice unfurnished rooms; front; first floor; privilege of bath; private family; two blocks from Franklin av. cars. t13.

1122 CHOUTEAU AV.—A handsomely furnished front parlor, with board; suitable for man and wife, or two gentlemen; all conveniences; convenient to street-car line. t13

1309 WASHINGTON AV.—Visitors to the Fair can be accommodated with good rooms and board at reasonable rates. f13

1325 CHESTNUT ST.—Rooms furnished or unfurnished. m13

1428 N. TWENTY-FIRST ST.—Two rooms and a kitchen, complete for housekeeping. s13

1928 GRATIOT ST.—Second-story furnished room for one or two gents; bath; with or without board. t13

3111 CLARK AV.—Three second-floor rooms; bath and conveniences for small family; rent low. t13

FOR RENT—Rooms furnished or unfurnished single or en suite, in all parts of the city. Room Renting Agency of J. R. Timberman & Co., 719 Chestnut st. m13

FOR RENT—Four rooms, including a handsomely fur. room, bath, etc., on second floor. Inquire at 2019 Eugenia st. m13

FOR RENT—Three large rooms on second floor in a stone front building; water and gas; convenient to three street car lines. Inquire at 913 N. Market st.; no children. w13

FOUR ROOMS, first floor, house 713 S. 3d st., $17. Ap. 19 N. 6th st. No objection to colored folks.

HANDSOME back rooms with board for gentlemen only. No. 2802 Washington av. m13

IN Western part of the city, in private family, a furnished front room for rent. Apply at drug store, 3159 Easton av. m13

PARTIES wanting rooms during Fair week can obtain them free of charge from us. We can accommodate over 10,000 persons. Room Renting Agency of J. R. Timberman & Co., 719 Chestnut st. m13

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

206 S. FOURTEENTH ST.—Six rooms, kitchen and laundry; hot and cold water. Ap. from 9 a. m. to 3 p. m., at 205 Center st. f14

1015 DILLON St.—Stone front, 11 rooms, modern improvements. Inquire within. 14

2834 OHIO AV.—House of six rooms; $20; also new house southeast corner Emma and Sidney sts.; rent $27 50. Apply to C. H. Franke, 706 Chestnut st. s14

FOR RENT—A strong, substantial two-story brick building, 27x36 feet, in rear of my office, with front and rear entrance, suitable for light manufacturing business; steam power if desired.
E. G. OBEAR, Real Estate Agent, 307 N. 7th st. s12

FOR RENT—House of two rooms, good location, good water and close to Franklin av. cars. Apply to F. Murnane, Taylor av., near Page. m14

NEW six-room two-story house; large yard, cellar, and water in house; rent, $22 50 per month. Apply 4412 N. 14th st. m14

FURNISHED HOUSES TO LET.

A FURNISHED house in Stoddard Addition to rent, filled with good paying boarders. Will sell cheap for cash. Reason for selling, ill health. R. 79, this office. m15

TO LET—FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

2129 FRANKLIN AV.—A large, roomy store 24 feet front by 114 deep. Well adapted for a furniture store or for party who requires lots of room. For particulars apply to E. H. Kortkamp, 514 Franklin av. t17

FOR RENT—A store in the Green Tree Hotel Building, on Broadway, East St. Louis. Apply at hotel. J. W. Johnson. 17

FOR RENT—Warehouse, 17 S. 11th st. Inquire at 13 S. 11th st. w17

FOR RENT CHEAP—Three floors, office, with good elevator. Ap. at 306 N. Commercial street. f17

OFFICES FOR RENT—The second and third floors of my new building, light and airy.
E. G. OBEAR, Real Estate Agent, 307 N. 7th st. s17

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—Board for medical students convenient to college, from October 2. Ad. Janitor Missouri Medical College, 23d and Lucas av. a19

BOARD AND LODGING WANTED.

WANTED—Board and lodging for single gentleman within two and a half miles from Court-house and near line of Benton-Bellefontaine Railway. Address M., 407 N. 4th st. m20

HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.

WANTED—Parties having rooms to rent during Fair week to call and register the same. We have no time to answer letters or postals, hence parties having them to rent must call in person. Room Renting Agency of J. R. Timberman & Co., 719 Chestnut st. 21

WANTED—Persons having houses and rooms to rent can find ready tenants by calling and registering the same at our office. J. R. Timberman & Co., 719 Chestnut st. m21

WANTED—A nicely furnished room for gen't east of 12th st.; rent in advance; no questions asked. Ad. T. 84, this office. m21

WANTED—By a single lady, room furnished or unfurnished, with or without board; prefer north of Benton and east of 14th st. Ad. Mrs. Moore, P. O. box 2862. m21

WANTED—To rent, by a responsible party, a modern built residence, 12 or 13 rooms, furnished or unfurnished, in western part of city. Apply to W. P. Nelson, 215 N. 8th st. s21

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

A LADY of means wishes to adopt a girl baby between the ages of 18 months and 3 years. Ad. T. 97, this office. w26

CALL at 1728 Franklin av. and get anything you need at small weekly payments. w26

GENTLEMEN, go to 1408 Franklin av. to have your clothes dyed, cleaned and repaired. 26

INSURE with HOLLAND & PRATT, 223 Olive st.

MITCHELL'S CANDIES (home made), French fruits, Canton ginger in syrup and crystalized, bon-bons, chocolate, etc. 418 Olive st.

WANTED—To adopt a girl baby two or three months old. Call 1100 N. 11th st., third floor, this evening. m26

WANTED—A stylish baby carriage; state price. Ad. T. 94, this office. m26

WANTED—Everybody to buy their canaries and mocking birds, canary seed and mocking food at E. Kaub & Co.'s, 417 Walnut st. 26

WANTED—Nice furniture for bed-room, dining-room and kitchen. Ad. T. 83, this office. m26

MUSICAL.

ERNEST SPIERING, violin teacher, 1104 Chambers st. Lesson at pupil's residence if required.

MRS. WOOD wants pupils to take lessons on piano; terms moderate; free use of piano for practice. Ad. 1305 Pine st. t27

PIANOS Wheelock pianos, the best now made, for sale on easy payments, at H. Koerber's, 1103 Olive stree.

PIANOS of all grades, new and second-hand, for sale at great bargains or for rent a H. Koerber's 1103 Olive street.

EDUCATIONAL.

FRANKLIN COMMERCIAL AND MATHEmatical Institute, Granite Building, southwest corner Fourth and Market. The day and night session will begin September 4. F. C. KOSSAK.

JOHNSON'S Commercial College, 210-212 N. Third. Open day and night all year. Write for circulars.

LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND at last, the best, most experienced taxidermist in America. Inquire at E. Kaub & Co.'s bird store, 417 Walnut st. 30

LOST—Ladys' parasol, black silk with white handle, at Grand Opera-house last Saturday matinee. Reward. No. 507 Ware av. m30

LOST—Small red muley cow; heavy with calf; one ear cropped; some white on her forehead; $5 reward by returning her to Shenandoh st., bet. Jefferson and Iowa avs. Jos. Stableton. m30

LOST—On Sunday, Sept. 24, a black morocco pocket-book, containing from $40 to $50 in currency, coupon receipts, iron stock certificates, etc. A suitable reward will be paid for its return to H. L. Fox & Co., 312 and 314 N. 3d st. m30

LOST—A little girl dressed in blue with double row of steel buttons; name, Nellie Howard. Any information will gladly be received at 1312 Clark av. m30

LOST—September 21, 1882, a large bay mare mule—harness marks—suitable reward. J. A. Smith & Son. n30

FINANCIAL.

BY retired business man, money to loan on household goods, notes or collaterals at very low interest; no other expenses. Address H. 66, this office. 31

MONEY TO LOAN—On all personal property in sums from 25c to $5,000. Golden Eagle Loan Office, 12 S. Fourth st. 31

Money to Loan.

$50,000, $10,000, $3,000, $1,000 on real estate at 6 per cent. Inquire at JOHN LADY & CO., 305½ Olive street. 31

MONEY LOANED—On furniture in residence; business confidential; no charge for making loan. Brolaski & Voorhis, 603 Pine. 31

MONEY TO LOAN on household goods without removal; business confidential; no brokerage or commission charged. D. H. Evans & Co., 207 N. Seventh street. 31

MONEY TO LOAN on household furniture without removal; lowest rate; business confidential. C. F. Betts, Notary Public, 208 N. 8th. 31

MONEY to loan on furniture without removal; no brokerage or commission; business confidential. F. W. Peters & Co., 620 Chestnut st., room 18

ALL SORTS.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper

25C OR 50c per week will buy you anything in the house furnishing line, such as wringers, butters, bed springs, patent washers, clocks, mirrors, albums—in fact, everything that is needed in a well-regulated house. We deliver all orders promptly, as we keep our own delivery wagon. Bulkeley & Thomas, 1728 Franklin av. w32

$1 Down and 50c a Week

Gets you a nice Clock, Album, Bible or Mirror. Be sure you buy of my agents or direct from my store. Ingalls, 813 Market street.

ALL marble dealers in St. Louis use Columbia limestone. Sold and tried for 30 years. w32

ALL the new designs in paper hangings, window shades, picture frames, mirrors, etc., cheap at Stephens', 413 and 415 Franklin av. 32

BIRD store and taxidermist. E. Kaub & Co., 417 Walnut st. 32

BUTTER CHEESE, LARD, EGGS, WM. N. TIVY, 424 N. Second St. HONEY.

BEECHER FURNACE is the best soft coal burner, the best hard coal burner the best to burn gas or smoke. F. M. Campbell & Co., 1015 Washington av. 32

FIRST-CLASS photographs at second-class prices; taken regardless of weather at R. F. Adams & Co.'s gallery, 215 N. Fourth st. 32

INSURE with HOLLAND & PRATT, 223 Olive st.

ICE BREWERS, ice retailers, butchers, packers, grocers and packing humanity generally, can buy 100 lbs to a car load of Litchfield Reservoir ice (purest in the market) at our new branch office and wagon scales, railroad track, Eighteenth and Clark avenue.
JAMES A. SMITH & SON.

MITCHELL'S CANDIES (home made), French fruits Canton ginger in syrup and crystalized, bon-bons, chocolates, etc. 418 Olive st.

MARTIN'S Institute, Open day SHORTHAND and type-writing 618 Olive street. and evening. 32

STRICTLY pure wines and liquors by the bottle, gallon or barrel, at T. Julian Smith's, 513 Walnut street. 32

The St. Louis Mutual House Building Co., 513 Walnut.

Loans large and small amounts. Builds houses on city real estate. Payments monthly. Terms greatly reduced.

STRICTLY pure wines and liquors, by the bottle, gallon or barrel, at T. Julian Smith's, 513 Walnut st.

UHRIG'S CAVE SALOON now open. 3690 Washington av. Choice wines, liquors and cigars. s32

USE P. FRIERDICH & SON'S, Columbia, Ill., lime stone for coping, steps, platforms, etc. The best limestone now used in St. Louis. w32

PROFESSIONAL.

MRS. R. L. ADY, M. D.—Treatment of all female diseases a specialty. 1012 Locust st. 34

MRS. H. TYLER WILCOX, M. D., 1113 Garrison av. Specialty: Diseases of women and children. 34

REMOVALS.

CORSETS—Miss E. Rawlings removed from 1120 Olive st. to 1226 Washington av. 35

MISS L. E. MUNDY has removed from 610 Olive st. to 208 N. 6th, where she would be pleased to see her customers. 35

BOOKS.

10,000 STANDARD BOOKS, new and second-hand. Catalogue free. Cash paid for standard books. D. Linahan, 4th and Washington av.

SCHOOL BOOKS—The largest stock of new and old school books in the city, and at the lowest prices. Frank Archer, 515 Pine st. 83

STORAGE.

BEST storage for furniture; clean, dry and lowest rates. J. B. Brolaski, 603 Pine st. 84

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Book-keepers.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

COPYING in the best style and at the lowest rates; a trial solicited; satisfaction guaranteed. L. 42, this office. t36

SITUATION wanted by a young man as bookkeeper or salesman. Ad. H. 56, this office. m36

SITUATION wanted as bookkeeper, correspondent or clerk in an office by a competent man. Address T. 87, this office. w36

WANTED—Situation by a married man either as assistant book-keeper, bill or entry clerk in some wholesale house. Ad. E. 62, this office. t36

Clerks and Salesmen.

AN experienced salesman desires a situation in first-class clothing house; reference given. Address H. 61, this office. t37

A BOY of 17 would like a situation in store. Ad. J. W. B., 703 Chestnut st. t37

A BOY of 15 years, speaking English and German, who writes a fair hand, wishes a situation in some attorney's office, or as collector in some business; can bring ref. if wanted. Ad. E. B., 1528 S. 7th st. w37

BOY, about 17 years, for office. Apply at A. Booth, 108 N. 5th st. w37

BY young man of 23 years, having 7 years' experience in dry gooods; refs. T. 65, this office. m37

BY a first-class penman, copying or engrossing. Ad. T., 88, this office. w37

COPYIST—Young man well educated and writing rapid hand; will guarantee correct copy and punctuality. Ad. E. 66, this office. t37

DRUGGIST wishes a position as relief clerk; speaks English and German. L. 38, this office.

MAN aged 30 years as storekeeper or check clerk in either a first-class restaurant or hotel, or a manufacturing establishment; a No. 1 writer; good references. P. O'Brien, 908 St. Louis av. t37

MAN of middle-age (German), well recommended and acquainted in the city, would like to sell liquors and cigars for wholesale houses on salary or commission. Ad. D. 92, this office. t37

OFFICE work wanted, being able to assist on books, enter, billing or collecting; refs. given. Ad. H. 60, this office. m37

ORPHAN boy of 16 wishes a situation in retail dry goods; 4 years' exp. in Wm. Barr & Co.'s. L. 39, this office. t37

SITUATION wanted by a boy of 16 years in office or wholesale house; can write a good hand and is quick and correct at figures; salary no object; refs. given if req. Ad. L. 9, this office. t37

SITUATION wanted by an earnest and working young man as salesman and assistant bookkeeper in retail clothing house. Cecil F. Sproule, t. o. t37

SITUATION as clerk in any kind of business; willing to work; good penman; correct at figures; speaks German and English; refs. if req. Ad. T. 62, this office. s37

SITUATION WANTED—$50 reward for a situation in or out of doors; have held positions of trust, etc., with large firms; references. Ad. L. 49, this office. t37

SITUATION wanted by a young man as shipping clerk or collector. Ad. H. 47, this office. m37

SITUATION wanted by a man with twelve years' experience in lumber business; well qualified for office or yard work. Ad. E. 60, this office. t37

SITUATION wanted by young man of six years' exp. in gen. mdse., single-entry and ass't book-keeper; country preferred; refs. first-class. Ad. T. 89, this office. w37

SITUATION wanted by a young man experienced in the retail grocery and hardware trade. Address A. B. G., 1010 Locust st. w37

WANTED—By October 1, situation in wholesale house by middle-aged married man, who is quick and correct at figures, a rapid penman and a thorough book-keeper; permanent position desired. Ad. H. 69, this office. t37

WANTED—To do copying or to address circulars at home; fair penman and rapid writer. Address, stating terms, E. 23, this office. t37

WANTED—Situation as collector, with best refs. for some wholesale house in this city. Address T. 55, this office. t37

The Trades.

A GOOD job printer wants a steady situation; will work for $15 weekly, and can earn it well. Ad L. 54, this office. w38

AN experienced miller and machinist, also flour and meal inspector, desires a position with responsible firm; best of reference from Members of Parliament and past employers. Address D. 90, this office.

A YOUNG man wishes a situation as carpenter; has been at the bench four years. Ad. Mr. A. Chapman, 102 S. Compton av. m38

SITUATION wanted by a pattern-maker as wearer. 1523 N. 17th st. w38

STRONG boy wants a situation to learn blacksmithing; has experience; age 18. Ad. Z. 92, t. o. w38

WANTED—Situation by a first-class cutter west of Indiana; moderate salary expected. W. H. House, South Bend, Ind. m38

WANTED—To learn the carving trade by young man that has some knowledge of the business. H. 52, this office. m38

WORK by experienced carpenter. Ad. E. 63, this office. t38

WANTED—Situation by shoemaker as fitter. Apply 1523 N. 17th st. w38

YOUNG Dane wishes to learn cabinet-making; has some knowledge of wood-carving; wages no object. D. 94, this office. t83

Coachmen and Drivers.

A BOY 19 years of age, well acquainted in the city, wants a situation to drive a delivery wagon; good reference. Address T. 70, this office. w39

A YOUNG man, married, speaks and writes German and English, knows the city well, willing to work, wishes a situation as porter or driver; he is a careful driver and good hostler; reference given. Ad. H. 54, this office. m39

A MAN wishes a situation to drive team or care of horses. Stranger in city. Address 327 S. Seventh st. t39

SITUATION by steady, industrious young man who understands the care of horses. Ad. H. 58, this office. m39

SITUATION as coachman. Man and wife want place in private family. Both clean and understand their business. Please address L. 40, this office, for three days. t39

SITUATION by No. 1 coachman; understands the care of green house; best city ref. Ad. M. S., 927 N. 6th st. m39

SITUATION wanted as coachman; refs. 3015 Market. m39

SITUATION wanted by a young German as carriage driver; well known in city; best reference given. Ad. L. 27, this office. t39

WANTED—By a sober, hardworking Christian man, a situation as porter, night watchman or driver for delivery wagon; well acquainted with city, and not afraid of work; reference given. Ad. C. N., care of Y. M. C. A., city. m39

WANTED—Situation as coachman in private family. Seven years' experience; references. Address T. 63, this office. w39

YOUNG man of 19 wishes a situation to fire up or drive a single team. Ad. L. 34, this office. t39

YOUNG man having his own horse and light spring wagon wants light delivering and collecting. Ad. T. 86, this office. w39

Stenographers.

A GOOD reader will read for a class of 4 or 5 short-hand writers at low rates. Ad. T. 85, this office. w41

STENOGRAPHER wants a position. Ad. F. E. Rood, L. & N., G. F. O., city. m41

STENOGRAPHER having many years' experience and writing rapid hand solicits trial prior to engagement. Ad. E. 64, this office. t41

Boys.

A Boy of 15 years, speaking English and German, writes a good hand, wishes a sit. in some attorney's office. E. B., 1528 S. 7th. m42

A BOY of 12 wants a situation as office or errand boy. Ad. H. 49, this office. m42

A PLACE by a boy to work about the house. Ad. 1016 Ham st. w42

A BOY speaking German and English wishes a situation as office or errand boy; he is 14 years of age, and willing to work. Ap. 1214 Carr st., by A. P. Lion. m42

BOY of fifteen years, speaking English and German, with a fair handwriting, wishes a situation in an attorney's office or a notary public's; refs. E. B., 1528 S. 7th st. m42

Miscellaneous.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

A SITUATION by a boy of 19 to attend stock at Fair Grounds during Fair week; understands stock. E. 65, this office. w43

ANY exhibitor at Fair wishing some one to take charge of exhibit can find a suitable person by addressing T. 77, this office. w43

BY a married man to take charge of farm or country residence for the winter; will devote his attention to stock, etc., wife to do housework. Ad. A. Withmar & Co., 408 N. 4th st. t43

BY young man desiring to attend night class Commercial College, day work of any kind for small salary. Ad. E. 59, this office. t43

EMPLOYMENT at Fair Grounds, to handle light articles, or to be otherwise useful. Ad. L. 32, this office. t43

MAN and wife, no children, wish care of house in exchange for the use of one room unfurnished, for housekeeping. Ad. E. A. Stopher, 507 Market st.

POSITION as night watchman; refs. E. 56, this office. m43

POSITION by a professional detective; best of references as to ability and integrity. Ad. L. 34, this office. t43

SITUATION wanted as night watchman or porter; best of references from leading wholesale houses in the city. Ad. L. 36, this office. t43

SITUATION of any kind, by a young man not afraid of work; strong and of good habits. L. 51, this office. t43

WANTED—A place as family tutor by a German of classical and musical education; salary no object. Ad. T. 80, this office. w43

WANTED—Situation by a middle-aged man; can furnish horse if desired. Ad. E. 61, t. o. t43

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Clerks and Saleswomen

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

$1 Down and 50c a Week

Gets you a nice Clock, Album, Bible or Mirror. Be sure you buy of my agents or direct from my store. Ingalls, 813 Market street.

BY a young lady, to do copying in an office or at home. Address T. 71, this office. w44

TWO young girls would like to keep some kind of a stand Fair week at the Fair Grounds. Ad. 1239 N. 21st st., up-stairs. m44

TWO young ladies with experience wish employment in office or business house to do copying, correspondence or other light office work; best of refs. T. 75, this office. w44

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

A WIDOW, dressmaker, can cut and fit, of good experience in housekeeping, desires any suitable position; best of ref. Call 307 Pine st., room 38. w46

BY a competent seamstress, permanent sit.; would assist with light work; has a nice machine; refs. 1817 Morgan. w46

SIT. as seamstress in small family with dressmaker. L. K., 2815 N. 14th st. m46

SITUATION wanted by a seamstress in a private family. Ad. 1232 N. 14th st. f46

Housekeepers.

A LADY wishes a situation as housekeeper. Ap. at 22 S. 20th st. m47

I AM a middle-aged lady with two daughters, aged, respectively, 14 and 11, able to help. I am competent to take care of a furnished house and keep it in good order. Ad. Mrs. E. A. Meacham, 1626 Broadway and Howard st. m47

SITUATION by a refined, intelligent, middle-aged lady to take charge of lodging-house. Ad. H. 51, this office. m47

WANTED—Situation by a middle-aged lady as housekeeper for a widower's family. D. 57, this office. m47

WANTED—By a steady woman a situation as housekeeper; can give best of refs. Ad. L. 53, this office. w47

General Housework.

A GERMAN girl wants a place to do housework. Call at 919 N. 14th st.; no postals answered. w48

ACCOMPLISHED girl wants a situation to do housework or dining-room work and assist with washing and ironing—best of references. Address 1406 N. 10th st. No postal cards. w48

SITUATION wanted to do housework or work in kitchen. D. 93, this office. t48

WANTED—A situation in a small family to do general housework by a girl with good references. Ad. E. 50, this office. m48

WANTED—Situation by German girl to do housework and washing or laundress; no cooking. 1813 Franklin av. m48

YOUNG man of 18, strong and willing to work, would like a situation on a farm. Ad. T. 98, this office.

Cooks, Etc.

A FIRST-CLASS cook wishes a sit. in a private family; best city refs.; no washing or ironing; no postals. 721 N. 23d. w49

GOOD cook wants situation to assist with washing and ironing; also willing to do general housework. Call at 2106 Wash st. m19

SITUATION in hotel or restaurant by woman of experience. Ad. Mrs. Graham, 1206 Linden st. t49

SITUATION wanted to cook, wash and iron, or to do general housework, by an experienced girl. L. 43, this office. t49

Nurses.

A GIRL of 14 wishes a situation in a small family to nurse. Call at No. 1321 O'Fallon st., rear. w50

A SIT. by a young girl to nurse or light housework; also a woman, to take in family washing or go out by the day; refs. if req. Ad. H. 63, this office. t50

SITUATION by girl 15 years of age, as nurse for one child. 1019 N. 9th. m50

Teachers, Companions, Etc.

A LADY of thorough education, refinement and intelligence desires a position in a family where her society will be considered sufficient compensation for the comforts of a home; refs. given and required. Ad. Amaranth, box 241, Denison, Grayson county, Texas. t78

A LADY wants a position in a family to teach English branches to children and take charge of wardrobe; R. Catholic family preferred; no objection to country. Call at 1120 Locust st. m78

SITUATION by nursery governess. Ad. H. 68, this office. t78

HELP WANTED—MALE.

Clerks and Salesmen.

AN experienced salesman for general stock; well recommended; permanent situation for right party. 2712 Franklin av. t54

A GOOD grocery clerk wanted. L. W. Blanke, 1021 Stoddard av. t54

WANTED—A youth of about 15 to 18 years, who boards with his family, quick and proficient at figures and writes a good hand, as entry clerk and assistant bookkeeper; ref. req.; salary moderate. Kayton and Bauman, 311 N. 4th st. m54

Coachmen and Drivers.

A YOUNG man to drive delivery wagon and collect. Apply, after 6 p. m., at 2330 Scott av.; new house. m55

A FIRST-CLASS teamster; wages $20 per month and board. Frank Cruthers, Venice House, Venice, Ill. t55

COLORED COACHMAN—One who understands care of horses and cow, and willing to make himself useful. Apply, with reference, Monday, at the Valley National Bank. t55

Cooks.

MAN or woman to assist in kitchen only, at Windsor Hotel, cor. 14th and Washington av.

WANTED—Second cook. Apply to 709 Chestnut st. m56

Waiters.

ONE waiter and two dishwashers immediately at 510 Christy av. t57

The Trades.

A GOOD bushelman tailor at No. 1123 N. 7th. m58

BARBER wanted (white); wages $9 to $12 per week, at No. 6 S. 7th. m58

BROOM-FACTORY hands at 408 N. Main st. at once. m58

CABINET-MAKER—One used to jobbing in furniture store. Ad. H. 55, this office. m58

COOPERS wanted. N. K. Fairbanks, 949 N. Main. t58

FOUR bricklayers wanted at Branter's place. None but good ones need apply. J. M. Hennessey. w58

IMMEDIATELY, a good baker; a steady young man that understands his business preferred. Ad. or call on D. E. Adams, Raymond, Ill. m58

JOHNSON'S Commercial College, 210-212 N. Third. Open day and night all the year. Write for circulars.

TWO or more first-class molders wanted for Memphis; $3 50 per day. Apply to Miburn's Carriage Factory, 7th and Cass av. t58

TWO first-class coat and pantaloon makers wanted to go in country; constant work for steady men. Address Chas. Kern, Hannibal, Mo. w58

WANTED—A candy maker who understands the business. Apply at 1410 Franklin av. t68

WANTED—A first-class varnisher. Ap. Sunday at 9 a. m., N. W. cor. Carondelet av. and Soulard st. t58

WANTED—Six stonemasons on Monday morning on Lafayette av., between Compton av. and Thomas st.; long job. t58

WANTED—Three first-class broom tiers, immediately; pay from 30 to 45 cents per doz. for tying. J. Kuhn & Sons, Burlington Iowa. 58

WANTED—Immediately, a good baker; a steady young man, that understands his business preferred. Address or call on D. E. Adams, Raymond, Ill. m58

WANTED—Two well diggers. Apply at 3013 Market st. w58

YOUNG man wanted that understands to draw brushes; good prices paid. Apply at 1720 Carondelet av. w58

Laborers.

WANTED—Fifty laborers and teamsters, on the 'Frisco R. R., near Oakland station, Missouri Pacific R. R. Ap. immediately on the works. Fruin & Co. 59

Boys.

A BOY wanted to work at restaurant, 625 Morgan st. t61

BOY wanted with amateur printing press. 497 Chestnut st. t61

BOY with references, at Mrs. Stokes, 65 N. 4th st. t61

BOY wanted at 716 Pine st. m61

BELL boys wanted at Hotel Barnum. m61

BOY of 16 or 17 wanted at 410 N. 7th st in restaurant. m61

WANTED—Bell boys at Barnum's Hotel, Second and Walnut. m61

WANTED—A boy living within twelve or fourteen blocks of 22nd and Cass av. to work there. Inquire 3 or 6 o'clock at 1009 Pine st. w61

WANTED—A good boy to work around the house. 1106 Locust. w61

Miscellaneous.

100 MEN to stop at the Galt House, 1029 Broadway; single bed, 15c; single rooms, 25c per night. Open day and night. s62

CARTS wanted to haul clay. Hydraulic Press Brick Co., Grand and Chouteau avs. 62

EXPERIENCED man wanted to deliver and put up furniture and stoves. Farner Stove and Furniture Company, n. w. cor. 14th and Clark av. 62

EXPERIENCED stove-blacker wanted. Farner Stove and Furniture Co., N. W. corner 14th street and Clark av. s49

MAN to work about the house by the day. Call at 1427 St. Charles st. t62

WANTED—Man to wash dishes and make himself generally useful about the kitchen, at Weaver's restaurant, 110 N. 9th st. n62

WANTED—Teams to haul brick. Hydraulic Press Brick Co., cor. Grand and Chouteau avs. 62

WANTED—Carrier with horse and wagon to take a route already established. Apply at this office. a62

WANTED—A No. 1 canvasser to canvass the city for printing. Ad. T. 51, this office. m62

WANTED—A carpet porter who understands the business. Apply at 410 and 412 N. 4th st. w62

WANTED—You to try a good dinner from 2 to 4 o'clock for 10 to 15 cents at What Cheer Restaurant, 625 Morgan st. 62

YOUNG men needing lucrative employment call at 1728 Franklin av. w62

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

Clerks and Saleswomen.

A LADY desires a position as assistant bookkeeper, cashier, copyist, corresponding clerk or office work of any kind; is a good penman and accountant. Ad. Adelaide, box 241, Denison, Grayson county, Tex.

WANTED—Saleslady to attend candy store; one that has had six months' experience; must come well recommended. 604 Washington av. m63

Housekeepers.

WIDOWER of 35, with one child, wants agreeable lady as housekeeper. Ad. L. 37, this office. 65

WANTED—Middle-aged woman as practical housekeeper, refined and ladylike; none need apply without best of city references, between 9 and 11 a. m. at 3434 Morgan st.; Washington av. cars.

General Housework.

A GOOD girl for general housework for a small family. Inquire at 3142 Easton av. t66

A GERMAN girl wanted in family of three to do general housework. Ad. L. 35, this office. m66

A GIRL for general housework; small family; good home. Call at 4131 Olive st. m66

AN experienced house and dining-room boy at 3414 Washington av. m66

GOOD girl for general housework. Apply at 2220 Walnut street, to-morrow. t66

GIRL for general housework. 1123 Washington av. t66

GOOD girl, between 14 and 16, wanted to assist with light housework in small family. Call at 1608 Clay av. t66

GERMAN girl wanted to cook, wash and iron. Apply at 1750 Laflin st. t66

GOOD girl to do general housewook at 917 N. 20th st. m66

GERMAN girl at 1106 N. Compton av. m66

GIRL wanted for general housework. Apply at 111 S. Compton av. m66

HOUSE-GIRL wanted at 2223 Pine; refs. m66

IMMEDIATELY—A girl for general housework. Call at 1913 Park av. w66

MIDDLE-AGED lady wanted for general housework. Call at 604 Carr. German preferred.

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Call at 923 N. 13th st. m66

WANTED—A girl for general housework. 206 High st. m66

WANTED—Immediately, good German girl for all work; small American family. No. 1300 Armstrong av. (S. 22d st.), between Chouteau and Park avs.

WANTED—A good woman for general housework; good wages and good home to the right person. Apply at 3031 Cass av. m66

WANTED—A good girl for general housework; good wages and good home; German preferred. Apply at 3031 Cass av. m66

WANTED—A German girl for general housework. Apply 1611 Papin st. m66

WANTED—Experienced girl for general housework; small family. 2209 Eugenia st. m66

WANTED—Girl for general housework in family of two. Apply 2908 Sheridan av. t66

WANTED—A good girl to do general housework, at 920 Benton st., immediately. t66

WANTED—German girl for general housework; three in family; wages, $10. Send postal to 4000 Delmar av. w66

WANTED—A German girl to do general housework in a family of three grown persons. 910 N. 21st st.

WANTED—A good house girl to do chamber work. 1106 Locust. w66

WANTED—Girl to assist in the work of a small family. Ap. on Monday 1723 Lafayette av. w66

WANTED—German woman and boy for general work. Call at 1311 Pine st. w66

WANTED—At 510 S. 5th st., small girl to assist with housework, two sewing girls and two apprentices. w66

WANTED—A good girl for general housework for small family. Inquire at 3142 Easton av. w66

WANTED—Girl for general housework. 1302 Gratan st. w66

Laundresses.

A GOOD ironer wanted at 2410 Broadway; good pay. m67

WANTED—First-class shirt ironer; also one plain ironer, at St. Louis Steam Laundry, No. 11 N. 3d st. a67

Cooks.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

A FIRST-CLASS cook, no washing; must bring good ref.; good wages paid. No. 2717 Mills st., second street north of Franklin av. t68

AT 2729 Lucas av., a good German cook; also a good house girl; good wages paid if suited. w68

COOK wanted at Barret's boarding-house, on Main, between Market and Bond streets, East St. Louis. m68

COOK wanted for a small family; assistance with the washing; city references. Apply at 3146 Locust st.

GIRL wanted who can cook and wash in a small family. 3330 Pine. w68

GIRL to cook, wash and iron; good wages to the right girl. 2204 Gamble av. m68

GIRL to cook and wash for a small family at 1121 N. 25th st. m68

GOOD girl to cook and assist in washing and ironing, and one to nurse children. 2927 Washington av. t68

GIRL to do cooking and room work; no washing or ironing; good home for some one. 3137 Lucas av.

GOOD German woman wanted to cook, wash and iron; references required, at 626 Beaumont st.

WANTED—Dining-room girl, at 1012 Brooklyn st. t68

WANTED—A woman to cook, wash and iron; ref. req. Ap. 1420 Hickory st. t68

WANTED—Two girls, a good cook, washer and ironer and house girl. 2729 Lucas av. t68

WANTED—A woman to cook; no washing, at 1623 Olive st. m68

WANTED—Pantry girl, at Weaver's restaurant, 110 N. 9th st. m68

WANTED—A good girl to cook, wash and iron. Call Saturday morning at 3035 Olive st. m68

WANTED—A white girl, well recommended, to work for small family. Apply at 1213 Julia st. w68

WANTED—Woman to cook, wash and iron, and girl for general housework. Apply, with refs., at 2700 Pine st. w68

WANTED—A white or colored woman as dishwasher. 504 Market st. w68

WANTED—One good dining room girl at Shippard's Restaurant, 623 Locust st. w68

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

A COMPETENT young lady wishes a situation to sew and do housework or assist with children. Ad. H. 70, this office. w69

AN apprentice for dressmaking at Mrs. Sharpe's, 917 Market st. w69

DRESS-MAKER wanted; must be perfect. Address L. 41, this office. t69

TWENTY experienced shirt-makers; steady work; good prices paid. 704 N. 7th st., up-stairs. t69

WANTED—Immediately, 10 good machinists and 25 good hand-sewers for pants; also 2 good pressers. 732 S. 8th st., near Gratiot st. m69

WANTED—A woman that thoroughly understands millinery and dressmaking; one who can speak English, German and French preferred. Call 1623 Jackson st. m69

WANTED—Fifty experienced hands for cheviot shirts to take home. Call Monday, 732 S. 8th st., near Gratiot st. m59

WANTED—At 2521 Carondelet av., a few more girls on worsted work; those speaking German and English preferred. m69

WANTED—Immediately—Two first-class dressmakers; also two girls to learn dressmaking. 1615 Washington av. w69

WANTED — Three first-class dressmakers. 3203 Olive st. w69

WANTED, Immediately—An experienced tailoress for bushelling work; must be able to work on custom pants; steady work to the right party to do at home. Apply at 1205 N. 5th st. w69

WANTED—Milliner to go to Texas. Apply at once. 418 Washington av. w69

Nurses.

GIRL to take care of child and assist in plain sewing. Inquire 3114 Washington av. w70

NURSE girl wanted at 2613 Pine st. m70

WANTED—Nurse girl at 105 S. 15th st.; German preferred. m70

WANTED—A small girl to nurse and do light work. Ap. at 2210 Carr st. m70

WANTED—A respectable middle-aged woman as nurse at Children's Hospital. Apply at 2834 Franklin av. w70

WANTED—Nurse girl for one child. Apply at 3414 Washington av. w70

WANTED—A girl or woman to nurse baby and assist with housework. Apply, with refs., after 4 p. m., at 917 Carroll st. w70

Miscellaneous.

GOOD cooks, house girls and nurses can find the best of places at Mrs. M. Gross' Employment Office; also ladies supplied with good girls. Call at 712 S. 5th st. s71

TWO young ladies of pleasant address at Bridge Restaurant, 3d and Washington av., immediately.

AGENTS WANTED.

A BONANZA for live agents. Call at 1728 Franklin av. w73

AGENTS WANTED.—Theatrical and Circus Life, or Secrets of the Stage and Tent; 200 engravings and colored plates of actors and actresses from Shakspeare's time to the present day; 600 pages; only $2 50. Dan Linahan & Co., 4th and Washington av. 73

TWO live men wanted to solicit orders for patent bed spring—work with wagon; big commissions. 1728 Franklin av. w73

WANTED—A good advertisement solicitor at once. Answer this day E. 70, this office. m73

WANTED—Solicitor to take orders for good qualities of coal; new in this market. Ad. L. 52, this office. m73

TED—FEMALE.

...ekeepers.

...h one child, wants agreeable ...er. Ad. L. 37, this office. t66
...ed woman as practical house... and ladylike; none need apply ...rences, between 9 and 11 a. m., ...ington av. cars.

...l Housework.

...eral housework for a small fam... Easton av. t66
...ed in family of three to do ... Ad. L. 35, this office. m66
...ousework; small family; good ... Olive st. m66
...and dining-room boy at 3414 ...
... housework. Apply at 2220 ...rrow. t66
...sework. 1125 Washington av. t66
...and 16, wanted to assist with ... small family. Call at 1035 ...
...to cook, wash and iron. Ap... t66
...l housewook at 917 N. 20th st. m66
...N. Compton av. m66
...eral housework. Apply at 111 ...
... at 2223 Pine; refs. m66
...irl for general housework. Call ...
... wanted for general house... Carr. German preferred.
... general housework. Call at ...
...general housework. 206 High ...
...ely, good German girl for all ...erican family. No. 1300 Arm... ...tween Chouteau and Park avs.
...oman for general housework; ...od home to the right person. ...
... for general housework; good ...me; German preferred. Ap...
... girl for general housework. ... m66
...nced girl for general house... ...y. 2209 Eugenia st. m66
...eneral housework in family of ...heridan av. t66
...rl to do general housework, at ...mediately. t66
...girl for general housework; ...wages, $10. Send postal to 4000 ...
... girl to do general housework ... grown persons. 910 N. 21st st.
...ouse girl to do chamber work. ...
...ssist in the work of a small ...onday 1723 Lafayette av. w68
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... Theatrical and Circus Life, or ...e and Tent; 200 engravings and ...s and actresses from Shaks... ...sent day; 600 pages; only $2 50. ...and Washington av. 73
... to solicit orders for patent ...with wagon; big commissions.
...advertisement solicitor at once ...E. 70, this office. m73
... to take orders for good quali... ...in this market. Ad. L. 52, this

FOR SALE.

$40,000 HENRY CO. SIXES.
$15,000 BENTON CO. SIXES.
$15,000 CITY OF LOUISIANA SIXES.
$8,000 PETTIS CO. SIXES.
$15,000 LAFAYETTE CO. (Davis Tp.) SIXES.
$25,000 LAFAYETTE Co. (Freedom T.) SIXES.

Also a good line of other first-class Bonds and Stocks.

For particulars, call or address

WM. C. LITTLE & CO.,
213 North Third st., St. Louis.

MONEY.

Wall Street.

NEW YORK, September 25, 11 A. M.—Wheat opened ¼ lower, but subsequently recovered the decline; now firm. Trade quiet.

Quotations of Money, Silver, Bonds, Stocks and other Securities.

NEW YORK, September 25.—Money 6. Prime mercantile paper 6@7. Bar silver 113½@⅝. Exchange steady; 82½ long, 87½ sight. Governments unchanged except extended 5s, which declined ⅛. States dull. Railroads generally a fraction higher. Stocks—market opened strong, ½@1 higher than Saturday, the latter St. Paul, Minneapolis and Manitoba. In early trade there was a fractional advance in the general list and 1½ in St. Paul, Minneapolis and Manitoba, after which the market became weak, and at noon fell off ⅛@1c. Oregon and Transcontinental, Delaware and Hudson, Union Pacific and Northern Pacific preferred most prominent in decline. Fives extended 100⅝; 4½s 112⅞; 4s 119⅞; Pacific 6s of '95, 130.

R. H. SHOTWELL & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS

And General Commission Brokers.

Orders promptly executed in New York, New Orleans and Chicago.

OFFICE: 216 South Main St., St. Louis.

T. S. FOSTER, Jr. W. H. BARNETT.

FOSTER & CO.,

Cotton, Grain and Provisions.

Contracts for "Future Delivery" promptly executed in New York, New Orleans and Chicago. 219 Chestnut street.

COMMERCE.

Withdrawals of Grain at St. Louis,

FROM THE ELEVATORS FOR THE 24 HOURS ENDING SATURDAY.

	City.	R. R.	River.	Total.
Wheat	11,650	31,677	24,000	67,327
Corn	9,603	2,024	......	11,627
Oats	12,164	6,858	......	19,022
Rye	590	2,199	......	2,689
Barley	569	......	......	560

Stock of Grain in St. Louis Elevators at the Opening of Business.

	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Rye.	Barley
To-day	390,743	194,486	96,221	24,201	20,770
Saturday	392,050	205,946	104,668	21,395	19,403
Sept. 26, 1881.	980,580	1,591,576	203,914	84,426	5,700

Grain Inspections.

INTO ELEVATORS.—Wheat—104 cars No. 2 red, 35 cars No. 3 red, 5 cars No. 4, 5 cars rejected, 1 car no grade, 38 cars No. 2 Mediterranean, 2 cars No 3 do; total, 190 cars.

Corn—3 cars No. 2 white-mixed, 9 cars No. 2 mixed, 2 cars rejected; total, 14 cars.

Oats—7 cars No. 2, 3 cars rejected; total 10 cars.

Barley—1 car No. 2 spring, 3 cars No. 3 spring; total, 4 cars.

Rye—4 cars rejected.

Total in, 222 cars.

OUT OF ELEVATORS.—Wheat—46 cars 42,000 bu No. 2 red, 1 car No. 3 red, 23 cars No. 2 Mediterranean; total 70 cars 42,000 bu.

Corn—2 cars No. 2 white-mixed, 3 cars No. 2 mixed; total, 5 cars.

Oats—9 cars No. 2.

Rye—5 cars rejected.

Total out, 89 cars 42,000 bu.

Chicago 'Change.

CHICAGO, September 25.—With fair weather there was a general tendency to advance prices. At 11 o'clock the advance on wheat compared with Saturday's closing was ⅜. Corn ranged from ⅛ lower on near options to ¾ higher on seller year. Pork 10@22½ higher. Lard 5@15 higher.

The Markets.

FORENOON SESSION.

Flour—Receipts 17,044 brls. Lower, prices easing off full 5c per barrel, while the demand was small and market dull and weak at the decline. Extra fancy still received the preference of buyers. We quote round lots at depot and on levee: Extra fancy $5 05@5 15; fancy $4 85@4 95; choice $4 60@4 70; family $4 05@4 15; xxx $3 60@3 75; xx $3 35@3 45; x $2 95@3 05; superfine $2 75@2 85; fine $2 25@2 55; favorite brands 25c higher; patents $5 75@6 50.

Cornmeal—Firm at $3 10@3 20 on orders; grit, pearl meal and hominy $4 80@4 90.

Rye flour—Scarce at $4 20@4 40 del. as to quality.

Wheat—Receipts 13,878 sks, 91,500 bu. Lower for futures, as all other markets were off, but the feeling was still unsettled and prices fluctuated within a small range, closing at declines of ⅝c for September and year, ¾c for October, December and January, and ⅞c for November from Saturday's close. Grades were all lower except Mediterranean, which was better, as it was urgently sought for by millers and shippers. All else weak, though No. 2 red and No. 3 red sold readily for shipment, and former also to millers; No. 1 red 96 bid east side; No. 2 red cash 93@¼ this side, 93¼ east side; September 93¼; October 93 to 92⅞; November 93⅞ to 93¼; December 94 to 94⅝, closing at 94¼; year 92⅝ to 92¾; January 94⅞ to 95¼@⅜, closing at 95; No. 3 red 88@89 this side, 89 east side; No. 4 84 bid for D.; rejected 82 bid for D.; No. 2 Mediterranean 97@¼ this side, 97@98 east side; No. 3 do 90 bid this side, 91 east side.

Corn—Receipts 204 sks, 1,000 bu. Feeling unsettled in futures, opening lower but subsequently recovering some on more encouraging advices, though late breaking down on a pressure to sell that was directed principally against year. The close was ¼ lower for October and May, unchanged for November, ⅜c lower for year and ⅛ off for January, as compared with close of Saturday. Grades dull, as the demand was small, but the very small supply held prices firm; No. 2 mixed in best request, selling to shorts at lowest prices. No. 2 mixed 66@65½ regular closing at 65½; September 66 asked, 64½ bid; October 64½@64; November 56½@57, closing 56½; December 49½ bid; year 49⅞@49; January 47@46⅞; February 47¼ asked; May 48¼; No. 2 white-mixed 66 regular, 67 in E., 67½ in C.; rejected do 62½ bid for C., 64 for St. L.; rejected 62 bid for St. L.

Oats — Receipts — 4224 sks 35,200 bu. There was little change in prices, but the general feeling was firm, and in some instances advances were recorded, September selling ⅜c and October ¼@¼c above Saturday, but other options unchanged. Demand moderate for cash grades, feeders and shippers taking No. 2 lightly; rejected scarce. No. 2 cash 31¼ regular, 31⅜@½ in C. 31½ in A. 31½@⅝ in St. L. September 31¼; October 31; November 30¼; December 30¾; year 30; May 32 bid; rejected 31 in C. and that bid for St. L. and D.

Rye—Receipts 450 sks, 3,850 bu. Weaker, but in order demand. No. 2 selling this side at 55½ and salable at 56½ E. side; 53½ bid for rejected in St. L., 54⅝ for E. s.

Hay—Receipts 983 tons. Unchanged in price, but very dull, about the only inquiry coming for best; offerings very large and the greater portion unsold, especially of prairie. This side—Prairie $8@8 50 for prime, $9 50 for choice; mixed $10@12; timothy $12 50@13 50 for prime, $14@15 for choice, $16 for fancy, $17 75 for gilt-edge; E. track—mixed $10@10 50; timothy $9 50 for poor, $13 for prime, $14@15 for choice.

Millfeed very dull; sacked bran 65 P. track and at mill, 67 Narrow Gauge, 67½@68 E. track; bulk 57 this side, 60 E. track.

Provisions—Receipts 25,635 lbs hams, 88,900 lbs meats, 52,565 lbs lard, 41,300 lbs grease. Market very strong, with a first-rate demand coming for nearly all parts of the product that was not near shipped, as this inquiry was far in excess of the offerings. Pork sold E. side at $22 40 and this side at $22 25. Lard worth 12¼, though the best bid was 12⅛. Dry salt shoulders sold boxed at 10¼, long clear at 14⅞, clear ribs at 15@14⅞ and short clear at 15½, while loose long clear brought 14.60, and clear ribs 14.70. Sales of packed bacon long clear made at 16, clear ribs at 15⅝@16, short clear at 16½@.60 and loose long clear at 15¾; hams sold up-country at 14 for loose canvased and 14¼ for plain boxed, both 22c freight. Hams range from 15½ to 16½; orders ½c higher. Tallow 8@¼c for prime country in oil brls; irregular pkgs and falling off lots 7½@¾; grease tallow 7@7¼. Breakfast bacon 17½@19. Grease 5¾@6 for brown, 6½@7½c yellow, 7¾@9c for white. Beef—Extra mess $13@17 per brl, according to brand; $8@9 per half brl; dried 13@16c; strictly choice 17c per pound. Fresh smoked tongues $4 75@5 per doz. Salt—Easier and nominal; lake $1 15@20 per brl. Ground alum $1 05 per sack.

Highwines steady, with sales of 190 brls at $1 19. Cincinnati $1 17; Chicago $1 20; Peoria $1 18.

Lead firm, with refined salable at $4 75 and hard at $4 70, but no sales reported and market quiet. Spelter nominal at $5.

Flaxseed steady at $1 19, but dull.

Grass Seeds—Timothy firm at $1 80@1 85. All else quiet. German millet 60@70c; common do 45@50; Hungarian, 45@55; clover $5@5 20.

Closing Prices—1 P. M.

TOLEDO.

Wheat—Sept. 98½; Oct. 98⅞; Nov. 98¾; Dec. 99; year 98½. Corn—Sept. 67½ b.; Oct. 64½; Nov. 59; year 53½. Oats—Sept. 35; Oct. 33⅜; Nov. 32 b.; Dec. 32 b.; year 32½ b.

DETROIT.

Wheat—Sept. $1 02¾; Oct. 99; Nov. 98¾; Dec. 99.

Closing Prices, 3 p. m.

ST. LOUIS.

Wheat—September 93¼ bid; October 92¾; November 93¼; December 94⅜; year 92¾; January 95⅛@¼. Corn—September 63¼ bid; October 63¾; November 56½; December —; year 49½; January 47; February 46⅞ bid; May 48¼ bid. Oats—September 30 bid; October 30¾ bid; November 30½ bid; December 30¼ bid; year 29¼ bid; May 32¼.

CHICAGO.

Wheat—September $1 03⅞; October 94⅜@¼; November 93⅞; year 92⅞. Corn—September 63¾ bid; October 63¼; November 62¼; year 54⅛; January 49⅞; May 51⅞. Oats—September 31¼; October 31⅜; November 31¼ bid; year 33⅛; May 36⅞. Pork—September $21 45 bid; October $21 42½; November $20 85@87½; year $19 15; January $18 87½; February $18 75; March $18 77½; May $18 80 bid. Lard—October $12.55; November 12¼@.27½; year 11.60; January 11.52½; February 11.45 bid; March 11.40; May 11.46 bid. Short ribs—September 14; October 13.35; November 11.55 bid; year 10.10 bid; January 9.90.

TOLEDO.

Wheat—September 98; October 98; November 98¼; December 99⅝; year 98; January 99¼ bid. Corn—September and October 64½; November 57 bid; December and year 52¾; May 51¾. Oats—September and October 33 bid; November 32 bid; year 32¼ bid.

Curb—Wheat—Sellers October 94⅜. November 93⅜. Corn quiet, October 63¼, November 61¼, year 54.

DETROIT.

Wheat—September, $1 02¼; October $1 08⅜.

NEW YORK.

Reported by J. M. Fuller & Co., of New York, represented in St. Louis by John J. Halloran. Wheat—October $1 06¼; November $1 07⅜; December $1 09¼. Corn—October 72; November 69⅝; year 65½. Oats—October 38¾; November 40.

Cotton.

Spots steady, but dull. No sales reported. Future calling inaugurated to-day, 100 bales December selling at 10.85, 100 bales March at 11.14, 100 April at 11.21. September had 10.25 bid early, 10.75 later; October 11.20 asked, no bid; January 10.90 bid early and asked later, when 10.81 was bid; February 11 bid early and asked later; March offered late at 11.10; April 11.20 asked, 11.15 bid; May 11.38 asked, 11.25 bid. New York spots quiet and steady at 1-16c decline; futures lower. New Orleans steady. Liverpool spots had free sellers and a moderate demand; futures 1-64@1-32d off.

ST. LOUIS SPOT QUOTATIONS.

Low ordinary, 8¼; ordinary, 9¼; good ordinary, 10½; low middling, 11¼; middling, 11¾; good middling, 12; middling fair, 12⅜.

RECEIPTS, SHIPMENTS AND STOCK.

Gross receipts to-day 358 bales, against — bales last year; since September 1, 1882, 3,179 bales, against 13,317 same time last year; shipments to-day, 266 bales, against — last year; since September 1, 1882, 2,394 bales, against 10,358 same time last year. Stock to-day 2,524 bales, against 11,227 same time last year.

LIVERPOOL.

Uplands 7d; Orleans 7 3-16; sales 8,000 bales. Futures closed flat. September and October 6 46-64; October and November 6 35-64; November and December 6 31-64; December and January — January and February 6 30-64; May and June 6 36-64; June and July 6 39-64.

NEW YORK.

Middling 12¼c spot. Futures closed steady; September 11.86; October 11.49; November 11.28; December 11.27; January 11.32; February 11.42; March 11.53; April 11.63; May 11.74; June 11.84. Sales 112,000 bales.

NEW ORLEANS.

Middling 12⅛ spot. Futures closed quiet and steady. September 12.14; October 11.31; November 11.07; December 11.05; January 11.11; February 11.18; March 11.28; April 11.38; May 11.48; June 11.58. Sales, 41,000 bales.

Leaf Tobacco.

No public sales Saturdays or Mondays.

We quote: Old style—Common to good dark lugs $5@6; common leaf $6 50@7 25; medium do $7 50@8 50; choice $10@10 50. Burley—Common to good lugs $5@6; no extra offering; common leaf $7@8; medium do $8 50@11; good $12@14; choice do $15@20. Wrapping leaf—Common $10@12; medium half bright $15@18; medium bright and mahogany $20@25; good do $25@35; fine bright $40@75. Inferior, unsound and light weight hhds about 25@50 ₽ 100 lbs less.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

BUTTER—Quote: Creamery choice 27@28; selections 29@30. Dairy—Choice to fancy 22@23 to 24@25; medium to prime 15@17; low to fair 12@14. Country fresh yellow 14@16 for choice; 11@12 for low.

CHEESE—Mild late make full cream 11@13; sharp do 9@10; prime to choice part skims 6½@7½; inferior do 2@4.

EGGS—20c for choice marks.

POULTRY—Live old chickens $4 25@4 50 for hens; $3 75@4 00 for mixed; — for cocks per doz. Spring Chickens—Small and fair $3@3 25; good to choice $3 50@3 75; fancy $4@4 25; turkeys $8@10; geese $3@5; ducks $2@2 50 for old; $3@3 50; for young per doz.

GAME—Grouse $4 00@4 50 selected young and old; mallard and teal $2 50@3; woodduck $2; snipe $1 75@2; woodcock $5 00; grass and upland plover $1 00@1 50; bullfrogs $1 25@1 50; sandpipers 25@40; Deer—10@12 for carcasses; 18@20 for venison saddles.

WOOL—We quote: Tubwashed—Choice 37; fancy 38; fair 34@36½; low 28@33; unwashed—Choice medium clothing 21@23½; medium combing 20½@22½; low do 17@18; coarse heavy 14@16; light fine 22@25; heavy do 16@19; dark do 15@18; burry and black 3@10c less. For each wool sack 25c and 3½ lbs tare is allowed.

HIDES—Quote Green salted 9; damaged 7; uncured 7¼; damaged do 6; bulls and stags 6¼; green salted calf 12; dry salted 12½; damaged do 10½; flint bull and stag 10; dry flint 17; No. 2 do 11; foregoing for Western; ½c lower for Southern; glue stock, dry 5; green 3.

FEATHERS—Prime live geese 58 in large and 59 in small sacks; unripe quilly 50@54; mixed and old 25@45. Tare 3 per cent on large, 10 on small sks.

APPLES—Choice red $1 50@1 75; damaged 50@75; medium $1 00@1 25 per bbl.

CABBAGE—$1 25@1 50 for home-grown, on orders, per crate.

POTATOES—Sell at 50@60 per bu.

ONIONS—35@40 per bu. and $1@1 05 per brl.

WHITE BEANS—Prime medium $2 25@2 50; inferior $1 70@1 90.

DRIED FRUIT—Quote: Apples—Unpeeled and common dark 3@4; fair to good 4½@5; choice 5¼@5½; fancy bright 5⅞@5¾. Peaches—Interior dark 3½@4; fair halves and good quarters 4¼@4¾; prime halves 5@5½; fancy halves 5¾@5½.

TROPICAL FRUITS—We quote: Oranges—Rodi $8@8 50. Lemons—Messina and Palermo $5@5 50; bananas on orders $2@3 50 per lb bunch; cocoanuts $45@50 per 1,000.

CALIFORNIA FRUIT—Quote: Grape—Muscat $5 50@6 and Toka $6@6 50 ₽ 40 lb case; pears $3@4, and plums $1 75@2 lb box.

VEALS—Live at 3@5 for heretics; 7½@8 for choice small milk feed; medium 6½@7.

HONEY—Extracted and strained 7@10; comb 14@2c.

MOSS—We quote: Gray-mixed 2¾@3½; gray and brown-mixed 3¾@4⅜; brown and black 5@6; all black 4@5; machine picked, on orders; XXXX—black 8½ to 9; XXX—black-mixed 7½ to 8; XX—brown mixed 6½@7; X—gray mixed 5@½. Round lots shaded ½ to 1c ₽.

ROOTS—We quote: Ginseng $1 50@1 70 to 1 80@2; Seneca 34@36; blue flag 3—5; blood roots 5¾; golden seal 16; chake 13@15; black 4@5; may apple 2½@3; pink 12@14; Colombo 3; lady slippers 15; bitter-sweet bark 6.

BALINGSTUFF—We quote jute bagging 1¼ lb at 7¾, 1¾ do 8, 1⅞ lb do 9, 2 lb do 9¼. Hemp twine 11@12. Iron cotton ties $1 25@1 60.

SHEEP PELTS—We quote green shearings 10@15; pelts 75@1 25; dry pelts 25@75; do shearings 10@15. Prices governed by amount and quality of wool on pelts.

BROOM CORN—Crooked 3½@5; straight 6@8.

BEESWAX—Southern yellow 26@27; dark 19@20.

HOPS—New York, 65@68.

SORGHUM—Saleable at 40c per gal.

HEMP—We quote undressed hemp $60@95; dressed hemp $140@160; shorts $120@140; hackled tow $55@60; break tow 35@40 per ton.

PECANS—Western 7@8; Texas 9@10.

SCRAP IRON, ETC—We quote per 100 lbs; Heavy cast 85; stove 50@60; plows 80, burnt 35. Brass—Heavy $13; light $8. Copper $13. Bones $16@17; dry buffalo $22.

EMPTY BARRELS—Linseed 40; coal oil $1 15; whisky 75@90.

RAGS—Country mixed $1 40@1 60; grass rope 2¾ ₽ lb.

DEERSKINS—Prime summer $28@30; winter $25@27; salted and meaty $18@20; green ....

COOPERAGE—We quote the range: Flour brls—City elm 40@42; country 35; city oak 44; country do 38; pork brls 90@95 del; lard tierces $1 15@1 20 del; lard kegs 40@50; bacon casks $1 70@1 75; half-casks 85@$1; ham tierces—small 60, large 70; whisky brls—Iron-bound 6-hoop $1 40@1 65@1 80; half-brls $1 25.

COOPERSTUFF—Shaved hoops, countryflour brl, $5@5 50; choice cooper shaved $6 50@7 50; pork brls $8@9; lard tierce do $10@11; casks $15@20; half-casks $10@15. Staves (car lots E. side), machine flour brl, oak, $7 50@8; elm $6@8. Heading (car lots E. side), soft wood 5@5½; hard do 5½@6; whisky brl (heading), green $15; dry $22; half-casks $10 50@12; hhds ....

LIVE STOCK.

	Receipts. 1882	Receipts. 1881	Shipments. 1882	Shipments. 1881
Cattle	4,112	......	454	......
Hogs	2,619	......	......	......
Sheep	2,774	......	......	......

CATTLE—Local speculators, the canners and interior shippers, buyers of butcher stock, had enough to choose from, as the supply was fair and consisted mainly of decent Indian and Texans and range cattle. Buyers worked for declines and obtained it to the extent of 10@15c ₽ 100 lbs, paying from $2 85@3 75 ₽ 100 lbs for ordinary stuff. There was some butcher cattle offered, too good for canning purposes and too light for shipping. Reports from New York denoted light runs on account of the storm, with demand only moderate. Offerings of shipping steers in our market small and not very good quality. There is no great demand, however. Stock and feeding steers slow and unchanged. Butcher bulls, good ones, $3 ₽ 100 R.

REPRESENTAVIE SALES.

	Av.	Price.
25 grass Indian	836	$3 75
21 grass Indian	888	3 75
23 grrss Indian	868	3 65
22 grass Indian	893	3 75
22 grass Indian	854	3 75
22 grass Indian	813	3 65
24 grass Indian	822	3 60
21 grass Indian	808	3 40
48 grass Indian	862	3 30
20 grass Indian	830	3 12½
51 grass Indian	722	3 40
24 grass Indian	847	3 65
21 grass Indian	879	3 90
23 grass Indian	905	3 85
22 grass Indian	914	3 80
20 butcher steers	1,123	4 00
24 native stockers	1,017	4 00
24 native mixed	700	3 20
23 native mixed	821	3 20
20 native mixed	757	3 20
16 native mixed	946	3 15

HOGS—There was a fair amount of activity witnessed. Offerings fair, about twenty car loads on sale and of decent quality. Local butchers were the leading operators. Shippers also took a few light hogs. Good, fat hogs were the best selling. We quote skips $7@7 25; light to fair Yorkers $7 50@8; butcher pigs $8@8 50; butcher and select $8 50@9@10; culls $6@7.

REPRESENTATIVE SALES.

No.	Av.	Price.	No.	Av.	Price.
30	241	$9 00	49	215	$8 85
52	306	9 00	30	150	7 80
51	262	9 00	32	167	7 80
29	233	9 00	11	211	8 60
14	230	8 90	14	210	8 60
67	187	7 85	54	247	8 40
10	147	7 80	40	249	8 50
74	179	7 90	47	199	8 60
34	191	8 60	14	240	8 65

SHEEP—Offerings fair and mainly of medium grades, which were slow. Good muttons steady.

Horses and Mules.

The demand fair for all grades above common. Supply moderate. Values firm.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, September 25.—Flour—Receipts 18,000 brls; sales 10,000 brls; dull and in buyers' favor. Wheat shade higher and firm; trade mainly speculative; No. 1 white $1 12½; sales 8,000 bu No. 2 red September $1 06¾; 120,000 bu October $1 06⅜@7; 248,000 bu November $1 08⅛@¼; 112,000 bu December $1 09⅞@10⅛; 82,000 bu January $1 10⅝@11⅜. Corn ¼@⅝ lower, unsettled; mixed Western spot 70@73½; future 59@73¼; sales 560,000 bu. Oats a shade lower and dull; Western 35@52; sales 125,000 bu. Beef weak; new extra $14@14 50. Pork $8 55@9 10. Cattle—Receipts 7,400; demand weak; market slow; exporters $6 60@7; good to choice shipping $5 60@6 30; common to fair $4@5 40; butchers $2 40@4 25; feeders $3 30@4 45; Texans $3 60@4 20.

BALTIMORE, September 25.—Flour steady. Wheat—Western opened lower, advanced and closed easy; No. 2 winter red spot $1 05½@⅝; September $1 05⅝@½; October $1 04⅜@½; November $1 05⅞@1 06; December $1 07@¼; January $1 08¼@¼. Corn—Western a shade better and firm; inactive; mixed spot 81 asked; September 75 bid; October 84 asked; November 68@½; November and December new or old 59½@⅝; January 87 bid. Oats higher; Western white 43@44; mixed 40@42; Pennsylvania 42@44. Rye firm at 70@73. Hay steady at $16@17. Provisions firm. Mess pork $23 25. Bulk meats—Shoulders, clear rib sides, packed, 11½ and 15¼; bacon shoulders 12¼; clear rib sides 16¾; hams 16¼@17½. Lard—Refined 14. Butter firm; Western packed 16@22; creamery 26@32. Eggs lower and quiet at 22. Petroleum firm; refined 9⅝@⅞. Coffee dull; Rio cargoes 7¾@9¼. Sugar higher and firm; A soft 9½. Whisky steady at 20@22. Freights easier. Receipts flour, 2,250 brls; wheat, 133,827 bu; corn, 5,439 bu; oats, none; rye 1,000. Shipments wheat, 73,183 bu; corn, none. Sales wheat, 348,835 bu; corn, 128,216.

NEW ORLEANS, September 25, 11:30 a. m.—Flour dull, easy; extra fancy $5 50@5 85; fancy $5 25@$5 40; choice $4 90@5 10; extra choice $5 15@5 25. Corn meal firm at $3 00. Corn dull; mixed 80@85; yellow none; white 83@85. Oats quiet; choice 42@42½; prime 39@41. Bran firm at $1. Hay firm on choice; prime 17@19; choice 20@21. Pork firm at $22 62½. Cut meats quiet at 10⅝. Bacon firm at 10⅝@11, 15⅞@16. Long clear sides 15⅞@16. Hams —none here; canvased nom'l at 17. Lard quiet; refined tes 13, refined kegs 13¼. Whisky firm at $1 20@1 21.

PHILADELPHIA, September 25.—Cattle active; sales 3,500; prime $7@7 50; good $6@6 75; medium $5@5 75; common $4@4 75; fat cows $3 to 4 50. Sheep in active demand; sales 13,000; prime $5 75; good $5 37½@5 62½; medium $4 75@5 25; fair $4@4 50; common $3@3 73. Veal calves $7 50@9. Country lambs $6@7 50; Western lambs $4@7. Hogs in good demand; sales 3,200; prime 12 75@13; good 12 25@50; medium 11 75@12; light mixed $11@11 50.

CINCINNATI, September 25.—Flour quiet; family $4 60@4 75; fancy $5 25@5 75. Wheat quiet and firm; No. 2 red 97@98. Corn dull and lower at 61¼@⅞. Oats easier at 35@36. Rye quiet at 63¾@64. Barley steady; extra No. 3 fall 80. Pork strong at 22⅞. Lard steady at 12¼. Bulk meats at 10, 14⅝. Bacon firm at 11¼, 15½, 16. Whisky firm at $1 17. Combination sales finished goods 529 barrels basis $1 17.

TOLEDO, O., September 25.—Wheat easy; No. 2 cash or September 98½; October or November 98¾; December 99¼; year 98½. Corn dull; high-mixed 70; No. 2 cash 68 bid; September 67½ bid; October 64½; November 59@¼; year 53⅛. Oats quiet; No. 2 cash 35¼; September 35; October 33⅜; November or December 32 bid; year 32½ bid.

MILWAUKEE, September 25.—Wheat very dull and weak; 97⅞ No. 2; 97 September; 94⅞ October: 94 November; 80 No. 3. Receipts 18,000; shipments 3,000. Corn weak; 64¼ No. 2; 61 rejected. Oats lower; 31⅛ No. 2; 33¾ white. Rye steady 59½ No. 1; 56 No. 2. Barley firm; 86 No. 2; 77 October; 60 extra No 3.

BUFFALO, September 25.—Wheat neglected; $1 16@1 18 asked September and to arrive. Corn dull; car lot No. 2 Western 73. Oats nominal. Canal freights—6½c asked, 6c bid for wheat.

CHICAGO, September 25.—Hogs—Receipts 7,000; quality better; active; 5@10 higher; sales light; $7 75@8 55 for mixed packing; $7 80@8 50 for mixed packing and shipping.

Foreign.

LIVERPOOL, September 25.—Spot wheat dull and heavy. Corn unchanged. Wheat and corn to arrive, dull.

LONDON, September 25.—Spot wheat dull and heavy; Western winter 8s 5d; No. 2 spring 8s 12d; No. 3 spring 8s 2d. Mixed Western corn dull and heavy 6s 9d. Mark Lane wheat and corn rather easier. Country markets dull. Demand from United Kingdom and Continent dull and neglected for wheat and corn.

LIVERPOOL, September 25.—Pork—Prime mess Eastern dull at 102s; Western dull at 97s. Lard firmer; Western steady at 63s. Corn—Old mixed Western dull at 6s 9d. Turpentine spirits firmer at 34s 6d; at London 35s. Flour—Extra State dull at 12s 6d. Wheat—Old Western winter dull at 9s. Wheat receipts for the week: From Atlantic ports 80,000 bu; Pacific 8,700; other sources 9,450; corn 19,000 bu.

YELLOW FEVER SUFFERERS.

The Mayor of Pensacola Solicits Aid for His Stricken Fellow-Townsmen.

Mayor Ewing was this morning in receipt of the following communication from the Mayor of Pensacola, Florida:

PENSACOLA, September 25.

Hon. Mayor, St. Louis, Mo.

SIR—I appeal to the citizens of St. Louis through you, as I have done to the cities of Chicago and Cincinnati, for aid to the sufferers by yellow fever in this city. Business is practically suspended, and in consequence there is much suffering, among the laboring classes especially, and this want is rapidly increasing. The fever is assuming alarming proportions among the poor whites and blacks. Yesterday there were 41 new cases and 6 deaths, and to-day up to 3:30 there are 53 new cases. Our Relief Committee is paying out about $200 daily; yesterday $240 for food and medicines, and out of a fund now reduced to about $700. Besides this large sums are being disbursed by the Board of Health for nurses and medicines. Our funds are running low and we need money or supplies. All contributions may be sent to W. A. S. Wheeler, cashier of the First National Bank, subject to my order. All supplies can be forwarded to the "City Relief Committee," in my care. Due acknowledgment will be made for whatever aid be tendered. Very respectfully,

J. M. TARBER, Mayor.

MR. HENRY F. HARRINGTON, member of the School Board from the Twenty-eighth Ward, is announced as a candidate for Sheriff.

MEN OF MARK.

A Distinguished Trio Visits the Exchange To-Day.

Mr. John Pender, M. P., the Cable King, Hon. Abram S. Hewitt and the Right Rev. Bishop of Rochester.

Mr. John Pender, the English cable king, Hon. Abram S. Hewitt, the well-known New York Congressman and Mr. Peyton, the private secretary of Mr. Pender, arrived at the Southern Hotel Sunday morning and since then have been seeing St. Louis.

Mr. Pender's claim to public attention does not rest alone upon the ability with which he manages the 60,000 miles of sub-marine telegraph under his control. His hospitality and generous public spirit, must also be taken into consideration. The representative of the Northern borough of Scotland, one of the largest in Great Britain, he is recognized as one of the most popular, as well as powerful, members of the English Parliament. His residence, known as "18 Arlington House," filled with its many art treasures, has always been opened to distinguished Americans and other foreigners visiting the English metropolis. This house has a romantic history. Originally built by Charles II. for Nell Gwynne, it afterwards fell into the hands of the Walpoles. Horace Walpole was born there, and by him it was remodeled and left as it now stands, many of his famous letters having been written there. Mr. Pender numbers among the guests he has entertained in it such men as George Peabody, Thurlow Weed, Charles Francis Adams, Reverdy Johnson, James Russell Lowell, Charles Dickens, Lord Houghton, Sir Charles Lyell, Herschel and many others. Its walls are hung with paintings by Landseer, Turner, Mills, Leighton, Roberts, Stanfield and other members of the Royal Academy.

This is Mr. Pender's second visit to the United States, his first having been made thirty-five years ago. He is an ardent admirer of the progress now being made, and of the natural resources of the country. He says the Southern Hotel of this city is as fine as any he has ever seen anywhere on the globe.

Sunday morning Mr. Pender's party took a drive through Tower Grove and Forest Parks, and arrangements were made to entertain them further in the afternoon; but Mr. Pender was obliged to decline on account of fatigue occasioned by the long trip in the cars.

SHORTLY BEFORE NOON TO-DAY,

the party went by invitation, on 'Change, and Mr. Pender was there met by a POST-DISPATCH reporter and questioned as to his impressions of America. Mr. Pender is a hale and stout old man, with a Scotch twinkle in his eye, in stature much like Mr. John Jackson, and with a homely shrewdness about him which manifests itself continually in his talk.

He began the conversation, "St. Louis should be proud of this Exchange," said he; "it is one of the finest I have ever seen. Really, I do not know of one in Europe which can compare with it. There is not a chamber in the Paris Bourse of the size of this. But you Westerners are a great people, and you are building up a great country. You are founding cities and erecting an Empire before we Old World people have thoroughly accepted your former achievements."

"Then you are pleased with your trip?"

"Pleased with it, sir! Why, the West is a revelation to me. I had no idea of America before. Now take in the first place our ideas of distance. Of course I knew in a general way that it was so many miles from one point to another, but somehow we English cannot help taking England as a unit of measurement. I have traveled over reaches of country in which England could be lost. I don't believe even you Americans yourselves understand how immense your country is. Just think of traveling for six days and nights in a bee line almost through one part of the republic, and only a small part of it at that."

"And what do you think of our resources?"

"My dear sir, that is too large a question to answer all at once. Of course I have been traveling chiefly over the Northwest, but the Northwest is an empire in itself. Why, sir, the amount of wheat growing in that country is absolutely marvelous."

"And the towns that are growing up there! The whole country is dotted with the villages that are changing into cities as rapidly as the process can be accomplished. Emigration and capital are pouring into the country in a flood, and no man can predict its future. And the Northwest is not all of it. The whole country is going forward with a prosperity that I certainly am astonished at."

"Your trip has been one simply of pleasure, I believe?"

"Yes, I am just taking a big holiday and enjoying myself to the top of my bent. I am seeing your country thoroughly and I must say the process is as instructive as it is amusing."

"It is a pity you cannot stay and see the autumnal festival of the Veiled Prophet."

"Yes; I would like to very much. By the way, talking of processions, I saw this Forepaugh's affair to-day. What is the meaning of this $10,000 beauty business? Do you mean to tell me that a lot of women absolutely went into a competitive examination for a prize like that?"

"That's it."

"It's a most extraordinary country," said he meditatively as one who communes with himself; "a most extraordinarily country."

MR. HEWITT.

Mr. Abram Hewitt, Mr. Pender's host, was an amused listener to this colloquy. After finding that he heartily concurred in Mr. Pender's views of the West, Mr. Hewitt was asked what he thought of New York politics. "Oh, the Democrats are going to carry the State, sure," said he.

"And the Presidency in 1884?"

"That remains to be seen. You see it requires more than a bare majority to change the Administration from the ins to the outs. One-half of the people cannot accomplish it; it takes five-eighths at least." The reporter smiled. "I don't mean to assert anything more of one party than I do of the other," he continued. "You see this is in politics, as in everything else, an age of machinery. Now, having your machine in full motion, to reverse you need not alone have just as much power as you are using to propel it, but you must bring to bear in addition enough force to overcome the inertia gathered and stored in the machine, and the friction and all the other necessary items before it will start moving the other way."

"What do you think of the growth of the Prohibition issue?"

"Only what I hear. As a Democrat I am opposed to any measure limiting the freedom of the people. I think that government is the best where there is the least possible legislation. That is my theory; as for my practice I have done everything to stamp out the liquor trade wherever I had the power to do it. I am interested in some large industries and I have done all in my power to protect the men in my employ from the effects of the trade. In one place I own about six miles square of property on which there are a great many men working and living, and I have not permitted a single saloon to be opened up on it. If a man wants liquor he has got to travel six miles for it."

"Then in principle you are an anti-Prohibitionist?"

"Understand me, I think that the people have a right to protect themselves from any danger by appropriate legislation. If alcoholism is a dangerous disease we quarantine against it, just as we do against yellow fever. Certainly that right exists with the people. But on the other hand I do not think that this is an evil to be reached by legislation. It is one which must be civilized out of existence. The place to fight the liquor business is in the public schools and in the family. It must be fought out as a question of morals—not of government."

"Then you are in the position of Bret Harte's parady on Victor Hugo, 'Would you be virtuous, educate your grandmother!'"

"You can put it that way if you like—that is the way the liquor question will have to be met."

The Hewitt-Pender party leave to-morrow for Cincinnati, whence Mr. Pender goes to Baltimore, and Mr. Hewitt returns to New York. Senator Bayard and Commander Gorringe, of the party, will arrive from the West on Thursday morning. This afternoon the party will visit the Vulcan Steel furnace, and probably the Fair Grounds and Shaw's Garden.

THE BISHOP OF ROCHESTER.

Accompanying the Pender party on the floor of the Exchange was the Rt. Rev. A. W. Thorold, Lord Bishop of Rochester in England. Bishop Thorold is fifty-six years old, is rather tall, smooth-shaved, has dark gray eyes, with hair rapidly turning white. He has a pleasant, open countenance, which speaks the quietness of the man. He is gentle in conversation, an easy talker, and, no matter on what subject he converses, there is always an absence of excitement and a desire to emphasize his remarks by demonstrative gestures. His wife is a sister of Labouchere, editor of the London Truth, and is a lady of considerable culture and refinement. The present Bishop resides at the Castle of Danbury, the episcopal palace, twenty miles south of London, and said to be a pleasant and cheerful place. He takes quite an interest in the promotion of temperance in England and America, and has accomplished much good for the cause in both countries. He enjoys an income of about $25,000 a year, a great portion of which he uses for church and temperance purposes.

He addresses a the congregation of the Church of the Holy Communion this afternoon, and to-night that of St. George's Church, on temperance.

LOCOMOTIVE ENGINEERS.

A Strike Averted—New Scale of Wages Adopted.

The threatened strike of the 700 and more locomotive engineers employed upon the Gould Southwestern system of railroads has been averted, and the men will continue at work as heretofore. At 11 o'clock this morning P. M. Arthur, President of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, accompanied by a special committee from the St. Louis and Carondelet lodges, waited on General Transportation Manager Talmage. The conference lasted for more than an hour, and the engineers came away victorious. The railroad managers have consented to the following schedule of wages: Three and a-half cents per mile for passenger engineers, 100 miles or less to constitute a day's work, and all over 100 miles to be paid for at the rate of 3½ cents; 4 cents per mile for freight engineers, 100 miles or less to constitute a day's work, and all over 100 miles to be paid for at the rate of 4 cents per mile. Engineers running what are known as "pushers," are to receive $90 per month; switch engineers, $80 per month. All detentions over two hours to be paid for at the rate of 35 cents per hour for all engineers. These terms are considerably under the original demand. It was further agreed that no engineer is to be discharged from his employment without a fair and impartial investigation, provided the engineer first submits his case in writing to the proper officer of his road, and if found innocent he is to receive half pay for the time lost during the trial. This is the first time that the Gould managers have come in contact with the Brotherhood, and the result proves the power and influence of the association in a most conclusive manner. The Brotherhood was established in Detroit, Mich., in April, 1863, and originally included only the engineers employed on the Michigan Central Railroad. The following year the scope of the association was considerably extended, the engineers of Canada were admitted, and the Grand International Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers inaugurated. The Brotherhood is one of the strongest labor organizations in the world; it numbers fully 18,000 members. An insurance department was added in 1868, and during the fourteen years that have elapsed since that time the enormous sum of $1,253,888 75 has been paid to the widows and orphans of deceased members. The average individual insurance of each member is about $2,800. Applicants for admission must be men of good moral character, of temperate habits; must be able to read and write, and must have had at least one year's practical experience as a locomotive engineer. The association publishes a monthly magazine devoted to the interests of the locomotive engineers. There are two lodges in St. Louis—one in Carondelet and one in the city. The convention of 1872 was held in St. Louis. The president of the association Mr. P. M. Arthur, has occupied his position since 1874. He enjoys the fullest confidence of his association, and is highly spoken of by every railroad manager in the United States. For twenty years he ran an engine on the New York Central Railroad between Albany and Utica. He is a clear-headed, fluent talker, of easy address, and thoroughly gentlemanly in his manners. The work for which he was called to St. Louis having been accomplished, Mr. Arthur returns to Cleveland, Ohio, to-night.

The Veiled Prophet on his Ear.

At a meeting of the Veiled Prophets held at the Den on Saturday night, at least this much of the proceedings has been divulged. Hereafter any members of the order reporting that friends or acquaintances have personally requested him to secure tickets for them to the ball, suspecting him to be a member or any member knowing of such solicitation and reporting it will cause the names of persons so soliciting to be permanently removed from the invitation list. In other words, there is only one way in which invitations can be secured, and that is by a written request to post-office box 2429, and after September 25 every person soliciting invitations from persons they suspect to be members of the Order of Veiled Prophets will be rigorously stricken from the lists.

New Suits.

Patrick Scully filed a suit in the Circuit Court to-day asking to be divorced from his wife, Honora Scully, to whom he was married thirty years ago. He alleges that she has been a habitual drunkard for a period of twelve years and that all efforts to reclaim her have failed.

The Northwestern Savings Bank filed a suit in the Circuit Court to-day against Otto Stetzline, John Meis, and Otto Stetzline, administrator of John Keil, praying that a certain deed of trust to certain property on Fifteenth and Wash streets, which was given by Keil to Stetzline, be declared void and the property applied to the payment of a promissory note of Keil for $500.

Fair Grounds Booths.

To-day the booths at the Fair Grounds are being auctioned off to the highest bidders. The prices paid for the shambles on the east side of the amphitheater were higher than last year. Henry Bruggestatt paid $325 each for the two first choices. At noon a free lunch was partaken of by the saloonkeepers in attendance at the sale.

Col. Harrison Nominated.

CHICAGO, September 25.—The Democrats of the Third Congressional District of the West Division of Chicago nominated Hon. Carter H. Harrison, Mayor of the city, by acclamation, and adjourned for ten days pending his acceptance. In an interview, Mr. Harrison expresses his doubts whether he will accept or not. The nomination is made outside the regular machinery, it being the duty of the County Central Committee, and some feeling is thereby aroused.

Mr. Sylvester H. Laflin returned to-day from the East after an absence of six weeks.

RIVER NEWS.

THE Spread Eagle, Capt. Leyhe, leaves for Grafton at 3 p. m.

THE dashing Gem City, Capt. Burke, departs for Keokuk this evening.

THE Josie, of the Diamond Jo Line, departs for St. Paul Wednesday.

THE Ste. Genevieve, Capt. George Carvell, leaves for Memphis this evening.

THE Belle Memphis came in from Vicksburg and returns to-morrow evening.

THE famous Anchor Line steamer W. P. Halliday leaves for New Orleans Wednesday.

PROF. MORSE will have Capt. Thorwegan's new cotton boat ready for business November 1.

THE Keokuk, of the Davidson Line, is due from St. Paul and returns to-morrow evening.

STEAMBOATS are very scarce at the Levee. There will not be much during until after the Fair.

THE river is falling with 8 4-10 feet water by the gauge. There is 5½ feet to Cairo. It is not probable that there will be a rise for the next thirty days, and in the meantime the channel depth must continue to decrease.

The new tonnage law, under which deductions were made for forecastle and machinery space, is being gradually put into operation. The average reduction of taxable tonnage is estimated at about 35 per cent, steamers being chiefly affected. Steamboat inspectors' receipts will hereafter be much less than heretofore, and this fact is curiously urged in some quarters in condemnation of the law. The fact of the business is that the tonnage tax is an unnecessary burden on commerce, and ought to be wiped out altogether.

VICKSBURG COMMERCIAL, 22: Information was received in this city on yesterday which gives the plan of work that has been adopted by the engineers in charge for the improvement of the harbor of this city. It is a well-known fact that a large bar has formed in the last two years from a point opposite the mouth of Yazoo River on the Louisiana shore that extends down almost to the Government work at Delta. This causes the current to strike hard against King's Point, which is caving rapidly. A dyke will by built at or near the head of the bar now forming as stated, and $10,000 of the Delta Point appropriation, now $77,000, has been set aside for this special purpose. This dyke, it is thought, will force the water line still further to the Mississippi shore and continue the cutting away of King's Point, thereby shortening the distance of the proposed canal; the original plan has been somewhat changed. Dredging will begin at the foot of King's Point bar, which will be cut out sufficient to allow steamers to enter the lake without interruption. The dredging in the lake will commence at deep water above Glass Bayou and continue south, coming down in front of the city as far as the Anchor Line elevator.

River Telegrams.

EVANSVILLE, September 25.—Arrived: Parole, Tell City, 9:30 p. m.; L. P. Ewald, Cincinnati, and Dora Cabler, Cloverport, noon. Departed: Rainbow, Louisville, 10 a. m. Beautifully clear, cool. Wind from north. Mercury 54 to 66. River 9 2-10 feet and falling. Business light.

CAIRO, ILL., September 25.—Arrived: Thos. W. Means, St. Louis, 9 p. m. Departed: Means, south, 10 p. m.; Jay Gould, New Orleans, 10 p. m.; City of Baton Rouge, New Orleans, 2. Fair and cool.

LOUISVILLE, KY., Sept. 25.—River continues to fall slowly here with 6 feet 8 inches in canal at noon, 4 feet 4 inches on falls and 1 foot 8 inches over rocks. Business dull, weather clear and cool.

CINCINNATI, September 25.—River 11 feet 3 inches and stationary. Clear. Thermometer 70°. Arrived: Virgie Lee, Kanawha River; Sidney, Wheeling.

MEMPHIS, TENN., September 25.—River falling. Departed: Annie P. Silver, St. Louis, 11 a. m.; Cons Miller, Cincinnati, noon.

PITTSBURG, PA., September 25.—River 4 feet 8 inches and falling. Clear and cool.

Marine.

NEW YORK, September 25.—Arrived: Servia, from Liverpool.

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR

restores with the gloss and freshness of youth, faded or gray hair to a natural, rich brown color, or deep black, as may be desired. By its use light or red hair may be darkened, thin hair thickened, and baldness often, though not always, cured.

It checks falling of the hair, and stimulates a weak and sickly growth to vigor. It prevents and cures scurf and dandruff, and heals nearly every disease peculiar to the scalp. As a Ladies' Hair Dressing, the VIGOR is unequalled; it contains neither oil nor dye, renders the hair soft, glossy, and silken in appearance, and imparts a delicate, agreeable, and lasting perfume.

J. W. BOWEN, proprietor of the *McArthur (Ohio) Enquirer*, says: "AYER'S HAIR VIGOR is a most excellent preparation for the hair. I speak of it from my own experience. Its use promotes the growth of new hair, and makes it glossy and soft. The VIGOR is also a sure cure for dandruff. Not within my knowledge has the preparation ever failed to give entire satisfaction."

MRS. O. A. PRESCOTT, writing from *18 Elm Street, Charlestown, Mass., April 13, 1882*, says: "Two years ago, about two-thirds of my hair came off. It thinned very rapidly, and I was fast growing bald. On using AYER'S HAIR VIGOR the falling stopped, and a new growth commenced, and in about a month my head was completely covered with short hair. It has continued to grow, and is now as good as before it fell. I regularly used one bottle of the VIGOR, but now use it occasionally as a dressing."

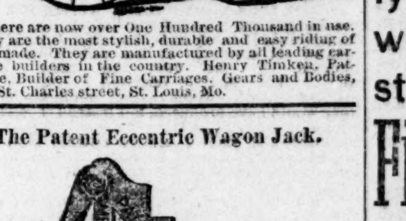
We have hundreds of similar testimonials of the efficacy of AYER'S HAIR VIGOR. It needs but a trial to convince the most skeptical of its value.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

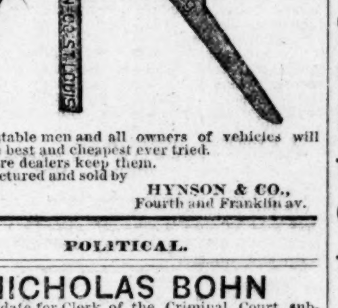
Sold by all Druggists.

The Timken Spring Side-Bar Vehicles Are the Best in the World.



There are now over One Hundred Thousand in use. They are the most stylish, durable and easy riding of any made. They are manufactured by all leading carriage builders in the country. Henry Timken, Patentee, Builder of Fine Carriages, Gears and Bodies, 1010 St. Charles street, St. Louis, Mo.

The Patent Eccentric Wagon Jack.



Livery stable men and all owners of vehicles will find it the best and cheapest ever tried.
Hardware dealers keep them.
Manufactured and sold by

HYNSON & CO.,
Fourth and Franklin av.

POLITICAL.

NICHOLAS BOHN

Is a candidate for Clerk of the Criminal Court, subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention.

THOMAS F. FARRELLY

Is a candidate for Recorder of Deeds, subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention.

HENRY F. HARRINGTON

Is a Candidate for Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention.

AUGUSTUS S. TAYON

Is a candidate for CLERK OF THE CRIMINAL COURT, subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention.

LOUIS D. PICOT

Is a candidate for Recorder of Deeds, subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention.

H. M. SNYDER

Is a candidate for Recorder of Deeds, subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention.

PATRICK M. STAED.
PRESENT INCUMBENT,
Is a candidate for election for CLERK OF THE CRIMINAL COURT, subject to the Democratic Convention.

HEADQUARTERS REPUBLICAN CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE, EIGHTH DISTRICT,
ST. LOUIS, MO., September 25, 1882.

The Republicans of the several wards and St. Ferdinand township of the Eighth Congressional District will meet in delegate convention at North St. Louis Turner Hall, Fourteenth and Salisbury streets, on Thursday, September 28, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, for the purpose of nominating a Republican candidate for Congress and the election of a Republican Congressional Committee for said district.

The several wards of the city of St. Louis will hold their primary elections for delegates on Wednesday evening, September 27, at 8 o'clock, at the following places:

Fourth Ward. Number of delegates, seven; No. 1232 Broadway.

Sixth Ward. Number of delegates, five; Social Turner Hall, Thirteenth and Monroe.

Eighth Ward. Number of delegates, three; Justice Nacke's office.

Twelfth Ward. Number of delegates, nine; Stolle's Hall, Thirteenth and Biddle.

Fourteenth Ward. Number of delegates, eleven; Teutonia Hall, Eighteenth and Benton.

Sixteenth Ward. Number of delegates, four; North St. Louis Turner Hall, Fourteenth and Salisbury streets.

Twentieth Ward. Number of delegates four; northeast corner of Clay and Cass avenues.

Twenty-third Ward. Number of delegates, two; Chris. Neef's Harlem House.

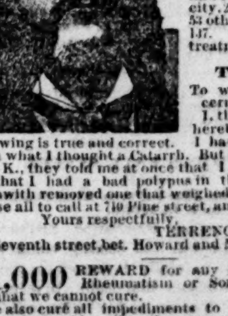
Twenty-eighth Ward. Number of delegates, three; Four-Mile House and Easton avenue.

Black Jack, St. Ferdinand Township. Number of delegates, two; will hold primaries at Julius Nolte's Store at 3 o'clock, Tuesday, September 26.

DR. LEO. DE LEUW, Chairman.
G. W. FRITCH, Sec'y.

PATRICK McCANN is a candidate for re-election to the office of Justice of the Peace of the Fifth District, First and Seventeenth Wards.

WONDERFUL! WONDERFUL!



DRS. REEVES & KNOX, English and German specialists, 701 Pine street. They are making same wonderful cures in the city and country. Their office parlors are crowded from morning until night. On Saturday, September 23, 1882, they had 64 patients from the city, 20 from Illinois and 53 others, making in all 137. Of these 119 took treatment.

Testimonials.

To whom it may concern:

I, the undersigned, do hereby certify that the following is true and correct. I have been suffering from what I thought a Catarrh. But upon visiting Drs. R. & K., they told me at once that I had no Catarrh but that I had a bad polypus in the nose, and they forthwith removed one that weighed three ounces. I advise all to call at 710 Pine street, and get cured.

Yours respectfully,
TERRENCE BELROSE.
Seventh street, bet. Howard and Montgomery sts.

$1,000 REWARD for any case of Chronic Rheumatism or Sore Legs, Eye and Ear that we cannot cure.

We also cure all impediments to marriage, etc. If you are in trouble call on the surgeons, Drs. Reeves & Knox, 710 Pine street, St. Louis, Mo.

Treatment by Correspondence.

This can be done safely and satisfactorily by mail and by observing carefully the following directions: Give your age, height, weight, color of hair, sex, and state whether single or married. Describe your symptoms plainly in your own language. Ladies or gentlemen, whether married or single, should not hesitate to write us all particulars concerning their condition. And if you have reason to believe that you have rheumatism, kidney, bladder or any urinary disease, send us by express (charges prepaid), a small, clean bottle of your urine. All correspondence strictly confidential. Office hours from 8 a. m. until 9 p. m.

DRS. REEVES & KNOX,
710 Pine street, St. Louis.

WHY

Should I Pay My Tailor

$50

FOR MY

FALL SUIT

When I can buy the same article for

$30!

And get a better fit than I ever had in my life?

Gentlemen naturally ask this question when examining our stock of

Fine Nobby Suits!

Made of the most stylish goods imported this season, and made to fit as perfectly as it is possible to fit the human form. Come and look at them.

The Golden Eagle,

S. W. Corner Fifth and Pine.

D. C. YOUNG, MANAGER.

STEAMBOATS.

Upper Mississippi.

ST. LOUIS AND ST. PAUL PACKET CO., U. S. Mail Line For Mosier's and all way landings.
Str. BALD EAGLE..................Hamilton, Master.
Leaves every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 4 p. m.
For Clarksville, Louisiana, Hannibal, Quincy, La Grange, Canton, Alexandria, Warsaw and Keokuk.
GEM CITY..................Burke, Master,
Leaves every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 4 p. m.
For Hannibal, Quincy, Keokuk, Burlington, Davenport, Dubuque, La Crosse and St. Paul.
Str. KEOKUK..................——, Master.
Leaves Tuesday, September 26, at 4 p. m.
THROUGH TICKETS to all Railroad points. Excursion Tickets to St. Paul, Minneapolis, Lake Minnetonka, Duluth, Marquette, Grand Haven, Thunder Bay and all summer resorts in the North and East with the privilege of returning by river, lake or rail. Send for Guide Book, "Upper Mississippi River," giving routes, rates, etc. For through passenger or freight rates, apply at office on wharfboat, foot of Olive street.
JNO. F. BAKER, G. F. A.

DIAMOND JO LINE.
Fine and fast passenger packets.
For Hannibal, Quincy, Keokuk, Burlington, Davenport, Dubuque, La Crosse and St. Paul.
Str. JOSIE..................——, Master.
Leaves wharfboat, foot of Washington avenue, Wednesday, September 27, at 4 p. m. For freight or passage, apply at office, on wharfboat.
ISAAC P. LUSK, Agent.

ST. LOUIS AND CLARKSVILLE PACKET COMPANY.
For Milan, Hastings, Cap au Gris, Falmouth, Hamburg, Clarksville and way landings.
DORA..................Alex. Lamont, Master.
Leaves Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 4 p. m. from foot of Cherry street.
F. SCHWARTZ, President.

Lower Mississippi.

ST. LOUIS AND VICKSBURG ANCHOR LINE.
U. S. Mail Line.
For Helena, Greenville, Arkansas City and Vicksburg.
Leave Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
Reserving the right to pass all landings the Captain may deem unsafe.
Str. BELLE OF MEMPHIS..................——, Master,
Will leave Tuesday, September 26, at 5 p. m.
Packets for Cape Girardeau, Cairo, Hickman and Memphis leave Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
STE. GENEVIEVE..................Carvell, Master,
Will leave Monday, September 25, at 5 p. m.
Packets for Ste. Genevieve, St. Mary's, Chester and Grand Tower.
Str. E. C. ELLIOTT..................Postal, Master,
Leaves Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, at 4 o'clock p. m.
JOHN BIRD, Agent.

ST. LOUIS & MISSISSIPPI VALLEY TRANSPORT'N CO., Office Main and Walnut streets.
H. C. HAARSTICK, Pres't. H. LOUREY, Vice-Pres't.
For New Orleans.
Str. JOHN DIPPOLD and Barges,
Leave Wednesday, September 27, 5 p. m. For freight rates to N. O. and points in Tex. ap. to J. P. BURDEAU, Ft. Agt.

NEW ORLEANS ANCHOR LINE.
For New Orleans and way landings,
Str. W. P. HALLIDAY,
Leaves Wedesday, September 27, at 5 p. m.
For freight or passage apply on board wharfboat foot of Market street.
JOHN W. CARROLL, Gen. Ft. Agt.

Illinois River.

CHICAGO FAST FREIGHT LINE.
For Hardin, Bedford, Montezuma, Florence, Griggsville, Naples, Beardstown, Havana and Peoria.
Str. CALHOUN..................Gray, Master,
Leaves Wednesdays and Saturdays, 4 p. m., from Company's wharfboat foot of Olive street.
REGULAR NAPLES PACKET.
Str. MATTIE BELLE..................Abrams, Master,
Will leave Mondays & Fridays, 4 p. m.
C. S. ROGERS, Pres't.
L. F. D'ARCAMBAL, Agt.

JOHN MAGUIRE,

Real Estate and House Agent, Conveyancer and Notary Public.

Houses, lots and stores for rent, lease, sale or exchange in different parts of the city. Money loaned on real estate.

519 Walnut St. Office bet. 5th and 6th.

F. W. GUERIN, Photographer,
627 Olive Street, St. Louis.
Copying and enlarging from old Pictures. Special attention paid to Crayon work and Pastel.
Medal awarded at the World's Exposition, Paris.

HESSER & WICKHAM,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
COAL AND COKE,
118 N. Third St., St. Louis.

Finest Line and Largest Stock
In This City of
OFFICE STATIONERY, BLANK BOOKS, ETC.
IS FOR SALE BY
Robt. D. Patterson & Co.,
316 and 318 North Third St.

CITY NEWS.

THE grand opening of D. Crawford & Co.'s new fall importations will take place next Wednesday, when they will show in millinery, suits, cloaks, jackets, etc., their own direct importations, being the personal selections of a member of their firm in Paris and London.

Boston Art Furniture
Is more durable, far more beautiful and costs less than the inartistic goods you have been accustomed to see. Examine our stock in St. Louis.
GUERNSEY FURNITURE Co.,
1500 N. Fourth st., up-stairs.

MOST complexion powders have a vulgar glare, but Pozzoni's is a true beautifier whose effects are lasting.

FOUR hundred and twenty thousand acres of timbered and mineral lands in Missouri and Arkansas for sale by Logan D. Dameron, 913 Pine street, St. Louis, Mo.

DR. WHITTIER, a regular graduate, 617 St. Charles st., as for 25 years, treats, with unparalleled success, blood impurities, poisoning, impediments to marriage, nervous prostration, debility, diseases from indiscretion, excesses, exposures, indulgences. Moderate charges; safely, confidentially; advice free. Book 260 pp., sealed, by mail, 25 cents; pamphlet free. Treatment by mail or express from ocean to ocean.

CALL and see Van Blarcom's thirty-five dollar road and business harness. 613 North Seventh street.

Dr. H. C. Chase,
922 Olive street. Set of teeth $8.

DR. DINSBEER removed to 814 Pine street, where he will dispense safe medicines, skillful treatment and speedy cures for chronic disease.

DRUNKENNESS and Opium Habit controlled and cured with Dr. Leslie E. Keeley's Chloride of Gold Remedies. Call or write for particulars, 414 North Seventh street. P. D. Cordell, agent.

THE NEW FILLING for decayed teeth; superior to gold; looks better; lasts better; never discolors; comfortable. H. S. Chase, 919 Olive, 2d floor.

SPORTING.

Base Ball Games—An Aquatic Event—General Gossip.

The sculling race on the river, yesterday, between Lucas Edel and Lambert Netzger, was a perfect success. Both men were started from the bridge in the presence of an immense crowd of spectators at 4:06 p. m. The men were evenly matched and both rowed well until reaching the buoy at Chouteau avenue, where Netzger turned in advance of his opponent and maintained his lead throughout the race, reaching the starting point a full length ahead of Edell at 4:28¾.

The game between the Brown Stockings and Nationals at Sportsmen's Park yesterday was won by the former by a score of 6 to 0.

At Red Stockings' Park yesterday the Willows defeated the Alerts 8 to 6.

The Rumsey Mohawks were vanquished yesterday by the St. Louis by a score of 16 to 7.

The Sunflowers, a juvenile combination, defeated the Eugenias yesterday afternoon by a score of 22 to 12.

At Memphis, Tenn., yesterday, the game between the Eckfords and the Weiters resulted in favor of the Eckfords. The score was 7 to 5.

NOTES.

The pigeon shooting match for $25 a side, at Cahokia yesterday, between Fred. Schreiber and Lorenz Frank, was won by Frank.

The yacht race yesterday was postponed indefinitely on account of the slight wind. About 1,000 people were present to witness the race.

Joseph Dion refuses to accept the challenge of Wm. Sexton to a championship game of billiards, because of a disagreement between himself and Mr. Roche in regard to the championship emblem.

The announcement that the Troys had left the League occasioned considerable excitement among the managements of the several League combinations. The Troy boys received numerous telegrams and many of them were followed about all day Sunday by managers endeavoring to secure contracts for next season.

Robinson, the Artist Tailor,
716 Pine, has just received the latest importations in fall goods for Gentlemen's Suits, including all the novelties of the season. With first-class work and lowest prices, he will insure satisfaction.

The Notorious Neff.

"General" Neff, the horse thief, did not go to Carlyle upon Saturday evening last as was given out by the police and Rufus Ramsey, the banker, who came for him. It was not deemed safe to allow Neff to get within the grasp of the justly incensed denizens of Clinton county for it was understood they had made preparations for a reception which would have proved at least unfortunate for Neff. The arrangement is now that Ramsey will return to St. Louis to-day, and take Neff away on Wednesday, when it is believed that the passions of his victims will have him reduced in temperature.

STRANGERS should not fail to visit Ecker's elegant restaurant and oyster parlors at 18 South Fifth street. The handsomest restaurant in the West. Private dining parlors for ladies and gentlemen.

CARONDELET JOTTINGS.

Regular semi-monthly meeting to-night of Branch 42, Iron Hall.

Silar Shores, charged with an assault upon Mrs. Zimmerman, was able to prove an alibi and was therefore released.

Engagements for rides to the Fair Grounds in furniture wagons, and to the city the night of the Veiled Prophets, are already being made.

As it is understood that there is to be a vacancy in the school board by the resignation of Mr. Knight, who will accept the position is at present a subject of interest.

A large number of persons from this part of the city will attend the shooting match to-morrow between Nagel and Erb. Many of them will go well "heeled" for the purpose of backing the present champion. At the former match one person here won $500.

PRIVATE dining-room for ladies and gentlemen at Ecker's elegant Cafe, Restaurant and Oyster Parlor, 18 South Fifth street.

READING NOTICES.

Forty Years' Experience of an Old Nurse.
MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and has been used for forty years with never failing success by millions of mothers for their children. It relieves the child from pain, cures dysentery and diarrhoea, griping in the bowels and wind colic. By giving health to the child it rests the mother. Price twenty-five cents a bottle.

FITTING FEET.

A Shoe Salesman Relates Some Curious Things.

Curiosities of Lady Customers--Garteriana--Limb-Lore.

"Stamp your foot, hard! Work your toes to the point," said a bald-headed salesman in one of the fashionable shoe stores last evening. He knelt before a young woman dressed in crushed strawberry redingote and bonnet, and she stamped as he directed, until something metallic fell from out the nimbus of her skirts toward a POST-DISPATCH reporter, waiting his turn to be fitted. He picked up the strip of blue and gold and handed it to her. She thanked him calmly, and after resuming her seat deliberately ventured her hands into the mysteries about her ankles and adjusted somewhere in the vicinity the article which had detached itself.

"Sensible girl," said the salesman as she vanished. "Reasons from cause to effect. After we had seen the garter there was no use trying to make believe it was something else, and if she hadn't put it on again we'd have known that her stocking was bagging around the ankle every step she took."

"Does that sort of scene show here often?"

"Scene! It's a mere prelude to the heavy spectacular business that we draw the year through. You've got the idea that modesty is jealous of its legs. It's a mistake. There was some reason in the assumption years ago, when plain white stockings and odd strings for garters was the best dressing that even the prettiest legs could procure. That part of the figure was not fashionable then, and unless a woman had plump neck and arms she didn't count, though her ankles were divinely modeled. But the stage has reversed all that by making such a specialty of legs that men have been forced to consider them. The result is that women have had to take the fol-de-rols from their throats and touch up the other extremity to meet this change. And there is considerable self-sacrifice involved."

"Self sacrifice? Isn't it a means to conquest?"

"That's just it. But she can't always make an opportunity, and accidents which fully expose a pretty foot and calf are rare. Now that young lady who just figured here had something on her garter I'll wager you didn't see."

"Did you expect me to examine it?"

"No, you were too much surprised, but I had already inspected it."

"Did it drop off before I came in?"

"How unversed you are in feminine tricks! No, indeed, she had been sitting in what I call

THE LOOK-AT-MY-GARTER ATTITUDE,

put her foot out in such a way that I had to face her and hold it on my knee, the sole toward me, instead of stooping at her side when I attempted to fit her. In that position I am deprived of the married sensation which resting her ankle on my knee would have produced, but instead I have a consoling view of the other limb—well, anyway to the knee—and there's always enough taste displayed in the wearing of hose and garters to interest a man who is even color blind."

"How dare you look?"

"Can't help myself; it's all in line with the shoe and my range of vision. Now, what do you suppose was on her buckle?"

"A monogram?"

"Nothing like it; something bordering on sentiment."

"Souvenir, dores, gemmed sentiments?"

"Bah! St. Louis women have gone way beyond that. This one we are speaking of has original ideas. There was set in her buckle the pictured face of a ——"

"Cupid, I know!"

"Wrong again. The face of a down town dry goods merchant, who is partner in an immense wholesale business not far from the Lindell. His wife died a year or two ago, and there's brisk competition for the vacancy. I guess she's in the lead."

"Are you sure about the face?"

"Certainly. I know him. She has evidently cut him out of a card photograph. Isn't that a neat 'string idyl'?"

"The situation seems premature."

"That's a question. Perhaps her modesty needs that sort of mild coaching. Anyway I scented orange blossoms in the heavy orders she gave for shoes and slippers."

"I suppose you consider yourself an authority on garters?"

"The authority, understand. There isn't one man in a thousand who understands their philosophy. For instance, when a stout woman enters, I know before she delivers her foot to me that there will probably be a narrow garter on her limb, and the buckle will have some sort of amatory design, say, the upper half of a woman's figure, her arms clasped over her bosom. If she is medium size and somewhat plump, I look for wide bands, lace frills, ribbon rosettes, silver stars, square clasps enameled with butterfly's, anything that seems

COQUETTISH AND ENTRANCING.

One girl who affects piety wears a garter buckled on the side with what seems a full satin padding across her knee. This is embroidered in rainbow doings. You see, she means to make kneeling more comfortable. Once in a while I get hold of a thin original specimen who insists that I put her shoe on from the side. Then I object, because the pointed-toe fashion makes it hard to fit her unless I hold the shoe in front and push back at least to make her believe it. She doesn't like this, but I win, and proceed with my study of garters. I remember one who wore a gold clasp in shape of a padlock, from which a little key hung by a chain. I wanted to ask her if she had to unlock it to get it off, but her face warned me that such imprudence wouldn't be tolerated. One of my best customers is a society girl. She wears buckles set in trefoil pattern with small diamonds. They were taken from an old-fashioned cluster ring that was her grandmother's engagement ring."

"How do you know?"

"She told me. Showed them here one day before the elastics were attached. They are very becoming to her, wide red satin band hand-painted, a sort of dado on a palpitating wall. Nearly all the married women wear expensive garters. A maiden lady of intense literary tastes got one of the leading jewelery houses to design her a harmonious buckle. She left the matter entirely to them as she is not artistically inclined and thought they might succeed better if she expressed no preferences. The designer is a sort of practical joker and did not attempt to fill the order until he had inquired if she had any matrimonial prospects. He found that she not only had none but professed to be a man-hater. He worked away for several days and finally submitted his drawing to the firm. They considered it extremely clever and notified their patron that if she would call the design was ready for her to order from. Well, she came next day and the designer stood where he could watch her face as she inspected the card, which a bachelor of the firm undertook to explain. It represented a street letter-box, with the words 'letter-box' on the face.

"Now don't you consider that unique," he said suavely. "A lady with your reputation as a correspondent couldn't find anything more suitable for a—for any piece of jewelry. The idea seems particularly happy." She had been examining the card gravely and there was something like an old rouge flicker making its way up from her collar like the fabled flame of the Phœnix.

"Have you observed nothing in harmonious," she asked, turning the card that he might better read what was printed on the left side of the box which showed.

"Why, no. It would not be a correct representation of a letter-box without the words 'U.S. Mail!' They are ——."

"But I don't like it. Why couldn't the other side have been shown instead. The idea of having the word 'mail' on such an ornament is preposterous. I refuse to accept the design."

And she swept out while the designer suggested to his amazed employe that "U. S. Female" might have been more appropriate. The design can be seen on their book any day."

WOMEN that have been pronounced incurable by the best physicians have been completely cured by Lydia Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

GENTLEMEN'S FALL STYLES.

How St. Louisans Must Dress This Season to be a la Mode.

The following points concerning fashionable male attire for the fall and coming winter have been obtained by carefully interviewing the few really fashionable tailors and dealers in men's apparel in the city. The majority of even well-to-do citizens do not care to dress with any particular styles. It is, therefore, only for the minority who do care for fashionable clothes that these lines are intended.

The changes that have taken place in the style of garments since last fall are not so great but that a suit made by a high-class tailor then would be acceptable now. But there have been changes made which give quite a different expression to the same garment. To be a really fashionably dressed man one must have four complete suits. There is the sack suit for business, the single-breasted cut away, the double-breased regular Prince Albert and the full dress suit. If a man lacks one of these he cannot be in the height of fashion at all hours of the day. Sack coats are the invariable rule for business. The double-breasted sack will be much worn again this season. All sacks should be cut close fitting, closely defining the back and hanging over the hips without a particle of superfluous goods. They are made to roll down to any button. Single-breasted cut-aways are longer in the skirt; also Prince Albert. In the latter the buttons on the back should be half way between the collar and the bottom of the skirt. They should have five buttons and roll to any button.

The most stylish overcoat is the Newmarket. It is a close-fitting frock, like a surtout, but much longer. The surtout will perhaps take the lead in St. Louis and is the most elegant for the promenade. The surtout is a coat which perfectly fits over a Prince Albert. They should only be worn by good figures, and should be made of smooth-faced kerseys. There are flaps on the sides, but the pockets are in the pleats behind. All sack overcoats are made much shorter than last year, running only from thirty-five to thirty-seven inches, and for fall wear still less. All overcoat collars are made to roll easily.

Pantaloons are to be cut close-fitting, but no longer skin-tight, and with no spring at the bottom. At the foot and knee the measurements should run from fifteen to seventeen inches.

Vests are short and one button higher than last year in full dress. This divides the breast better. In other vests a small plain rolling collar is the most correct thing.

The new goods for fall and winter wear are very unique and striking and yet, not as a rule loud. Brigh colors are thrown upon a black ground in such a way as to evince much character, and yet retain modesty. The finest trouserings are soft and rich, and of infinite variety in fine stripes. Coat and vest should invariably be of the same material. With a Prince Albert, the dark striped pantaloons are very nobby. Very fine London suitings show an apparent raised figure, which gives a novel and very pleasing effect. One house in St. Louis is displaying 250 shades and patterns of these particular suitings. Some new Irish friezes are shown in plain colors, which make up excessively nobby.

In the way of gents' furnishing goods there is no change of fashion to note of any importance. Flat scarfs and fancy colored hemstitched handkerchiefs are shown in unique and most beautiful designs. In these matters, as in shirts, collars and cuffs, no one can go astray if a good house is patronized.

Shoes will continue to be very pointed at the toe and made considerably longer than the foot. As long as tight pants remain in vogue wide shoes cannot be worn. A very nobby fall shoe is in patent leather or calf, boxed in blue, green or black upon the instep, and generally a false lace up the front. These are excessively correct. Some very neat gaiters and button shoes are worn with olive green cloth tops. Patent leather is the only thing for full dress, and is in good taste on the promenade, but not for business.

As silk hats are entirely out of use, there is very little to choose from in the way of head cover. The only admissible fall hat yet shown is the medium low Derby in black, dark blue, brown, green and plum color. The rim is quite tightly rolled. The binding and band are of a different color from the hat, but only slightly so. The young man's pattern is a little lower in the crown and not so spreading in the rim as the older pattern.

TO BUYERS OF
DIAMONDS.
Our special importations of
105 KTS. PER STR. FRANCE,
and
414 KTS. PER STR. ST. GERMAIN
and
29½ KTS. PER STR. AMERIQUE,
have now been opened and we are prepared to offer inducements to buyers of DIAMONDS, RUBIES, SAPPHIRES, OPALS, EMERALDS, &c., in LOW PRICES and
FINE QUALITIES.
that can not be duplicated elsewhere.
If interested, call and examine.
MERMOD, JACCARD & CO.,
Fourth and Locust streets.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

Items From Winfield, Mo.; Canton, Mo.; White Hall and Columbus, Ky.

Winfield Winnowings.
Special Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

WINFIELD, Mo., September 23.—A little son of H. Hackman accidentally shot himself last Sunday while out hunting. He was standing on the fence, and tried to pull the gun toward him, when it went off and the whole charge struck him in the left breast.——The unknown sick stranger mentioned in my last is doing very well now. He will be sent to St. Louis Hospital.——Hy. Pund, candidate for Assessor of this county, was in town to-day.——H. C. Miller, a prominent grain buyer of Ft. Madison, was in town yesterday.——W. A. Woodson & Co. shipped another car-load of wheat to Ft. Madison, Ia., yesterday.——Our boys have got some new base-ball bats and balls and are practicing daily. Winfield will soon have a first-class club.——W. A. Woodson & Co. received a lot of choice grapes yesterday from Kissenger, Mo. They sold them all before they could get them away from the depot.——August Dickmyer, who has been quite sick for some time past, is better.——The Fair commences October 10.

Canton Cullings.
Special Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

CANTON, Mo., September 22.—W. H. Lown and Mrs. Lown left last Monday for Europe, the land of their birth.——S. M. Loyd has gone up the river to recuperate from his recent illness.——The public schools are now in full blast. College has opened also.——Quite a number of strangers are visiting in and around Canton.——Oakes Brothers' Concert and Specialty Company made a fine street parade this afternoon with their brass band, and rendered some of the finest music ever listened to in this place.——A large number of our citizens are agitating the temperance question, and the day seems drawing near when the saloons must close.

From Columbus.
Special Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

COLUMBUS, KY., September 23.—Mrs. Clara P. Samuels, daughter of Judge E. J. Bullock, has returned from a short visit to friends in Gainesville, Texas.——Hickman County Circuit Court is now in session at the county seat. Judge Campbell is presiding.——Hon. Oscar Turner, Independent Democrat, spoke to large and attentive audiences on Wednesday evening last. His opponent, Hon. Henry Houston, Republican, is also making a thorough canvass of the First Judicial District.——The Skaggs murder case, which has attracted so much attention of late, was tried before the Circuit Court this week but the jury disagreed and the case was continued.——A safe owned by Murphey & Co. was blown open at Fulton, Ky., on the night of the 20th by unknown parties, and a small sum of money, together with several revolvers, was taken. No clue to the robbers.——The daily POST-DISPATCH is read with much interest in our city. Its fearless stand against the gambling dens and dance-houses of St. Louis is admired by all.——Mr. L. L. Dunklin, of St. Louis, is the new Pacific Express agent at this place.——The Misses Rosa Rogers and Lizzie Stevenson, two Jackson, Tenn., belles, are visiting friends in our town.

White Hall Whispers.
Special Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch:

WHITE HALL, September 23.—On account of the increase of business, the C. B. & Q. company have decided to extend the side track running by the elevator, through the tile yard of Culbertson, Smith & Co.——A. F. Lunge & Co. are making arrangements to rebuild their large furniture house, which was lately destroyed by fire.——Hansted & Wharton are in St. Louis this week, buying new stock.——Quite a crowd gathered this afternoon to witness a wrestling match between T. O. Gorman and Sam Smith, for $5 and championship of the town; but, through some misunderstanding, the match was postponed.——Several new residences are going up here. Among them are houses for J. D. Vedder, William George, Edward Smith, Lyman Prindle and M. Potts. The latter will be an exceptionally fine one.

New England Bread!
New England Bread!
Is now the best in the market. To be had by ALL grocers Monday morning and at L. Mohr's Bakery, corner Fifteenth and Chouteau avenue.

Underwriters' Meeting.
A number of insurance agents from Missouri, Kansas and Nebraska registered at the hotels to-day, who represent the fire underwriters of the three states named who will hold their annual meeting in this city to-morrow. The meeting will probably be held at the Laclede Hotel. The session will be devoted to the regulation of rates and the election of officers for the coming year. At present Howard Gray, of St. Louis, is president, and J. M. Coudry, of St. Louis, is Secretary.

KEENE ON ACTING.

How They Trained Young Men and Women in Early Days.

Wrinkles About Fencing---American Masters of the Art.

Women Who Excelled in Broadsword Combats.

It is a rather rare thing to find an actor whose views of life are wide enough to look much beyond the stage. Few of them know of anything beyond the parts they play and the necessity of bending their energies upon securing the applause of the people. It was a positive relief, therefore, for the writer to encounter Thos. W. Keene yesterday, who in the course of a conversation showed not only a masterly grasp of his art, but in speaking of the various characters and plays considered as belonging to the legitimate, the scholarship of a deep student, and also demonstrated that he was as familiar with current subjects—philosophy, religion, politics, etc.—as he was with the technique of his profession. In touching upon his own work and remarkable success he spoke exceedingly modestly and generally turned the matter into another channel. One of the subjects which came up during the brief talk was the system of

STAGE TRAINING

as conducted to-day and that in vogue three years ago.

"The system of traveling combinations," said Mr. Keene in response to a question, "has killed all stage education—that is, the thorough education deemed necessary for an artist fifteen or twenty years ago."

"How did they train actors and actresses then?"

"In the days of the stock," replied Keene, "when I first began my career, I, in common with others, received a very severe training, and, of course, I owe many of the advantages I now possess to that training. To give you some idea of the labor of a young actor's life, let me tell you that on certain days of the week all the young men and women were called every day an hour before the call for the regular rehearsal of the play. On Mondays and Fridays they were called by the ballet master, who instructed them in stage dancing, how they should enter and retire from a room, how they should walk gracefully, how they should sit down, etc. On Tuesdays and Thursdays the chorus master called us and taught us how to sing, for example, the music of 'Macbeth,' 'Pizarro,' 'The Miller and His Men,' a drama which was always in perfect rehearsal, so that it could be put on in case of the non-appearance of a star. In addition to these exercises, the young men were called twice a week for sword and foil exercise. That training was most severe. I remember that they would keep us, for instance, at the thrust-and-receive movement an hour a day for a month, and one hour at that sort of exercise was enough to almost paralyze a young man. When proficiency had been acquired in that movement the first point in fencing would be learned. All were anxious to excel in this because we were allowed to go into broadsword exercise the moment we could handle a broadsword, and when we could handle a broadsword we were permitted to take part in the combats of such plays as 'Rob Roy,' 'Wallace,' etc."

"Did the actresses receive instruction in fencing?"

"It was optional with them. Some of them—Helen Western, Isabella Cubas, Marietta Ravel and others—were very skillful in the use of the broadsword."

"In any of the theaters to-day is there any such training?"

"In no American theater that I know of," replied Keene, "are there any educational facilities offered by which an actor or actress can become a master or a mistress in his or her art. In my company, I try to give all my young men such instruction as travelling will permit, and I have my compensation in more efficient performances than I would otherwise have."

"Did they in those days teach elocution?"

"In the theater they never taught elocution. Elocution was deemed a non-essential in comparison to other things. The possession of a heart that could sympathize with human character, a mind that could be interested in dramatic work, instinct and physical requisites were of the first importance. The young men and women were taught certain rules of art by which they could cover up the artifice they employed in the interpretation of character."

"But," the reporter said, "the instruction received at the theaters in the days of the stock, without any outside aid, rarely carried an actor to the front rank of his profession?"

"That early instruction furnished a solid foundation for building upon. All actors who have obtained prominence in their profession began in this way. After learning all they could at the school of the theater they went to the masters. The Booths, Keans, Edwin Adams, the Wallacks and others might be cited as examples."

SWORDSMANSHIP.

"Few actors, in comparison to the number in former years, have a reputation for fine swordsmanship?"

"Very few. Among the actors who were accounted masters I recollect the elder Booth, Adams, and Jim Wallack. The Count Johannes was a splendid swordsman. Junius Booth and Edwin are masters; but perhaps the first swordsman who ever appeared upon the American stage was Charles Fechter. He was, when he had a sword or a foil in his hand, a perfect picture of grace. Those who recollect him in the garden scene as Claude Melnotte, when he disarmed Damas, will agree with me. The nearest approach to him on the modern stage is Frederic de Belleville, now with the Union Square Theater."

"Who are the best instructors in this country?"

"I think Col. Monstery, who is a teacher of the French school, and Col. Martin, who is an example of the thorough English school of the guards. McCullough, Louis Aldrich, Barrett, Frank Mayo studied under Monstery."

"And you?"

"My instructor was Col. Martin. Nearly all the great death-dealing blows which are used by the most famous duelists are known to our best actors. Not one of the actors named doesn't know the effect of

THE GREAT ST. GEORGE THRUST,

nor who doesn't perfectly understand the great disarm movement which is puzzling some of the French duelists just now."

"What is this movement?"

"It is simply a piece of treachery. Disengaging the opponent's attention, the duelist uses his sword as a whip to paralyze the nerve and muscles of the forearm of the sword arm. By this action your opponent must lower his point or lose his sword."

"Do you consider sword exercise as one of the absolute necessities of acting."

"I do. It gives the actor a firmness, a strength and a grace of movement which he can acquire in no other way. It is necessary not only for the legitimate but for acting in the modern drama."

The reporter then asked the tragedian if, in his opinion, the stock system would be revived generally.

"That subject has become so hackneyed," said Mr. Keene, "and has been so thoroughly discussed by abler men than I that we need scarcely open it. However, let me say that I do not believe that there will be any immediate revival of the stock system, but I look forward to the establishment of schools in the large cities where young actors and actresses can receive that instruction which is now denied them. Something will certainly be done before long to educate people for the profession of acting. The necessity of such a system can be no better illustrated than by saying that in this country such an actress as Bella Pateman can not be found. Miss Pateman, by the way, came to this country to play Columbine in a pantomine, 'in Robinson Crusoe' at Wood's. She was educated in a stock theater. How many of our prominent actresses could play Ophelia, Desdemona, the Columbine in a pantomime, assume an eccentric part in a comedy, or play a role in a comic opera?"

The reporter cast the list up in his mind and was compelled to admit that there was not one.

Stoning Sports.
Thomas Williams and John Dorn quarrelled last night at a saloon on the Natural Bridge Road near Papin avenue, over a game of cards. Williams was assisted by a few friends and Dorn was pretty roughly handled. When Williams and his friends started for home about two hours later received a volley of rocks from hidden foes by which a young man named Meyers received a bad cut on the cheek, also received ugly gashes on the head.

PLEASE BEAR IN MIND
THAT THE
Great Sale
OF THE
HALE
West-End Shoe Stock!
Just purchased by Famous, at 50 Cents on the dollar,
WILL TAKE PLACE
ON
Wednesday Morning.
This stock, composed entirely of finefoot wear for Ladies, Gents, Misses and Children, will be sold at astounding low prices.
No such bargains ever offered in Fine Shoes.
We will sell at once; no delay.
COME WEDNESDAY.
FAMOUS,
Fifth and Morgan.

MULFORD & McKENZIE,
TICKET BROKERS,
Are making special rates to Indianapolis, Cincinnati, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, Boston, Buffalo and Cleveland. Cut rates to all points.
108 N. Fourth St., and 12th and Poplar.

PRIVATE DETECTIVES.

A History of the Business in This Country.

Men, Women and Children Who Live by Ferreting Out Secrets.

During the past two weeks the expose of the workings of the Russell blackmailing scheme has raised some local interest in private detective agencies about which very little is known. Forty years ago Allen Pinkerton established the first private or regular bureau for tracing criminals in this country. The idea of the detective departments in the metropolitan police system, as followed in this country, has since been largely borrowed from the plan of this bureau. The Adams Express Company had just been started and stage robberies were a common occurrence. The facilities for communication were not as great as they are to-day and crime not as easily detected. During the war Pinkerton was employed by the Government and was offered $30,000 for his records, which were afterward destroyed by the Chicago fire. Branch offices were opened in New York and Philadelphia. Though 70 years of age,

ALLEN PINKERTON

is still at the head of the concern and known as the principal, with George H. Bangs general superintendent; F. Warren, superintendent of the Chicago office; Robert A. Pinkerton, of the New York office, and Benjamin Franklin at Philadelphia. It is claimed that this agency has 100 operatives in its employ.

The next most famous of the detective agencies in this country is probably

THE ROCKY MOUNTAIN,

which has been doing business for the past 10 years. This organization is under ex-Sheriff Cook, of Denver and has its operatives scattered throughout Colorado and the Western country. Its organization is different from that of the Pinkerton or other forces and is more on the co-operative plan. Its territory extends as far east as Kansas City.

On the Pacific slope there are now half a dozen private detective agencies, all told, but the two most prominent are those of Harry N. Wash and R. B. Hall & Co., of San Francisco. In the South there are but few agencies and none of prominence. In the East

CAPT. FULLER'S

is probably the best known. This was founded in 1849, and has disposed of some of the most important cases in the criminal history of the country. At one time the Fuller agency had an operative living in Europe for six months and another Brazil for the same time employed on a mercantile case. Besides the Pinkerton agency in the North, Captain Turtle's agency in Chicago, founded in 1866, is widely known operating a merchants' night patrol like that of the first named agency. Through Southern Illinois, Missouri, Iowa, Arkansas and one or two adjacent States the Stiles National, McDonough and Thiels agencies of St. Louis do the bulk of the business. From the appended talk with the head of one of the local agencies an idea of the business will be gained. It would be a difficult thing to calculate how many private detective agencies there are in this country. In the first place, a man who carries his office under his hat cannot be called a private detective. There are a dozen such men in this city alone. There are nearly thirty reputable agencies in the country. In New York alone there are sixteen private detective concerns, and to count the total number in the country would be a difficult task. They are located in second and third-class towns, and may be found in such places as Versailles, Mo.' Champaign, Ill., and Ottumwa, Ia. You see when the horse-thief taking and mutual protective associations or vigilance committees broke up they merged into what they call private detective agencies."

"Is there any system of co-operation?"

"That is managed by a system of correspondence. Every agency has a correspondent in each of the principal cities and frequently in small towns scattered through the territory from which the business comes. This makes a very successful co-operative plan. It is always preferred to have your own operatives on the ground in any case; but should time and distance, or some circumstance interfere, you would just telegraph the other agency for the services of the men."

"Is the character of the business different in different parts of the country?"

"Yes, it is different in different parts of the country; and then, again, each agency has a specialty, you might call it, which constitutes the bulk of the work done by them. In the East, one agency does a general business; another only attends to banking and mercantile business; another to railroad employes and express work, and so on. In New York one of the largest contracts of the Pinkerton agency is to furnish private detectives for the watering-places. In the West the work is entirely different. Where there is a criminal in a case you will find a much tougher citizen West than you would East. On the Pacific Slope a feature of detecting is studying Chinese thieves. They are the most expert thieves in the world, and the most difficult to catch. When a Chinaman undertakes to burglarize a dwelling or a store he does not waste time trying to effect an entrace through well-secured doors and windows at all. He takes up a position at the side of the house and patiently pulls enough of bricks out of the wall to allow him to enter. In Boston one or two of the agencies are solely employed by banking houses. In Chicago, St. Louis and similar cities the business is general."

"What nature of cases do private detectives principally handle?"

"Very nearly all classes. 'Shadowing' employes, investigating robberies, investigating blackmailing schemes, discovering the writers of threatening or obscene letters, investigating bogus deaths for insurance companies, conspiracy against character, tracing the counterfeiting of stocks, bonds, patent-rights and valuable instruments, obtaining goods and credit by false representation, ascertaining the standing of important witnesses and collecting evidence in important law-suits, tracing the authenticity of deeds and wills, tracing heirs, looking for missing persons and other like and unlike services."

"Are women frequently employed?"

"Yes; they easily obtain entree to a place a man could make no headway with. A respectable, ostensible widow lady with a little girl takes board at some fashionable boarding house. She becomes the friend and confidante of all in the house, and later quietly takes her departure after obtaining the information for which she went in search. This is a sample of how the services of a woman are required in a case. Her identity is concealed, and in this way many sharp and respectable women are enabled to turn an honest dollar. The most important undertaking for a lady that I have heard of for a long time was published a few weeks ago in the POST-DISPATCH. I have since been in the case myself. The facts are these: A six-time bigamist suddenly disappeared from Ohio in 1881, after forging a note on a business house. He took with him his last matrimonial victim. The case was put in the hands of a female detective of Indianapolis, who followed the couple for eighteen months before she effected their arrest in one of the back counties of Kansas. You can find but few women, however, who possess all the qualifications of a successful female detective."

"Are boys used?"

"Yes. A bright boy is a valuable assistant in a case. There are many cases in which a party on the lookout would easily detect a man or woman, while a boy playing marbles at his feet or spinning tops around him would never attract his attention."

"What is the pay of private detectives?"

"The Pinkerton agency charges $8 per day for men; other agencies have different prices, but none higher than $8, which does not include expenses."

"From what source are detectives supplied?"

"Well, you have no idea how many men want to and think they ought to be private detectives. The business to most men is surrounded by a glamour. Ad 'ad.' in a paper will bring a dozen young men who will work for almost nothing. In this way the best men get into the business."

"Isn't the business generally looked on with suspicion?"

"Yes, there is a taint about it, caused by just such men and such transactions as the Russell business. A private detective runs across many a skeleton in family closets, and by using these they manage to extort money and bring odium on a calling of itself just as respectable as constabulary duty."

A FIRST-CLASS meal served in a first-class manner in a first-class establishment at Ecker's elegant cafe and restaurant, 18 South Fifth street.

Weather indications for to-day are fair.

Boys' Day for Clothing!
Parents! Guardians! and Boys! We set apart this day for your benefit. We have everything prepared and are ready to give you unlimited attention. School is out until Monday and many of the Boys rexuire New Clothes for Sunday. Our Boys' Department never was better stocked, never had more handsome styles, never was more attractive in every way than at present. No bnyer of Boys' Clothing would hesitate a moment if they knew the care and attention to details that we bestow on this class of garments. We watch almost every stitch put into them. The result is we make the Best Boys' Clothing in America. Come and see if it is not so. Come in the afternoon to avoid the rush if possible. However, we shall be open until 10 o'clock to-night if you cannot come by daylight.
F. W. HUMPHREY & CO.,
Clothiers for Children, N. E. Cor. Fifth and Pine.

SIMMONS HARDWARE COMPANY.

COAL HODS,
VASES,
FIRE SETS,
Shovels and Tongs,
HEARTH BRUSHES,
ANDIRONS,
Brass Fenders.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S
VEGETABLE COMPOUND.
Is a Positive Cure
For all those Painful Complaints and Weaknesses so common to our best female population.
A Medicine for Woman. Invented by a Woman. Prepared by a Woman.
The Greatest Medical Discovery Since the Dawn of History.
☞It revives the drooping spirits, invigorates and harmonizes the organic functions, gives elasticity and firmness to the step, restores the natural lustre to the eye, and plants on the pale cheek of woman the fresh roses of life's spring and early summer time.
☞Physicians Use It and Prescribe It Freely.☜
It removes faintness, flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulants, and relieves weakness of the stomach.
That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, weight and backache, is always permanently cured by its use.
For the cure of Kidney Complaints of either sex this Compound is unsurpassed.
LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S BLOOD PURIFIER will eradicate every vestige of Humors from the Blood, and give tone and strength to the system, of man woman or child. Insist on having it.
Both the Compound and Blood Purifier are prepared at 233 and 235 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass. Price of either, $1. Six bottles for $5. Sent by mail in the form of pills, or of lozenges, on receipt of price, $1 per box for either. Mrs. Pinkham freely answers all letters of inquiry. Enclose 3ct. stamp. Send for pamphlet.
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CHAS. H. TURNER & CO.,
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A Ruffianly Rascal.
Hattie Murray, a young girl about 17 years of age, had a rough experience with a rascal last night, which in future, should make her very cautious in accepting buggy rides from strangers. Miss Murray had been at a picnic in the suburbs, where she formed the acquaintance of a young man giving his name as Burns. The youth had a hired horse and buggy and when the picnic was over proposed to take the young lady for a drive, to which she consented. About 8 o'clock they left the grove and drove through Forest Park and the surrounding country, arriving at King's Highway near the Olive street road about 10 o'clock. The horse was here stopped and the young lady requested to alight. The request not being complied with, rougher measures were adopted and force applied. Miss Murray screamed loudly for help, thus attracting the attention of two men driving along Olive street. During the scuffle she was thrown from the buggy and sustained an ugly scalp wound. Burns hurriedly drove away at the approach of the rescuers and made good his escape. The young girl presented a pitiful appearance when taken to a house not far distant. Her clothes were almost completely torn from her person, and her face and hands had been severely lacerated by the ruffian's nails.